

Analysis of charismatic leadership of Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah during the decade 1937-1947

1-

Introduction

"There is no power in the world than can undo Pakistan"

Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah emerged as a pivotal role in the creation of Pakistan. The decade of **1937-47** has marked as a political crises and struggle for the independence of separate nation. Leadership skills of Quaid-e-Azam unite all muslims in one frame, to make their identity and live with freedom. Quaid-e-Azam constituted an entire nation by his **relentless efforts** and consistent struggle, ultimately lead the creation of Pakistan. In this analysis, the charismatic leadership of Quaid-e-Azam, key events in critical decade **1937-1947** and leadership style of him, is described.

2-

Charismatic Leadership of Quaid-e-Azam

Jinnah's charismatic leadership played pivotal role for political landscape, with the following key skills:

- Charismatic Leadership)
- Exceptional Oratory Skills
 - Resilience and Determination
 - Strategic Vision.

(2.1)

Exceptional Oratory Skills helped him to unite Muslims in one frame

Jinnah's exceptional way of speeches helped him to communicate and deliver complex ideas with clarity. His motivational speeches made Muslims aware to own a separate nation.

"Muslim can not be unite unless they come in one frame"

Quaid-e-Azam
Muhammad Ali
Jinnah.

(2.2)

Resilience and Determination
was the key skills of
personality

Jinnah's aim to achieve trust
among muslims was deliberate. It was
his resilience and determination
which kept his feet stucked in
one goal to have seperate nation
for muslims.

"Work, work and
work harder"

Quaid-e-Azam | Muhammad
| Ali Jinnah.

(2.3)

Strategic Vision gives
him roadmap to get
a nation independent.

One of the key skill in his
personality "strategic vision"
gave him to a roadmap to
get an independent nation
for muslims.

"You are free, You
are free to go to
your temples"

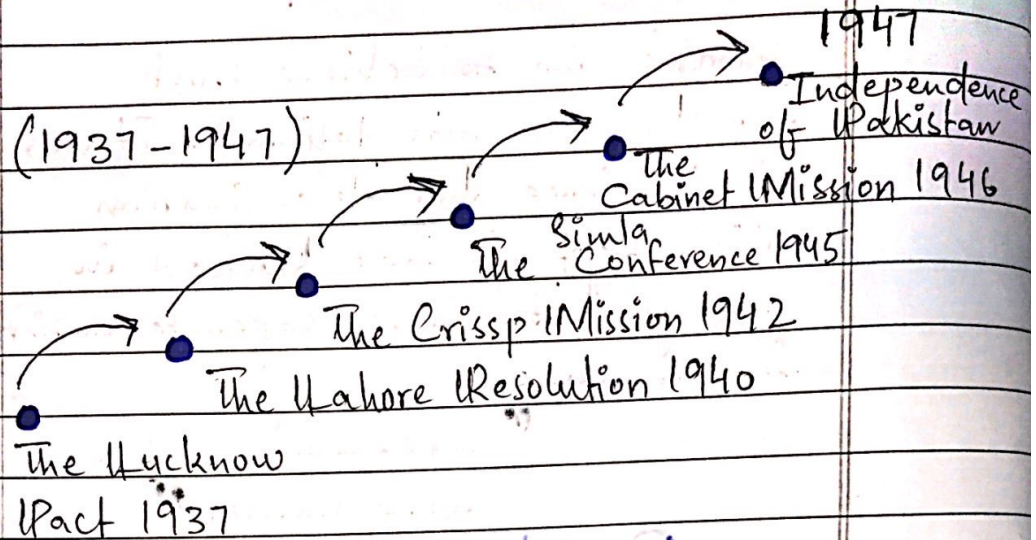
Quaid-e-Azam | Muhammad
| Ali Jinnah.

B-

Key Events of critical ridden

decade 1937-47

(Jinnah's contribution)



(3.1)

The Lucknow Pact 1937

The key event was **turning point** of Jinnah's political career. He converted his **AIML** from marginalized political party to mass movement. In this time, he got a title **Quaid-e-Azam**.

The meaning of
Quaid-e-Azam
is **Great Leader**

↓
FACT

(3.2)

The Lahore Resolution 1940

The Lahore Resolution was an event when he articulated regard on separate nation for Muslims. Before that his exceptional speeches had a widespread awareness among Muslims to get basic rights as citizens.

Trek to
Pakistan
(Book) ←

The Lahore Resolution consist 400 words and 4 short paragraphs.

(3.3)

The Crisp Mission 1942

It was British government's official proposal to ensure Indian's support during the World War II. He rejected that proposal by asserting, it is not meeting Muslims' concerns.

(3.4)

The Simla Conference 1945

This meeting held as post-war governance for negotiations to

political chaos, Jinnah kept on his relentless efforts of separate nation that showed resilience and determination. He was not ready to compromise his faith and struggle towards Pakistan.

(3.5) The Cabinet Mission 1946

After the failure of his event, he got privilege to be consistent on vision. He articulated a thought - that Muslims can not live in Indian nation.

(3.6) Independence of Pakistan 1947

After having years of devastating challenges, he got a separate nation of Muslim on 14th Aug 1947. His years of struggle, hardships, challenges gave Muslims a separate nation, a separate identity.

FACT



On 14th Aug 1947,
that was Islamic date
27th of Ramadan

4-

Conclusion

Jinnah's role as emerged as a significant character in political landscape. He showed his skills such as exceptional oratory skills, resilience and determination and strategic vision to get separate nation for Muslim. His endless efforts will remain as a incredible journey to future generation.