

اچھے طلبہ ہی کسی قوم کے حقیقی ستون ہوتے ہیں۔ وہ اپنے ملک کو عظیم اور مضبوط بنا سکتے ہیں۔ اگر وہ اپنی پڑھائی کو اچھے طریقے سے اور دل لگا کر پڑھتے ہیں تو وہ اپنے ملک کے لیے بہت اچھے ثابت ہو سکتے ہیں۔

اس طرح وہ اپنے ملک، والدین اور قوم کے لیے عزت کا باعث بن سکتے ہیں۔ ہر طالب علم کو چاہیے کہ وہ ایک مثالی طالب علم بنے۔ ایک مثالی طالب علم کو زیادہ علم حاصل کرنا پسند ہوتا ہے۔ وہ اپنے اساتذہ کا کہنا مانتا ہے۔ وہ ان پر اعتماد کرتا ہے۔ وہ باقاعدہ اور وقت کا پابند ہوتا ہے۔ وہ چیزوں کو سمجھنے کے لیے سخت محنت کرتا ہے۔ ایک مثالی طالب علم کھیلوں میں بھی حصہ لیتا ہے۔ وہ اپنی شخصیت کو نکھارنے کے لیے ہر ایک میدان میں بہتر طریقے سے کام کرتا ہے۔ ایک مثالی طالب علم صرف اچھی اور مفید کتابیں پڑھتا ہے۔ وہ گھٹیا اور گندہ مواد نہیں پڑھتا ہے۔ وہ اپنی ٹیکسٹ بکس کو اچھے طریقے سے پڑھتا ہے۔ اس کے علاوہ وہ اپنے علم میں اضافے کے لیے کچھ جنرل بکس بھی پڑھتا ہے۔ وہ کبھی بھی کتابی کیڑے کی طرح سلوک نہیں کرتا ہے۔ اسے سب چیزوں کے بارے میں پتہ ہوتا ہے۔ اسے معلوم ہوتا ہے کہ اس کے ارد گرد کیا ہو رہا ہے۔ وہ روزانہ اچھی اخبارات بھی پڑھتا ہے۔ ایک مثالی طالب علم نظم و ضبط کی اہمیت کے بارے میں بھی جانتا ہے۔ وہ کبھی بھی سٹرائیکس میں شامل نہیں ہوتا ہے۔

The good students are the only real pillars of the nation. They can make their country great and powerful. If they study efficiently and devotedly, then they can prove to be loyal to their country.

Through this they can become honour for their country, parents, and nation. Every student should have to become ideal and he loves to get higher education.

He uses to obey his teachers; he believes on them. He becomes punctual and regular. He works hard to understand the concepts. An

ideal student also takes part in sports. To construct his ^{good} personality, he ~~used~~ uses to take part on every ~~is~~ field / ground. An ideal student reads only good and beneficial books. He ^{does} not read crap and wrong data. He reads his text book deeply.

Besides that, to increase his knowledge he ~~also~~ uses to read some general books. He does not act like as the book worm. He has knowledge about all things. He knows that, what is happening around him? -

He also uses to study the good news papers daily. An ideal student also knows about the importance of discipline. He never participates in strikes.

astorism
Practice Exercise

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Speech is a great blessing, but it can also be a great curse, for while it helps us to make, our intentions and desires known to our fellows, it can also, if we use it carelessly, make our attitude completely misunderstood. A slip of the tongue, the use of unusual word, or of an ambiguous word, may create an enemy where we had hoped to win a friend. Again, different classes of people use different vocabularies, and the ordinary speech of an educated man may strike an uneducated listener as showing pride unwittingly we may use a word which bears a different meaning to our listeners from what it does to men of our own class, lightly without thought, but one which demands careful handling; only a fool will express himself alike to all kinds and conditions of men. Thus speech is

Title : "Speed : Blessing OR 'Curse'"

The writer mentioned the pros and cons of speech in the text. He mentioned that it helps to communicate, but its careless use may create enemies. There exist a difference in speech expression of an educated and un-educated. An educated demands careful handling of it while the fool will express himself alike to all kinds and conditions of men.

Total : 140

Preused : 59

37.
"Piecing together the story of human evolution is no easy task. The anthropologist Richard Leaky has identified four key steps in our evolution from the earliest hominid to modern humans. First, the occurrence of binedilism between 10 and 4 million years ago. Then the evolution of Homo, with its large brain and capacity to make stone tools -- the earliest examples of which are 2.5 million years old. Next, the evolution of Hemo erects almost 2 million years ago, followed by it migration out of Africa into Eurasia. And finally the appearance of modern human less than 150000 years ago."

"Through the 10 million years of human evolution, the Earth's climate has changed considerably. During the period that Michael Sarrnthies of Kie has the "Golden Era" -- up to 3 million years ago -- the world was much warmer than it is now. Then conditions started to deteriorate, and there was a gradual build-up of ice at the poles. Around 2.6 million years ago the climate became cyclical: ice ages characterized by huge ice sheets covering much of North American and northern Europe were followed by inter-glacial, when conditions were comparable to those we see today. Elizabeth Vrba of Yale University, one of the most vigorous

Different Arts of Writing

proponents of the idea of punctuated equilibrium, has shown that this change in the world's climate 2.6 million years ago had sudden and dramatic effects in Africa. A predominantly warm and moist climate was transformed into one which was colder and more arid." (Mark Maslin)

➤ **Questions**

① How did the climate become cyclical?

Ans. The Earth's climate became cyclical through considerable changes. During the "Golden Era" --- up to 3 million years ago --- it was much warmer than it is now. Then around 2.6 million years ago, the conditions started to deteriorate, and a gradual build-up of ice at poles. Huge ice sheets covered much of North America and northern Europe than today.

② Define the term "Golden Era"

Ans. Up to 3 million years ago, during the period that Michael Sarrathies of Kie has said to be "Golden Era". As during this era, the Earth's climatic conditions started to deteriorate, and there was a gradual build-up of ice at the poles.

③ Describe the various stages in the development of the human species.

Ans

According to the anthropologist Richard Leaky, there exist four steps in evolution from the earliest hominid to modern humans. First, the occurrence of bipedalism between 10 and 4 million years ago. Second, the evolution of Homo, with its large brain and capacity to make stone tools around 2.5 million years ago. Third, the evolution of Homo erectus almost 2 million years ago, and finally, the appearance of modern human less than 150,000 years ago.