

"New Warfronts lie in Economic Zones"

OUTLINE

1: Introduction

Economic competition, trade wars, and financial rivalries have become the new battlegrounds between nations to shatter and weaken them economically. This is a new norm which clearly indicates that new warfronts lie in economic zones. The focus is no longer solely on military conquest but on economic dominance.

2: An overview of economic zones

3: Manifestation of the fact that new war fronts lie in economic zones

3.1) Trade war among the rival countries
(Case in point: Ongoing trade war between the US and China)

3.2) Global power competition for economic infrastructure projects
(Case in point: China's BRI and the US B3W)

3.3) Competition for control of ocean resources and access to maintain trade routes
(Case in point: The US pivot to Asia policy, India's hegemonic

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(Case in point: The US pivot to Asia policy, India's hegemonic

designs in Indian
Ocean and China's
claim on South China
Sea)

3.4) Resource rich zones serving as catalyst
for violence and instability

(Case in point: Conflict in Syria fueled
in part by competition in
over gas and oil reserves)

3.5) Growing contention among rival economic
organizations for economic dominance

(Case in point: BRICS and EU)

3.6) Economic sanctions on rival countries
to suppress their economic growth

(Case in point: Sanctions imposed by the
US on Iran and North Korea)

3.7) Politicization of FATF by West to
wall off the rival economies

(Case in point: Putting Iran in FATF
block list)

4: Global implications of shift in warfronts

4.1) Disruption in global energy chains

(Case in point: Russia Ukraine War)

4.2) Rise in inflation and poverty in developing countries particularly

4.3) Environmental degradation as an unintended consequence

(Due to shift in means of energy production)

5: Way forward

6: Conclusion

Climate Change: Causes and Consequences

Brain Storm

Climate Change:

Causes

and

Consequences

- Natural Causes
 - Generating Power
Burning fossil fuels
 - Deforestation
 - Green house gases
CO₂, methane, NO₂
and fluorinated gases
 - Overpopulation
 - increasing livestock farming
 - Fertilizers containing nitrogen
 - Producing food
 - Using Transportation
 - Industrialization
- Melting of Glaciers
 - ^{Weather} Floods, droughts
Wild fires
 - High temperatures
 - Global Boiling
Environment
 - Sea level rises
• Floods
 - Ocean acidification
wild life disturbs
 - Agriculture
 - Reduced soil health
 - Food shortages
 - less predictable growing
Seasons
 - Human health
Worsening inequality
• Women

Outline

1: Introduction

(a) Hook

(b) General Statements

(c) Thesis Statements: There are several causes of climate change which includes natural causes, overpopulation, emission of green house gases, generating power by burning fossil fuels, Industrialization and deforestation. All these problems have drastic impacts on weather, environment, agriculture and humans.

2: Main Body:

A) Causes of Climate Change

2.1 Natural Causes

2.1.1 CO_2 , NO_2 and SO_2 present in atmosphere

2.1.2 Green house Effect

2.1.3 Volcanic eruptions, solar radiations, tectonic shifts

2.2 Generating Power

2.2.1 Burning fossil fuels

2.2.2 emission of green house gases
 CO_2 , NO_2

2.3 Overpopulation

2.3.1 Producing food, increasing live stock.

2.3.2 Over consumption

2.3.3 Transportation usage

2.3.4 Fertilizers containing nitrogen.

2.4 Industrialization

2.4.1 Manufacturing Goods

2.4.2 Deforestation

2.4.3 Air pollution

B) Consequences of Climate Change

2.1 Effect of Climate Change on Environment

2.1.1 Melting of Glaciers

2.1.2 Rising sea levels

2.1.3 Floods

2.1.4 Ocean Acidification

2.2 Effect of Climate Change on Weather

2.2.1 High Temperature, Global Boiling

2.2.2 Droughts

2.2.3 Wild Fires, loss of Habitat

2.3 Effect of Climate Change on Agriculture

2.3.1 Reduced Soil Health

2.3.2 Less predictable growth season

2.3.3 Food Shortage

2.4 Effect of Climate Change on Human

2.4.1 Human Health

2.4.2 Displacement

2.4.3 Worsening Inequality

3. Conclusion

THE ESSAY

Imagine a world where the last patch of ice at the North Pole melts away, not in the distant future but within our lifetime. As the polar bear's habitat vanishes, entire ecosystems collapse, and weather patterns become unpredictable, we are left to confront a stark reality; Climate change is not a distant problem but an urgent crisis unfolding right now. It is a global problem from which both developing and developed countries are struggling. There are several causes of climate change such as natural causes, overpopulation, emission of green house gases, generating power by burning fossil fuels, industrialization and deforestation. The profound effects of climate change on our planet includes the impacts on weather, environment, agriculture and human. For this problem, critical actions are needed to avert the most devastating outcomes.