

ESSAY

From Delay To Disaster : Consequences Of Procrastination

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(c) Delay in addressing the issues of separatist groups leads to instability

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(b) Lack of concentration in minimizing bureaucratic red-tape, compromising institutional performance.

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- (a) Delay in upgradation of curriculum is a hindrance in aligning with modern education.
- (b) Delay in making AI policy is threatening human rights.

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Productivity is the cornerstone of success in modern life, enabling individuals to achieve their desired goals. It is the will power of an individual that uplifts him from bottom to top. However, due to various obstacles in the way of productivity people cannot achieve their goals, and procrastination is one of them. It compromises performance of individuals that ultimately affect them to achieve their objectives. Additionally, repeated delaying leads to mental illness and devastating personal life. Poor time management leads to academic failure and low grades. Similarly, there are also consequences of delaying of all political parties to come on a same page that may lead to

political instability. Only conferences and summits do not tackle the climate change, it needs pragmatic solutions. Likewise, procrastination in solving territorial disputes fuels war. The development projects in pipeline causing hurdles in prosperity of nation. Delay in upgradation of curriculum is a hindrance in aligning with modern education. It is obvious that there are several consequences of procrastination including: on individual level, on political level, on global level, on administrative level, and on education and technology.

In addition, repeated delaying leads to mental illness and devastating personal life. Delay in consultation regarding problems

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leads to depression. Similarly, carrying personal issues with the time and not solving them increases tensions.

Delays not only in personal issues but also in other aspects of life affects mental health. For example, not solving inheritance issues, increases conflict among family members and it also affects on mental health.

In short, again and again delays affects mental health and destroys personal life.

Additionally, poor time management leads to academic failure and low grades. Time, once it gone, it will never come back. Similarly, giving more preference to extra curricular activities reduces educational performance. Lack of time management between extra curricular activities and

curricular activities leads to academic failure or low grades. For instance, spending more time in playing game rather than time management between games and studies will ultimately affect on grades.

Conclusively, lack of time management leads to academic failure and low grades.

Additionally, delaying in presence of all political parties on a same page leads to the political instability. Lack of negotiation among political parties is a hindrance to bring them on same page. Likewise, it also portrays negative image globally. It causes protests and violent protest that fuels political instability. For example, lack of understanding between Bashar al Asaad

and Free Syrian Army fuels political instability and in the end downfall of Assad's regime. In essence, absence of all political parties on a same page fuels political instability.

Likewise, procrastination in negotiation with protesters leads to anarchy. Negotiation is a best way to bring peace. ^{However,} ~~similarly~~, avoiding negotiations encourages anarchy. Delay in talks might exacerbates protesters' sentiment and they may become violent. For example, ex-Bangladesh PM, Haseena Wajid, delayed in negotiations with protesters, they became violent and ultimately Haseena Wajid opted to fled. She delayed negotiation that caused disaster for her. Conclusively, delay in negotiations with protesters leads to chaos.

Moreover, delay in addressing the issues of separatist groups leads to instability. These groups work on agenda of separation that means they want separate homelands. Similarly, neglecting these groups is not a solution. Avoidance in addressing these issues exacerbates their perspective. For example, Khalistan separatist movement in India, Modi is delaying to address the grievances of Sikhs and torturing them many mean but not negotiating with them that ultimately leads to instability. In short, procrastination in dealing with the issues of separatist groups leads to instability.

Additionally, only conferences and summits does not tackle climate change it needs

pragmatic solution. Climate change is becoming more threatening day-by-day. Likewise, procrastination in implementation of outcomes of conferences leads to deterioration of the globe. Introducing renewable energy projects and minimizing non-renewable projects is easy to say, but delay in implementation is toxic. For example, according to the report of UNEP 2023, only 16% sustainable development goals are achieved. Only 16% goals were achieved in eight years. This is due to procrastination in implementation of projects. In short, procrastination in dealing with climate change is not a solution.

In addition, delay in international projects lead towards penalties and sanctions. Completion of

international projects boost the economy. However, if these projects are not completed it will lead to sanctions or penalties. If the delay is due to geo-political pressure, it can be dealt with negotiations, not by placardization. For example, Iran-Pakistan Gas Pipeline, also known as peace pipeline, is a 2775 km natural gas project. It is not completed yet due delay because of geo-political pressure. It may lead to the penalties for Pakistan. Conclusively, placardization in international projects causes restrictions and fines.

In addition, placardization in solving territorial disputes fuels war. War occurs for the sake of resources. Similarly, by debates and speeches disputes are not solved. It

requires formal dialogue between conflicting parties. Otherwise it leads to the war. For example, territorial disputes between Pakistan and India on Kashmir and Sir Creek in Sindh, polarization is continues from Indian side that may fuel war again. In short, delay in solving territorial disputes boosts war.

Moreover, polarization in development projects causing hurdles in prosperity. Developmental projects is a core of economic prosperity. Similarly, if these projects are in pipeline it ultimately reduces the economic growth. Especially road infrastructure that connects one city to another must be completed regardless of polarization. For instance, polarization of

in completion of Sukkur Hyderabad motorway (M6) is creating hurdle for not only for transport sector but also for economic prosperity. Conclusively, delay in development projects is a hindrance in prosperity of a nation.

Additionally, lack of concentration ~~in~~ minimizing bureaucratic red-tape is compromising institutional performance. Red-tape is a hurdle in progress. Similarly, procrastination in processing of documents ultimately slow down the performance of department. Intentionally and unintentionally delays by ~~bureaucrat~~ ^{bureaucracy} is a denial of one window theory.

For example, if an investor come to invest but his documents are stuck in a bureaucratic red-

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tap would he invert? In short, procrastination through bureaucratic red tape compromises performance of state.

Furthermore, poor solid waste management is exacerbating environmental pollution. Inadequate waste management policies is polluting the environment. Likewise, delay in waste collection leads to floods in monsoon season. Poor management increases environmental pollution. For example, according to the report of National Disaster Management Authority Pakistan, in 2005, more than fifty people died due to urban flooding. The main reason of that urban flooding was choking of gutters. As a result, procrastination in solid waste management increases environmental pollution.

Additionally, delay in upgradation of curriculum is a hindrance in aligning with modern education. Updated curriculum is very crucial for students. Likewise, delay in upgradation due to financial issues and unavailability of highly qualified professionals. Without updated curriculum students cannot meet beat other students of modern world. For example, the curriculum of Sindh Board of Technical Education of DAE-Petroleum was last updated in 1998 and it is still continue. In short, procrastination in upgradation of curriculum is a barrier in aligning with modern education.

Moreover, delay in making artificial intelligence policy

Threatening human rights. AI is violating human rights. Similarly, by making unethical pictures and videos it threatens human's life. Procrastination in making AI policy gives leverage to the criminals crime. For instance, Gabon does not have any artificial intelligence policy, they are still working on it. This procrastination is a threat to the humanity. In short, procrastination is in making AI policy is a challenge for humanity.

In a nutshell, there are various impacts of delaying. For instance, individual, political, global, administrative and on education and technology. Procrastination erodes the way towards prosperity. Similarly, procrastination in negotiation with

procrastination leads to anarchy. Delay in addressing the issues of separatist leads to instability. Likewise, delay in international projects lead towards penalties and sanctions. Lack of concentration in minimizing bureaucratic red-tape compromises institutional performance. Moreover, poor solid waste management exacerbating environmental pollution. Delay in making artificial intelligence policy threatens humanity. Additionally

Additionally, procrastination should be avoided for the attainment of goals. An individual needs to come out of his comfort zone for the sake of himself and nation. Similarly, the fall of procrastination would be the fast rise of nation.