

# Gender Inequality in Pakistan.

## 1- Introduction:

### Thesis Statement:

"Gender inequality persists in Pakistan due to deep-rooted Patriarchy, economic disparities, and limited political representation, hindering national progress and social justice."

## 2. Social Aspects of gender Inequality in Pakistan:

(a) Perpetuating Patriarchy and cultural norms. (Deep-rooted traditions limit women's autonomy HRCP report 2023)

(b) Restricting Girls' Access to education (lower literacy and school dropout rates for girls UNESCO, 2022)

(c) Endangering Women Through Gender-Based Violence

( High rates of domestic violence and honor killings (Pakistan Demographic and Health Survey 2018) ④ Sup  
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(2d) Limiting Women's Health and Reproductive Rights. ④ Sup  
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( Restricted access to maternal health care and contraception WHO, 2021) ④ Sup  
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### ③ Undermining Women's Economic Participation :- ④ Sup Ric

(3a) Discriminating Against women in workplace ( wage gaps and fewer leadership roles world Economic Forum, 2023) ④ Sup  
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(3b) Excluding women from Economic opportunities. ④ Sup  
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( Female labor force participation below 8% (Pakistan Economic Survey, 2022) ④ Sup  
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(3c) Restricting Women's Access to Financial Resources- ( limited credit and business opportunities (world Bank, 2021) ④ Sup  
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(3d) Burdening Women with Unpaid Care work ( Household ⑤

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responsibilities limit economic engagement (ILO 2022)

④ Suppressing Women's Political Representation.

④a) marginalizing women in Political leadership (less than 20% of parliamentary seats held by women ECP, 2023).

④b) Weakening gender equality laws and policies (poor implementation of protective legislation HRCP, 2022)

Outline is organised and well structured

④c) Discouraging women from leadership roles (cultural biases restrict women's political power UNDP, 2021)

④d) Obstructing women's Electoral participation (restrictions on voting and candidacy (Aurat Foundation 2020).

⑤ Addressing Gender Inequality in Pakistan:-

⑤a) Reforming laws and strengthening

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Policies - Enforcing gender equality laws (CEDAW Report, 2022)

⑤b) Raising Awareness Through Education (Integrating gender-sensitive curricula (UNESCO 2023))

⑤c) Expanding Economic Opportunities for women (Enhancing job access and financial inclusion (World Bank 2022))

⑤d) Encouraging women's political Empowerment (Ensuring gender quotas in leadership (Ecp, 2023))

⑥ Conclusion:

U have the ability to write more meaningful