

Polarized Politics: Issues and challenges of democracy in Pakistan

Outline

well organized

relevant

clear keep it up

01. Introduction

1.1 Hook

1.2 Background

1.3 Thesis statement

02. What are the Polarized Politics issues of democracy in Pakistan

2.1 Local government remains weak due to continuous political tussles.

2.2 Urban Planning remains unstable as cities change priorities with each government shift.

2.3 The electoral system remains unreformed to block negotiations.

2.4 Leadership prioritizes political victory over national welfare. Policies become reactionary rather than development.

2.5 Polarization led to frequent protests inside parliament, boycotts of sessions, and refusal to pass legislation.

2.6 Polarized Political actors relied on non-democratic institutions - often seeking external support against rivals.

2.7 Ordinary citizens became divided into rigid camps.

in a nutshell

03. What are the Polarized Politics challenges of democracy in Pakistan

- 3.1 Investors withdraw due to political clashes economic instability limits the state's ability to deliver democratic benefits.
- 3.2 Democratic Participation turns into aggressive street activism.
- 3.3 Polarization blocks cooperation between federation and Provinces run by rival parties.
- 3.4 Democratic consolidation is hindered when the armed forces exert political influence.
- 3.5 Rival camps block education, health and welfare reforms.
- 3.6 Bureaucracy becomes politicised with appointments and transfers based on loyalty rather than merit.
- 3.7 Polarized competition prioritizes partisan gain over national planning, destabilizing governance.

4. Conclusion.