

Gender Equality Is A Myth

Outlines

1-Introduction

1.1- Hook

1.2- General Discussion

1.3- Thesis

2-① Why Gender Equality Is A Myth? Donot raise a question

2.1- Women And Education

Case study (Pakistan social standard and living survey 2024) indicates that 71% literacy rate of men and 48% is of women)

2.2- Gender And Technology No need to add whole of case study (world bank gender and digital participation survey 2025 indicates that 12% women in rural areas of Pakistan have access to technology)

2.3- Gender And Health

Example (According to WHO 2023)

~~females out of 100000 die during child birth)~~ **Make a phrase**

~~Donor build as heading~~

2.4- Gender And Harassment

~~Case study (Pew research tells that~~

~~1 out of 5 women faces online harassment)~~

2.5- Gender And Early Marriages

~~Case study (World bank reports~~

~~that 10 million girls marry before 18)~~

2.6- Gender And Sexual Abuse

~~Case study (Motorway gang rape~~

~~(case 2020)~~

2.7- Gender And Politics

~~Example: (Pakistan nationally~~

~~assembly has 20% reserved seats~~

~~for women while through direct~~

~~election there is also minimal participation~~

~~of females)~~

2.8- Gender And Honour killing

~~Case study (Qandeel Baloch~~

~~honour killing case and Balochistan~~

~~honour killing case 2025)~~

2.9- Gender And Culture

Make points like

DATE: _____

More recruitment of men in technical side than of women

~~Case study~~ / Mujeeb Ali in his article in tribune tells he met a family whose daughter was facing clash with in laws due to dowry

2.10- Gender And Poverty

Case study (International Labour

~~organisation~~ indicates that women earn only 80 cent of one dollar of men)

2.11- Gender And Opportunities

Case study (In Afghanistan females are ~~not~~ allowed to go to work)

2.12- Gender And Climate

Case study (According to Oxfam in cyclone Sidr (2007) most of the women suffered)

2.13- Gender And Sports

Example (UNESCO highlights that in 2023 females athletes only got 4% of global coverage)

2.14- Gender And Property

Case study (World bank indicates only 20% women across the world are ~~too~~ landholders)

3 conclusion

The Essay

Gender inequality is not only an issue of women alone but it is an issue of all because gender inequality affects various sectors of the state. Women even in the modern era are not enjoying equal rights. They are far behind in every aspect of life. Very talented females remain in the houses due to restrictions. There are some reasons which support that gender inequality is present in society. These are unequal opportunities in education, technology, health, politics and property while others are harassment, early marriage, sexual abuse, honour killing, cultural traditions, poverty, hazardous climatic effects, A number of

and minimal representation in sports. Hence, gender equality is a myth.

There are some solid arguments given below which indicate that gender equality is a myth.

Firstly, women have unequal opportunities of education. Females face issues of expenses and distance. Similarly, in patriarchial society girls are not allowed to get education even to secondary level. For example, according to Pakistan social standard and living survey 2024 literacy rate of females is only 48% while literacy rate of males is 71%. Hence, women are not enjoying equal rights of education.

Secondly, there exists a gender gap in the field of technology as well. Women in

Donot add first or secondly

rural areas do not have laptops computers and mobile phones. They are unable to use modern technology and equipments.

For instance according to world bank gender and digital participation survey, ~~2005~~ only 12% women in rural areas of Pakistan have access to modern technology.

So, women do not have idea of modern and advance

technology

Thirdly, gender inequality is present in health sector also.

Obviously a lady has to give birth to a children to grow a nation. young mothers are at risk of maternal death. Moreover, females death is also common due to post partum complications.

For instance world health organisation reports that

It should come before the concluding sentence

223 females out of 1000,00 die during child birth. Thus, women are more vulnerable to mortality than men.

Fourthly, women are mostly victim of harassment. Harassment can be physically or verbally or online. Young female workers in offices face harassment from male colleagues. Similarly, during travelling in public transport, harassment is the foremost issue which is faced by university female students. Furthermore, Pew research tells that 1 out of 5 women faces online harassment. Hence, females are being harassed more than males in society.

Moreover, women also face issue of early marriages. Early marriages means to get married ^{at} early age like

fourteen and fifteen years. In patriarchal society daughters are considered as burden and it is considered easy to send them to next home. Early marriages are increasing day by day. For instance world bank reports that 19 million girls marry before 18 years. So, young girls get married at early ages than boys.

Furthermore, females also have become victims of sexual abuse. Sexual abuse means unwillingly and forcefully intercourse with a girl. Similarly cases of rapes are reported in large number every day. Women can experience issue of rape everywhere ~~any~~ at anytime at workplace and at home as well. For example a lady was travelling from Sialkot to

Lahore via motorway back in 2020 and unfortunately she was raped by a gang. Hence, girls experience more sexual abuse than boys.

In addition ~~⑥~~ there is also gender inequality in politics. Through political activities one can change fate of society by making effective policies. But women do not have equal opportunities in politics as compare to men. Females politicians are unable to form policies of nation. For instance national assembly of Pakistan has only 20% reserved seats for women and through election there is also minimal participation of female candidates. So, females do not have equal political rights as that of male politicians.

Furthermore, females

are also victim of honour killing. Honour killing means that murder of a woman by father, brother and relatives only because she fulfills her desires. Girls are not allowed to choose their life partners. Similarly women are not allowed to live their lives according to their own will.

For example, Qandeel Baloch was shot by her brother because she started acting. Similarly, a honour killing case was reported in Balochistan of a couple. Hence, honour killing is only a reaction against girls.

Moreover, gender gap also exists in culture. Cultural traditions and norms are only restricted to patriarchy. Females have to give up many wishes due to cultural restrictions. This culture hampers the growth of

family in society. For instance writer Mujeeb Ullah in his article in Express Tribune published on 2 November 2025, tells that he met a family in a village. The elder daughter was sent to her home back because she did not take luxury dowry for his in-laws. So, gender disparity is present in culture as well.

Besides these, gender gap is also present in poverty. Poverty is having less resources to enjoy a good life. Women are poor across the world, because they become ready to do jobs even at low wages. Females in industrial units work for long hours than males but in return they are paid less. For example according to International Labour Organisation women in the world only earn

80 cent of every dollar earned by a man. Thus, women are poor than men.

Additionally, females do not enjoy equal opportunities in every aspect of life. Women cannot go to even vocational institutes. They cannot contribute to the economy and welfare of the community. For example in Afghanistan, Taliban government does not allow females to go to work and even to drive cars as well. On the contrary, males in Afghanistan are enjoying more liberty. They can take part in every social and political activity. Hence, both genders do not enjoy equal opportunities to uplift their standards of living.

In addition, women suffer more from climate change than men. Climate change results

into floods and cyclones. Women feel difficulties due to natural phenomena of menstrual cycle and pregnancy. During floods in camps women face problems in maintaining hygiene. For example a study given by oxfam indicates that most of the women suffered during cyclone sidr 2007. On the whole climate change affects females more than males.

Further, gender disparity also exists in field of sports as well. Females are not encouraged to play footballs and hockey. Similarly they are also not allowed to participate at national and international sports competition.

For instance UNESCO highlights in 2023 females only got 4% of the total global sports coverage. Hence, women are not encouraged to participate.

In extra co-curriculum activities and sports.

Last but not least, daughters have not equal rights to hold lands. ~~parpatriarchial~~ society allows only boys to have property. Girls are not given even their wealth from father's property. Women make a large amount of population of the world but are unable to have their own homes. For instance according to world bank only 20% of the females across the world are the landholders. In a short, property is not holded by both genders equally.

In a nutshell, gender equality is a myth. Because females do not have equal opportunities of ~~education~~, technology, health, politics, sports

and property. Moreover, women are more prone to harassment, honour killing, sexual abuse, cultural restrictions, poverty, unequal opportunities to work and climate change. So, women are not enjoying equal status to that of men and it is true. **And it can be concluded that** gender equality is a myth.

**Write one reference in each idea
before concluding sentence
Work on punctuation**