

Indent the paragraph.

First sentence is grammatically incomplete (verb is missing)

Homi K. Bhabha a famous Scholar, deep concept of nationalism, nations lose their origin after the time and outlook the situation in the mind's eye, then describe complex definition of national identity. Ancient ~~Philosophers~~ ^{Avoid cutting} Nations ^{Nations are built} build through history, ethnicity and ^{regions} regions, which often hide the real origin. Ancient Philosophers think in result of national identities become rigid and against humanism. Thinker said humanism is unhelp and others believe ^{it is} it's the bridge between culture. Al-Ghazali ^{refers} refer to equality, promote local identity and reject narrow nationalism and maintain cultural ^e Exchange. And maintain balance in one Land with Justice for all with national identity. After Comparison of Both, Bhabha's work how identities are created and how humanity works in narrow interest environment. Nationalism of ~~ten~~ narrow perspective that pressed patriotism and creativity. Nationalism had dual impact, now nations are aware to grow with social equality. German geographer to do a silent request

Step-2 (Reorganization of the points of step-1)

about the violence in Palestine and Bosnian. Iqbal describe democracy hide the imperialism, and warned blind nationalism raise dictatorship and reduce the patriotism for the Land. Powerful nations dominate, while weak nations pride on territorial integrity. Imperialism raise Nationalism, people leave to struggle for self determination.

Too long. Poor grammar and structure.
Spelling errors. Rewrite it.

Suitable Titles

1. Philosophical Notation on Nationalism And Humanism
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____