

Topic Sentences:

- Political Instability
- Climate Change
- Educational Backwardness
- Export

Political instability is one of the persistent and challenging issues. The consistent threat to the nation's sovereignty. since the establishment of the country, both civilian and military dictators have sabotaged the primary edifice of the country. It is clear evidence that neither the military nor the government are completed their five years tenure. till date. Moreover, strong interference by the military establishment has further aggravated the situation. It is evidence therefore that the military has ruled the country for around 30 years. The military establishment has ruled the country while ignoring civilian & government. This has not only affected the governmental structure of the country but also pushed the country into a state of moribund economic chase. Hence, political stability must be prioritized in order to achieve economic stability and growth.

Furthermore, climate change poses a serious threat to Pakistan's long-term growth and development. Every year, drastic changes in temperature, scorching heat, severe heat waves, and continuous floods have jeopardized the livelihood of Pakistan's masses. For example, according to the United Nations Environmental Programme (UNEP), Pakistan has suffered \$58 billion in losses in the floods of 2010, and 22. Furthermore, population displacement, infrastructural losses and loss of biodiversity are the consequences of climate change.

Despite contributing less than 1% to the global carbon emission, Pakistan ranks among the top ten climate-vulnerable countries in the world. However, it has not affected the weather patterns of the country but also hampered the agriculture sector of the country. Therefore, Pakistan is urgently needs to equip itself with huge impact of climate change to avoid more destruction.

Moreover, education is also a ~~big~~ challenge for Pakistan's long-term development. Education is considered the backbone of economic development for both developed and developing countries.

However, Pakistan's educational backwardness has further pushed the country into a state of ~~mendity~~ economic and social

crises. According to Dawn, over 26 million children are out of school, among 57% of them are girls. This highlights Pakistan's educational backwardness despite having countless natural resources.

Furthermore, according to the World Bank, Pakistan's 60% of population lies between the age of 15 to 30, however, lack of economic opportunities, over Seven-hundred-thousand people have left the country every year. Most of these emigrants

are skillful workers such as doctors, IT experts, accountants and among others.

Hence, prioritizing education an important strategy to reboot the entire economy of the country.

last, but not the least, as fragile export sector also causes socio-economic underdevelopment. Robust export sector is ensured inclusive economic growth and prosperity. However, Pakistan's export sector is more vulnerable compared to other regional countries. For example, Pakistan's export to GDP ratio less than 10% while India 21% and Bangladesh 16%, according to the Bureau Statistics of Pakistan. Moreover, it not only welcome the export sector of the country but also compell the country acquire more and more loan. Hence, export diversification one of the basic prerequisites for Pakistan's economic development.

Recommendation:

good paragraph g please proceed for outline

Sir, have I written the paragraph correctly, and should I now proceed to outline making?