

DATE: ___/___/___

2016 ESSAY TOPIC

FRILITY, THY NAME IS WOMAN

OUTLINE

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1) Hook statement: When Malala Yousafzai survived the assassin's bullet and stood before the United Nations to advocate for girls education, she shattered the centuries old stereotype that women are fragile beings. Her story questions the notion captured by Shakespeare: "Frility, thy name is woman."

1.2) General statement.

1.3) Thesis statement: While history and literature portrays women as symbol of weakness, reality demonstrates that women is a symbol of courage, resilience and strength equal to, or greater than, men.

2. MAIN BODY

2.1- Why Women are Considered Frail.

2.1.1- Literary Reason

Women are portrayed delicate in literature.

2.1.2- Biological Reason

Physical differences and lesser muscular strength are often exaggerated as symbol of weakness.

2.1.3- Social Reason

Patriarchal mindset of society is pushing women to subservient Role.

2.1.4- Cultural and Religious misinterpretation

Cultural and religious misinterpretation reinforcing stereotypes.

2.2- Women's Reality of Strength

2.2.1- Women's Role in Politics

Women played a crucial role in politics.

Example: Fatima Jinnah, Begum Rana Liaquat Ali Khan, Benazir Bhutto and Maryam Nawaz.

2.2.2- Women as Administrators and bureaucrats

Women in civil services showing

competence, policy making and decision making skills.

Example: Maleeha Lodhi, ASP Shehel Bano Naqvi

2.2.3. Women in Literature

Women using the power of words to make a name

Example: Helen Keller, Parveen Shakir, Umera Ahmed.

2.2.4. Women in Science

Women are proving themselves in field of Research and Inventions.

Example: Marie Curie, Dr. Shamsad Akhtal

2.2.5. Women in Sports

Women going beyond in the field.

Example: Sana Mir, Sania Mirza and Serena Williams.

2.2.6. Women in Armed Forces

Women are working ~~with~~ ^{alongside} men in armed forces

Example: Lt. General Nigal Johar, Maryam Mukhtal and Shahida Malik

2.2.7. Women in Judiciary

Women played a crucial in judiciary and law interpretation areas, traditionally dominated by men

Example: Justice Ayesha Malik and Justice Tahirah Safdar.

3. WAY FORWARD

- 3.1 By providing education and awareness
- 3.2 By breaking the gender stereotypes
- 3.3 By breaking silence on biased attitudes
- 3.4 By encouraging Men's role in supporting women around them.
- 3.5 By helping marginalized women become financially independent.

4. Conclusion

- 4.1 Thesis restated