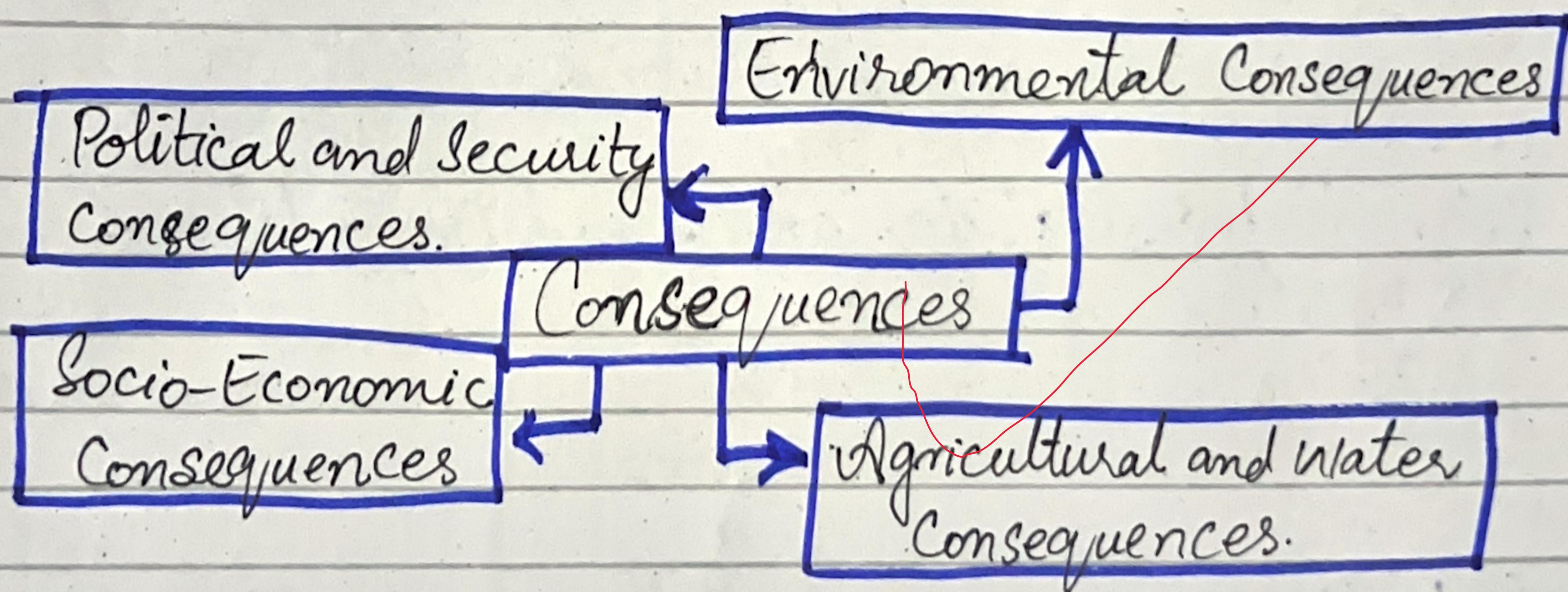
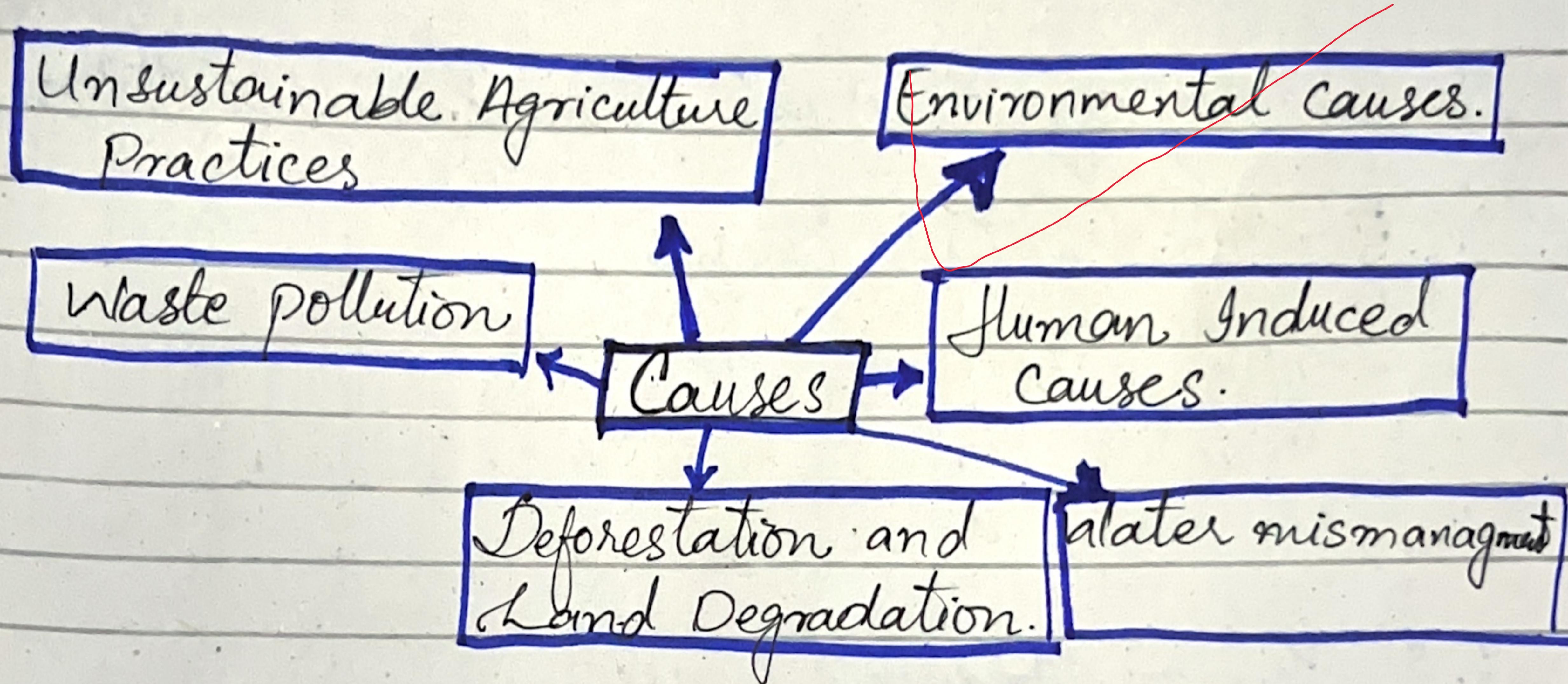


1st Assignment Essay Marin Khan

Climate change in Pakistan Causes and consequences.

Brainstorming

Climate change in Pakistan.



Outline

General suggestions
Your points are fine big try to write only relevant points in your subheadings
Further while writing essay, make sure to bring coherence in your essay
While writing hook, properly integrate the quote so that it seems to be. Part of it...

1. Introduction

- 1.1. Attention Grabber
- 1.2. General Statement.
- 1.3. Thesis Statement.

2. Main Body

A. Causes of Climate Change in Pakistan

2.1. Environmental Causes

- 2.1.1. Geographical Location.
- 2.1.2. Glacial Melting.
- 2.1.3. Variation in Solar Radiation.
- 2.1.4. Monsoon Variability.

2.2. Human-Induced Causes

- 2.2.1. Industrial Pollution
- 2.2.2. Vehicle Emissions
- 2.2.3. Greenhouse Gas Emissions.
- 2.2.4. Traffic congestion

2.3. Deforestation and Land Degradation.

- 2.3.1. Illegal Logging.
- 2.3.2. Urban Expansion
- 2.3.3. Agricultural Expansion.

2.4. Unsustainable Agricultural Practices

- 2.4.1. Overuse of Chemical Fertilizers
- 2.4.2. Poor Irrigation System.
- 2.4.3. Livestock Emissions.

How livestock emissions are linked with unsustainable agriculture practices??

It's a separate point

2.5. Water Mismanagement

- 2.5.1. Glacier Melting leading to flooding.
- 2.5.2. Wasted Rainwater.

2.6. Waste Mismanagement

- 2.6.1. Open Burning of Waste.
- 2.6.2. Plastic Pollution.
- 2.6.3. Industrial Waste Pollution.

B. Consequences of Climate change in Pakistan.

3.1. Environmental Consequences

- 3.1.1. Rising Temperature
- 3.1.2. Glacial Melting.
- 3.1.3. Unpredictable Rainfall
- 3.1.4. Increase Natural Disasters
- 3.1.5. Desertification
- 3.1.6. Air Pollution.

3.2. Agricultural and Water Consequences

- 3.2.1. Reduced Crop Yields.
- 3.2.2. Soil Degradation.
- 3.2.3. Water Scarcity
- 3.2.4. Livestock Losses

3.3. Socio-Economic Consequences

- 3.3.1. Health Issues.
- 3.3.2. Climate-Induced Migration.
- 3.3.3. Economic losses
- 3.3.4. Urban challenges

3.4. Political and Security Consequences

3.4.1. Food Shortage

3.4.2. Water Conflicts.

3.4.3. Increased Poverty.

4. Conclusion

4.1. Recap Points

4.2. Immediate actions

4.3. Hopeful future.

The Essay

"What we are doing to the forests of the world is but a mirror reflection of what we are doing to ourselves and to our children." (Mahatma Gandhi). Climate change is no longer a distant threat; it is a harsh reality reshaping the world, and Pakistan stands among the most vulnerable nations. Despite contributing less than 1% to global greenhouse gas emissions, the country faces devastating consequences, including rising temperatures, glacial melting, erratic monsoons, and increased natural disasters. Pakistan's geographical location, heavy dependence on agriculture, and rapid urbanization make it highly susceptible to climate-induced catastrophes. From deadly heatwaves in urban centers to flash floods and prolonged droughts in rural areas, the effects of climate change are crippling livelihoods, threatening food security and straining water resources. Additionally, the economic burden of climate-related disasters continues to rise, pushing vulnerable communities further into poverty. Unchecked deforestation, fossil fuel dependence, and poor environmental policies have accelerated this crisis, demanding immediate intervention. The need for climate-resilient infrastructure, sustainable energy solutions, and effective policy implementation has never been greater. If Pakistan fails to act now, the consequences will be irreversible, endangering

future generations and the country's overall stability. Climate change is not just an environmental issue - it is a national emergency. A prominent environmental writer Wendell Berry says "The earth is what we all have in common."