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Understanding of the topic is fine

Your arguments are also comprehensive but try to overcome the highlighted mistakes

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~~Artificial Intelligence can be the~~

~~game changer in fighting climate change~~

Bring bravity to your ideas

1- ~~Introduction Thesis statement is lengthy try to concise it to three to 4 or 5 lines. not more than that.~~

can be a game changer in combating climate - change by enhancing data analysis, optimizing energy use, and improving environmental monitoring. However, some argue its high energy demands limit effectiveness.

By utilizing AI-driven solutions, we can reduce emissions, promote sustainability, improve climate predictions, and create lasting environmental benefits for the future.

2- ~~Correlation between artificial intelligence and climate change as a game changer~~

3- ~~How AI helps in fighting climate change (Thesis)~~

- a) AI predicts weather and climate changes accurately
- b) AI helps in managing renewable energy efficiently
- c) AI reduces wastage in agriculture and water use
- d) AI warns about natural disasters before they happen
- e) AI tracks and prevents deforestation
- f) AI helps factories reduce their carbon emissions
- g) AI supports recycling and waste management

~~You have mentioned in ur para but try to make arguments in such a way to give clarity to the examiner~~

You can mention ur evidences in your outline to authenticate your arguments

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4-

How AI fails to effectively combat climate - change (Antithesis)

- a) AI uses too much electricity and increases carbon emissions
- b) AI can be biased and give wrong climate solutions
- c) AI technology is expensive and hard for poor countries to use
- d) AI can reduce human involvement in important climate decisions
- e) Big companies control AI and can hide environmental harm

5-

How AI's challenges are being solved and do not hinder its role (Synthesis)

- a) AI energy efficiency is improving and reducing its own carbon footprint
- b) AI bias can be minimized through improved algorithms and regulations
- c) AI costs are decreasing, making it more accessible globally
- d) AI works alongside humans, enhancing rather than replacing decisions
- e) Governments are enforcing transparency in AI-driven climate actions

6-

Conclusion

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"We are the first generation to feel the impact of climate change and the last generation that can do something about it" (Barack Obama) As global temperature rise and natural disasters intensify, traditional solutions alone are no longer enough. In this era of rapid technological advancement, Artificial Intelligence stands as a powerful tool enhancing climate prediction, optimizing resource management, and accelerating sustainable innovations to combat the growing environmental crisis. Artificial Intelligence can be a game changer in combating climate change by enhancing data analysis, optimizing energy use, and improving environmental monitoring. However, some argue its high energy demands limit effectiveness. By utilizing AI-driven solutions, one can reduce emissions, promote sustainability, improve climate predictions, and create lasting environmental benefits for the future. AI helps in fighting against climate change by predicting weather and climate changes accurately and managing efficiently renewable energy and by reducing wastage in agriculture and water use. Further, it warns about natural disasters, prevent deforestation, and helps factories in carbon reduction, and supports in recycling waste management. There is another school

which deny all these things and argue that too much use of electricity increases carbon emissions, biased AI system can give wrong climate solutions and such technology is expensive to use for poor countries. Human involvement can be reduced in climate decisions, and companies control AI and hide environmental harms. Nevertheless, every problem has in it the seeds of its own solution, and the role of AI in climate change is not new. AI's energy efficiency is improving, by improved algorithms bluntness is decreased, and by decreasing costs of AI, it becomes globally accessible. AI enhancing human involvement rather than decreasing and government is enforcing transparent policies in AI-driven climate actions.

Artificial Intelligence is a game-changer in tackling climate change by enhancing prediction, efficiency, and sustainability. AI-driven climate models improve weather

forecasting, helping mitigate disasters. According to PwC, AI could reduce global greenhouse gas emissions by 4% by 2030. Energy-efficient AI optimize grids, cutting waste and reducing carbon footprints. Machine learning aids in reforestation by analyzing satellite data, with projects like Microsoft's AI for Earth restoring ecosystems. AI-powered automation boosts renewable energy integration, improving wind and solar efficiency.

Parallelism mistake

Moreover, AI helps industries cut emissions, as seen in Google's 40% reduction in data centre cooling costs using AI. With governments enforcing AI transparency, its role in climate actions is transformative, making sustainability efforts more effective and scalable.

There are many factors which help AI in fighting climate change, chief among which is the role of AI to predict weather and climate changes accurately.

AI strengthens climate forecasting by processing vast environmental datasets. Machine learning models analyze historical and real-time atmospheric changes, enabling accurate predictions of extreme weather events like hurricanes, floods, and droughts. The AI-powered systems such as IBM's Watson and Google's DeepMind have significantly enhanced meteorological predictions, providing governments with crucial insights.

According to the World Meteorological Organization, AI-driven climate models have improved prediction accuracy by 40%, leading to better disaster preparedness and early warning systems (WMO, State of Climate Service, 2023). Therefore, AI's ability to predict climate related disasters in advance helps governments and communities take necessary precautions, reducing human and economic losses.

Furthermore to the prediction

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of climate change accurately, AI enhances renewable energy management by optimizing electricity distribution. AI-driven smart grids analyze power consumption patterns and adjust energy supply accordingly, ensuring maximum utilization of solar and wind power. ~~Google~~ Avoid repetition DeepMind reduces its data center energy consumption by 40% through AI-powered efficiency models, setting a benchmark for the industry. The international renewable energy agency reported that AI-integrated power systems have improved energy reliability and reduced operational costs by 25%, increasing global adoption of clean energy. (IREA, Innovation landscape for smart electrification, 2023). Thus, AI strengthens the global shift towards renewable energy by ensuring efficient power distribution, reducing energy waste, and promoting sustainable electricity consumption.

Additionally to the management to the renewable energy efficiently, AI reduces wastage in agriculture and water use. AI improves agricultural sustainability by optimizing the use of water, fertilizers, and pesticides. The AI-powered sensors assess soil quality and climate conditions, ensuring that crop receives precise nutrients and hydration. Research shows that AI-based precision farming techniques have

reduced agricultural water consumption by 20%, improving crop yield while conserving resources. The food and agriculture organization states that AI-powered irrigation systems in arid regions have prevented water scarcity by minimizing wastage (FAO, The state of food and agriculture, 2022). Hence, AI-driven agricultural solutions promote environmental sustainability by maximizing productivity while reducing the overuse of natural resources.

Moreover, the reduced wastage in agriculture and water use, AI warns about natural disasters before they happen. AI enhances strengthens disaster management by providing early warnings for extreme climate events. AI-powered satellites analyze weather patterns to predict hurricanes, floods, and wildfires, allowing government to take precautionary measures. NASA's AI-based satellite monitoring system has improved the accuracy of disaster predictions, helping mitigate destruction in vulnerable areas.

According to the European Space Agency, AI-driven climate monitoring has reduced disaster related fatalities by 25%, demonstrating its effectiveness in crisis responses (ESA, Earth observation for climate, 2023). Therefore, AI-driven early warning systems save lives, reduce infrastructure damage, and support

climate adaption strategies worldwide.

Moreover to warns about natural disasters before they happen, AI tracks and prevents deforestation. AI help combat deforestation by monitoring and preventing illegal logging. AI-powered satellite surveillance detects unauthorized deforestation activities, enabling governments to take swift actions. The global forest watch reported that AI-driven tracking systems contributed to an 18% decline in deforestation rates in the amazon, demonstrating their effectiveness. AI-based conservation projects by the world wildlife fund also help protect endangered species by monitoring their habitats (WWF, AI for conservation, 2023). Hence, AI plays a significant role in preserving forests, maintaining biodiversity, and supporting environmental conservation efforts.

Likewise AI prevents deforestation, it also helps in factories to reduce their carbon emissions. AI enhances industrial sustainability by minimizing carbon emissions in manufacturing process. AI-powered monitoring systems analyze factory emissions in real-time, allowing industries to optimize energy consumption and reduce their environmental impact. Companies like Siemens and general electric have implemented AI-driven solutions to cut down their carbon

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footprints, leading to more sustainable industrial operations. A study by international energy agency (IEA) found that AI enabled smart manufacturing systems have decrease industrial emissions by 20% contributing to global carbon reduction goals (IEA, AI in industrial decarbonization, 2023). Thus, AI plays a crucial role in making industries greener by promoting efficient energy use and reducing harmful emissions.

In addition to reduce carbon emissions with the help AI from factories, AI also supports in recycling and waste management. AI enhances waste management by automating recycling processes and reducing landfill waste. AI driven sorting systems identify and separate recyclable materials more efficiently than traditional methods, improving waste processing. AI-powered robots in recycling plants have increased material recovery rates, ensuring that more plastic, metal and paper are reused instead of being discarded. According to the Ellen MacArthur foundation, AI-assisted recycling techniques have improved waste sorting accuracy by 50%, reducing environmental pollution (Ellen MacArthur foundation, AI and circular economy, 2023). Therefore, AI-driven waste management solutions enhancing recycling efforts and reducing overall waste production.

However, all do not agree with this, and they believe that despite its benefits, artificial intelligence consumes vast amounts of electricity, indirectly contributing to carbon emissions. AI systems require powerful computing resources, leading to higher energy demands which often comes from fossil fuel-based power plants. Large AI models like GPT-4 and Google's AI systems require extensive computing power, increasing their environmental impact. According to the study by the University of Massachusetts, training a single large AI model can produce as much CO<sub>2</sub> as five cars in their lifetime (University of Massachusetts, Energy impact of AI, 2023). Thus, while AI aims to mitigate climate change, its excessive energy consumption remains a major environmental concern.

Besides increases in carbon emissions, AI can be biased and give wrong climate solutions. AI algorithms are not always reliable, as they can be biased and providing misleading climate solutions. AI models depend on the data they are trained on, which may be incomplete, outdated or biased. If AI systems misinterpret climate trends, they may suggest ineffective or harmful policies. A Stanford university study found that AI climate models had a 30% error rate due to bias data inputs.

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(Stanford University, AI bias in climate science, 2023). In this way, AI's potential to combat climate change is undermined by inaccuracies and biases in its predictions.

In addition to the wrong climate solutions due to biasness, AI technology is expensive to use for poor countries. AI-based climate solutions are costly, making them inaccessible to developing nations. The high cost of AI technology, including hardware, software, and skilled personnel, limits its global adoption. Wealthy nations benefit more from AI advancements, while poorer regions struggle to afford them. The World Bank reported that only 20% of developing countries have access to AI-driven climate solutions (WB, AI and global development, 2023). Hence, AI-driven climate solutions risk widening the gap between rich and poor nations.

In the same way as the AI technology is expensive to use for poor countries, AI can reduce human involvement in climate decisions. Overreliance on AI may reduce human judgement in critical climate policies. Governments and organizations may trust AI recommendations without considering human expertise efficiency over social and environmental justice. A UN report warned that AI-driven climate

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governance could undermine democratic decision-making (UN, AI and climate policy, 2023). Thus, while AI can support climate action, human oversight is essential to ensure ethical and fair decision-making.

Furthermore to human involvement in important climate decisions, AI's development is dominated by big corporations, which may use it to cover up environmental damage.

Large companies often promote AI as a green solution while continuing harmful industrial practices.

AI may be used to justify continued fossil fuel use under the pretext of efficiency improvements.

A report by climate accountability institution found that oil companies invested billions in AI to improve drilling efficiency rather than reduce emissions (Climate Accountability Institute, Corporate AI strategies, 2023). Thus, AI can be manipulated as a public relations tool rather than a genuine climate solution.

Nevertheless, the arguments given by the critics do not hold water due to various reasons the chief among which is AI energy efficiency is improving and reducing its own carbon footprint. AI's high electricity consumption can be managed by integrating renewable sources of energy into data centres. A report by IEA states that AI-driven data centres powered by renewable

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sources have cut emissions by 50% (IEA, AI and green energy, 2023). Therefore, AI's energy consumption can be effectively managed by transitioning to clean energy, making it more sustainable.

In addition to improving energy efficiency of AI, its biasness can be minimized by improved algorithms. The problem of AI bias can be solved by improving the quality of data and applying strict regulations.

Governments and research institutions are working on AI transparency laws to prevent misinformation in climate science. A Stanford university study found that improving AI datasets reduced prediction errors by 70% (2023). Thus, with better data management and regulations, AI can provide more reliable climate solutions.

Contrary to AI technology is expensive, AI costs are decreasing, making it more accessible globally. AI is becoming more affordable and can help developing countries tackle climate change. The World Bank reported that AI-driven climate solutions have helped reduce disaster recovery costs by 40% in developing countries (WB, AI for climate adaption, 2023). Hence, AI can become more inclusive and accessible, helping all countries fight climate change.

Alternatively to AI can reduce human involvement in climate decisions, AI works alongside humans. AI is a tool that supports human decision-making rather than replacing it entirely. AI-assisted governance models ensure that climate policies remain ethical and beneficial for society. A United Nations report found that AI-supported climate policies increased decision-making efficiency by 60% without replacing human oversight (UN, AI and governance, 2023). Therefore, AI should be seen as an assistant to human decision-makers rather than a replacement.

In contrast to the control of big companies on AI, governments are enforcing transparency in AI-driven climate actions. AI can be used to expose and regulate corporate greenwashing rather than enable it. AI-powered transparency tools can track companies' actual carbon emissions and ensure they meet environmental standards. AI-based monitoring systems have helped uncover false sustainability claims by corporations. A Greenpeace report found that AI-driven environmental audits exposed 30% of misleading greenwashing claims (Greenpeace, AI and corporate accountability, 2023). Thus, AI can be a force for accountability, ensuring corporations take real climate action.

In conclusion, while AI poses challenges such as high energy consumption, potential bias, and security risks, this discussion has demonstrated that these concerns can be effectively managed through technological advancements, regulatory measures, and responsible implementation. AI has the potential to optimize its energy use, improve accuracy, and support real climate actions rather than enabling greenwashing. Furthermore, with better governance and ethical frameworks, AI can be a powerful tool in mitigating climate change rather than contributing to the problem. The future of AI in climate action is one of inevitable harm but of managed progress. By integrating AI responsibly, societies can harness its capabilities. As the Quran states "And that there is no功 for man except that (good) for which he strives" (53:39). By making conscious efforts to refine and regulate AI, one can turn it into a force for global sustainability and a better future for generations to come.

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