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Simla Agreement and its Suspension:

Pakistan and India entered into an agreement after 6 months of 1971 War at Simla called as Simla agreement. Zulfikar Ali Bhutto and Indira Gandhi agreed to maintain peaceful relations. The Simla agreement compel both countries to maintain peace, respect each others integrity, non interference in internal matters and ~~prevent~~ ~~prevent~~ prevent conflicts. ~~Despite this~~ This agreement also ensures ~~to~~ solving all the disputes bilaterally including Kashmir issue.

Despite this agreement Pakistan and India ~~a~~ entered into a multiple conflicts that includes Kargil War, Siachen glacier dispute, Pulwama attack. We can not say that this agreement ^{has} failed to maintain peace but it is unable to prevent few conflicts.

~~The most important~~ ^{The} ~~crucial~~ ^{crucial} The Kashmir issue is ~~the most~~ ^{an} aspect of this agreement. It allows both countries to solve Kashmir issue bilaterally — eliminating ~~the~~ United Nations role on solving Kashmir dispute. Pakistan — after the

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amendment by india on Kashmir -
believed that Simla agreement has
tied Pakistan hands to international-
ized the matter because United
Nations does not intervene where
countries agreed to solve disputes
bilaterally.

Pakistan - after the suspension
of Indus water treaty - has threaten
to suspend the Simla agreement.
This suspension is serious concern
for India as it will allow the
international involvement on Kashmir
issue. In addition to this, it will
pave way for Pakistan to take the
Kashmir issue to the United Nations -
which already suggested Plebiscite in
Kashmir which is against the
interest of India. However, I believe
there will be no direct escalation
of threat of war on its suspen-
sion.