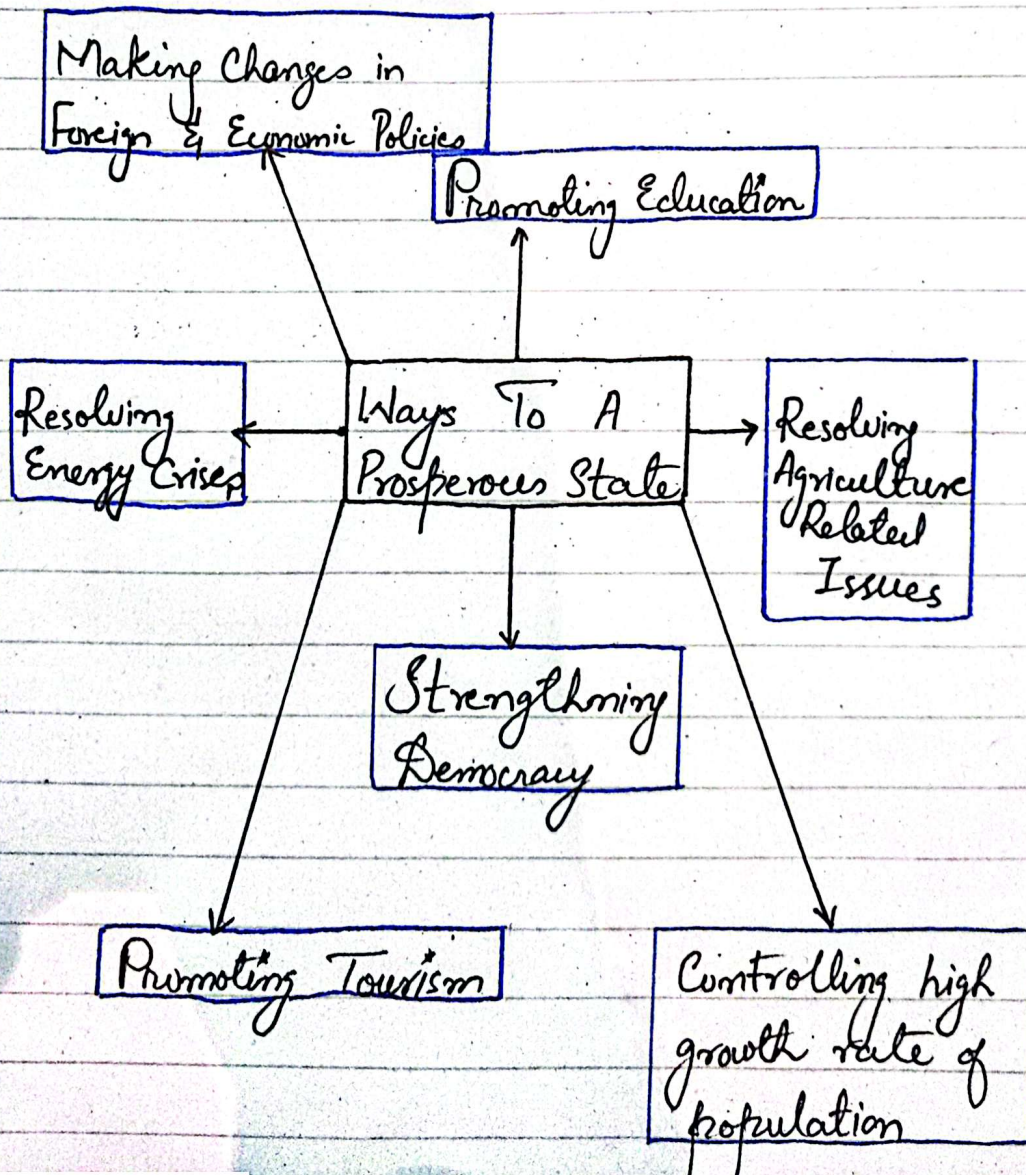


"Pathways To Pakistan's Prosperity"

"Brainstorming"



"Outline"

1. Introduction:

- 1.1 General statements
- 1.2 Thesis statements

2. Pathways to a prosperous state:

2.1. Promoting Standards of education:

2.1.1. Introducing updated curricula

2.1.2. Hiring trained faculty

2.1.3. Ensuring availability of teachers in public schools and colleges.

2.1.4. Granting equal access to education to all boys and girls.

2.1.5. Promoting skill based learning in Universities.

2.1.6. Granting scholarships to the needy students

2.1.7. Increasing budget

2.2. Resolving Energy Crises

2.2.1. Improving agreements with IPPs.

2.2.2. Controlling electricity theft.

2.2.3. Encouraging use of Renewable energy resources.

2.3 Promoting Tourism:

2.3.1. Promoting cultural and historical sites in the country.

2.3.2. Developing infrastructure, like roads, buildings, etc.

2.3.3. Ensuring security and safety.

2.4 Strengthening Democracy:

2.4.1. Adopting modern election methodology, using machines.

2.4.2. Granting powers at grass roots level to address needs of people.

2.5 Addressing Agricultural Problems:

2.5.1. Adopting modern irrigation techniques.

2.5.2. Adopting trap crop cultivation technique to prevent use of excessive pesticides.

2.5.3. Establishing dams to resolve water crisis

2.6. Making changes in Foreign and Economic Policies:

- 2.6.1. Improving trade relations with neighbouring countries, especially India and Afghanistan.
- 2.6.2. Overcoming the problem of trade deficit
- 2.6.3. Completing economic projects, like CPEC, etc.

2.7. Controlling Population Growth:

- 2.7.1. Increasing public awareness campaigns.
- 2.7.2. Adopting strict policies
- 2.7.3. Preventing child labour, one of the root cause of increasing population.

3. Conclusion

"The Essay"

Despite being blessed with several natural resources and strategic advantages, Pakistan remains among the states struggling for prosperity even after 77-years of independence.

The Islamic Republic of Pakistan emerged on the map of the world on 14th August 1947.

One of the largest gold reserves in the world have recently discovered in the country. Besides this, Pakistan is also having large reserves of natural gas, coal, marble, iron ore, salt, and many more reserves are locally available in the country in small and large quantities.

The country also enjoys its unique location in the region, providing access to landlocked countries to warm water. Thus, acting as a bridge between landlocked countries and warm water. However, still Pakistan is not able to make progress in this rapidly developing world, where the countries like India, which became independent a day after Pakistan, and China, which became independent a year after Pakistan emerged on the map of world, have become one of the largest global markets of the world. It implies, there were and are several problems that remained

unaddressed since our birth as a country. These political, social, and economical problems have been hindering the progress of our state. Therefore, in order to put Pakistan on the rails of progress, there is a dire need of taking some significant measures. Some of the recommended steps that the country should take are; to promote education, resolve energy crisis, promote tourism, strengthen democracy, address agricultural problems, to change economic and foreign policy, and control high growth rate of population across the state. There are several other problems in the state and several other ways of achieving prosperity. However, these ways must be adopted at ^{our} earliest convenience to make Pakistan a prosperous nation in the world. Thus, the main aim of this essay is to discuss these pathways that can lead Pakistan to a prosperous future.