

Ideology of Pak in the light of Sayings of Allama Iqbal and Quaid-e-Azam

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3. Life Sketch of Allama Iqbal
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1. Introduction:

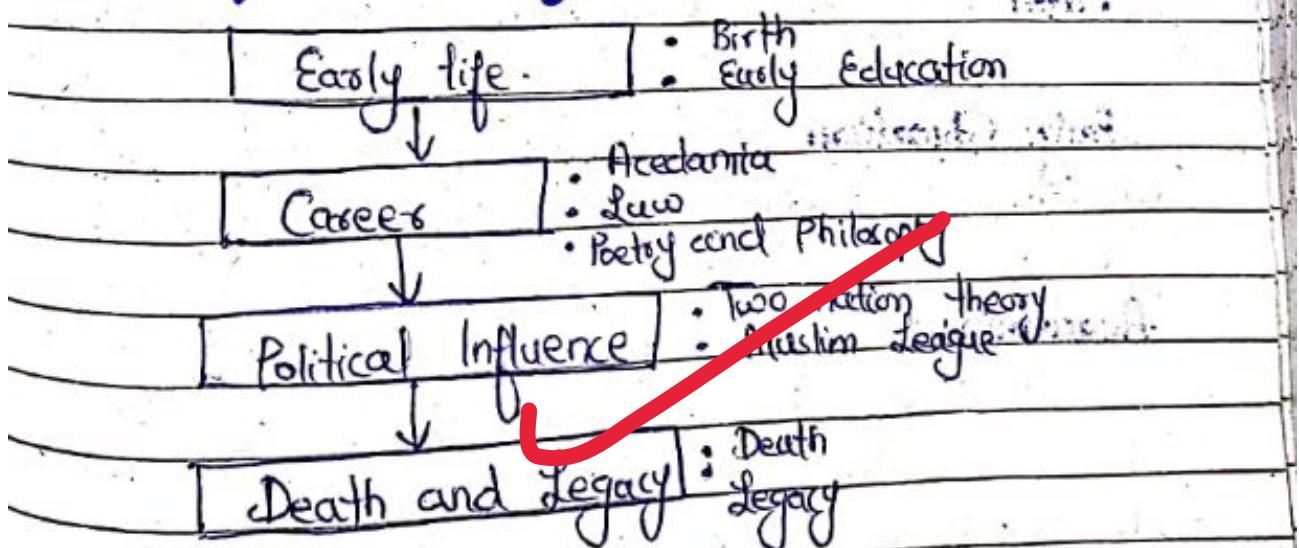
Ideology ^{are} ~~is~~ the customs, beliefs and rules that a society hold for a particular group of people. Ideology plays crucial role in the political, social, religious and cultural structure of nation. Similarly, the Ideology of Pakistan is based on the concept of two nation theory. It means in India there are two nation whose cultural and religious identities are different. So they should be divided into independent states. For this purpose Allama Iqbal and Quaid-e-Azam contributed their remarkable efforts for the creation of Pakistan.

2. Understanding Ideology:

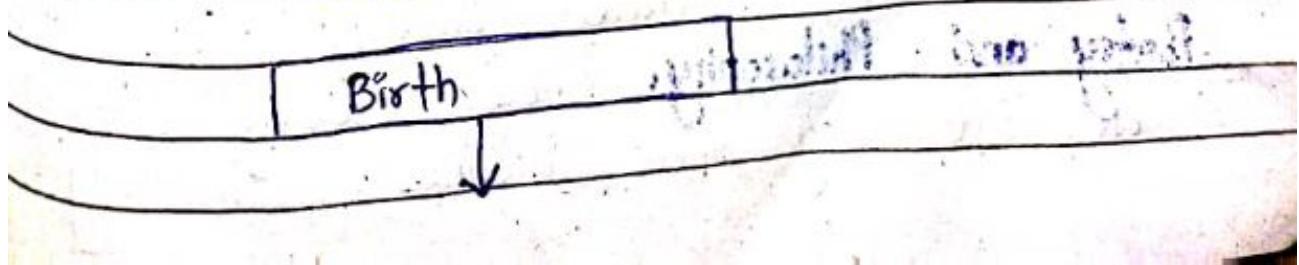
The set of beliefs, customs and

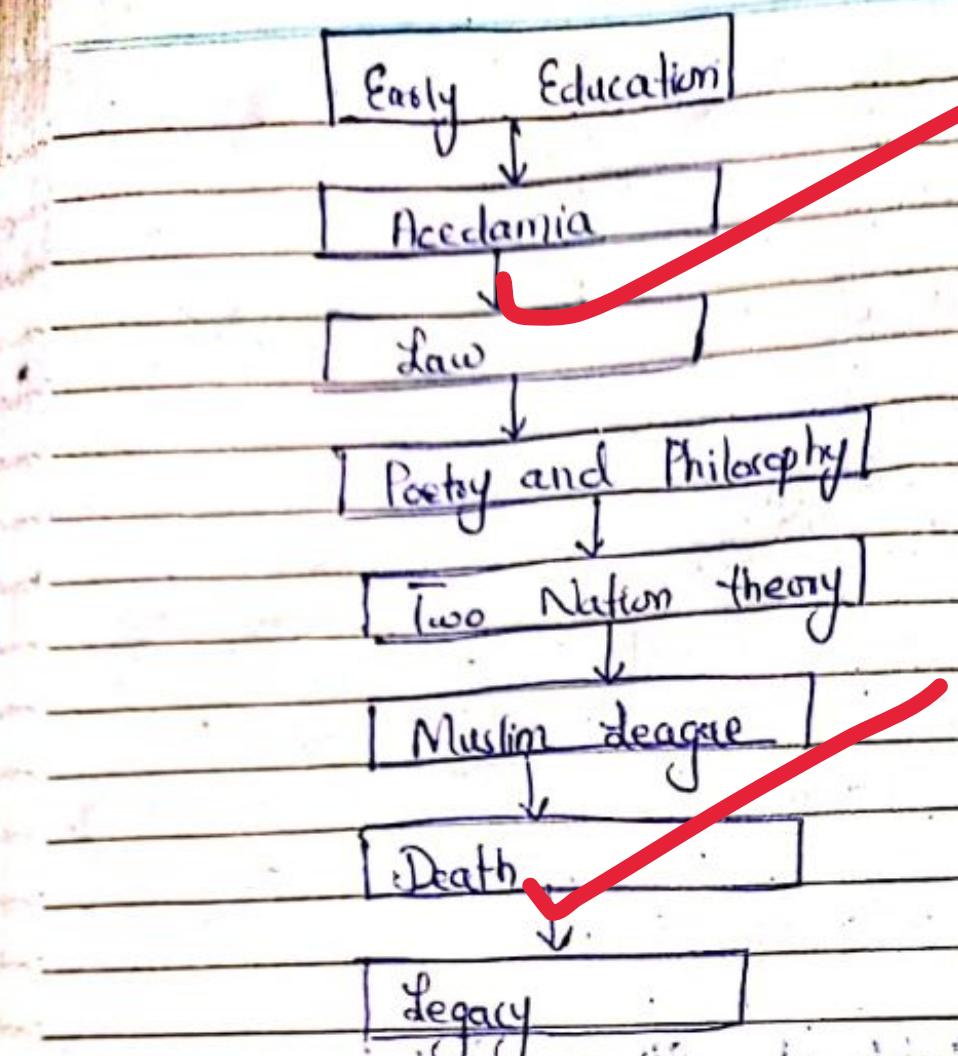
rules that a society holds for a particular group of people. It is known as Ideology. Ideology plays a vital role in building of nation. Pakistan's Ideology is based on the concept of two nation theory. Two Nation Theory In this context, as In India there are two nations where religious and cultural values are different from each other. Despite living together for many years they had not been blended into one nation. So, there is a need to give both nation their independent identity. And they should be divided into two different independent nations.

3. Life Sketch of Allama Jafar:



OR





Birth: He was born in 9 Nov 1877, in Siyalkot.

Early Education: He received his early education in Siyalkot. Then move to Lahore where he got graduated. Then move Europe for higher studies such as philosophy, law, doctorate.

Academia: After his return to India, he began a career in Academic teaching Philosophy at Govt College in Lahore.

Law: He also practiced law then entered in political arena.

Poetry and Philosophy: Iqbal's poetry focused on awakening the Muslims community.

Keep this part brief because it is not required

that need for self-awareness and self-empowerment. His works such as Bang-e-Dra, Baal-e-Jibril and 'Asrar-e-Khudi' explore deep philosophical themes and spiritual development of individual.

Two Nation Theory:

Allama Iqbal gave the concept of Two Nation theory and aware people about the importance of "concept of two nation theory". Address 1930. He was closely associated with All India Muslim League and played a vital role in shaping its ideology.

Death: He died on 21 April 1938 in Lahore before the realization of his dream of Independent Muslim State.

Legacy: He is honored as "Mufakir-e-Pakistan" (Thinker of Pakistan) and "Hafeem-e-Ummat" (the sage of the Ummah). He is remembered every year as Iqbal Day in Pakistan.

Use elaborate, self-explanatory and relevant headings

4. Sayings of Allama Iqbal:

(i) Separate recognition of Muslims:

He said,

"India is not a country. It is a sub-continent where of human beings belonging to different language

and practicing different religions. Muslim nations have its own cultural and religious identities".

(iii) Concept of Separate Muslim State:

Allama Iqbal said,

"I want to form Sindh and Balochistan into one homogeneous state."

First add description of atleast 5 lines and then add references

(iv) Two nation theory and Allama Iqbal:

He said,

"Despite living 1000 years together. Hindus and Muslims have their own cultural and religious identities. The only solution of India political solution conflicts in India is to have separate independent parliament for each nation."

(v) Condemnation of Western Democratic systems:

He said,

"Western democracy is devoid of depth. It has merely attractive outlook".

(vi) Islam a complete code of life:

He said,

"Islam is not only the name of beliefs and customs but it is complete code of life!"

(v) Islam the only ideology of salvation:

Allama Iqbal said, "To me capitalism, communism and any other isms of this world have no importance. Islam is the only ideo reality. Islam is the only reason of salvation".

(vi) Unity of Muslim World:

He said, "اک ہوں مسلم فرم کی بے اسلام کی بے عالم ہے۔"

Translation:

"Muslim should unite in the defense of Islam....

From bank river nile till the soil of Kashgar."

(vii) Resolution of Indian Dilemma: Suggestions for British Ruler

He said,

"if British Govt is interested to resolve Hindu and Muslims conflicts then India should be divided into two states."

(viii) Recognition by foes:

Madan Mohan Malaviya said,

"Before Iqbal we had not slightest idea that muslims possessed a separate existence in India".

(x) Self Realisation:

He said,

"خودی کو کو رکھا تناکہ یہ لفڑیوں میں
خدا یہ نہ سمجھے خود کو چھوپ بنا کر یہ بھاگیں گے"

Translation :

Elevate selfhood to such heights,
before the every degree, "God within himself
will ask you, 'What is it that you
desire ?'"

← →
Kindly, correct me related length
of answers, outlines and headings.....

Improve the description of arguments
part.

Add more arguments in this part

End with conclusion