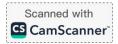
(CSS 2024) Explain the Juvenile Delinquency. What are socio. cconomic, demographic and (1) environmental factors lead to judenile delinguency? Introduction Deltocomo Juvenile Delinguency, also know as "juvenile Offending" is the conduct of crime by child who has not reached (40) age of 18 or puberly. There are fear socio economic factors like poverty lack of education, demographic factors like family condition, peer influence and environmental factors like neighbo though exposure to violence which provide fertile land for development of juvenile delinguency Most legal systems prescribe specific procedures for dealing with juveniles, such as juvenile détention. 12. centers, and counts



Juvenile Delinguency - defined 2 literal Meaning. (2a) term Juvenile means child The is derived from and Delinquency latin word Delinguere which means means an anti Neglegance. So, it social misdeed in violation of law by a minor Legal Meaning (26) According to Black's law Dictionary, Jovenile Delingvency is defined as: Antisocial behavior by a minor especially that mould be criminally » punishable if actor were an edu. Dimensions of Juvenile Delinguency 3 There are two dimensions of juvenile delinquency



Juvenile Detgienry - 16 (36) Behavioral legal approad approach Behavioral Approach of Juvenile Delinguency (3a) The dimension of delinquent conduct one violates moral conduct in which without violating law is called behavioral approach of juvenile Eloponent, disobedience deliguescy e.g. parents may contravene the social norms but does not constitute ò violation of any law (40) III_ Mannetism Expensent chasion goroch Value Delingerow) JO Letharg Summer 60 Absentieism



(36) legal approach of Juvenile Delinguency The violation of law committed by a juverile is legal approach of juvenile delinguency Below 02 apro Theft Sexual Anach activities Munde Danoging Droperty of Others Categories of Juvenile Delinquence 4 Juvenile Delingrency 12 Delinguency Giminal Status Behavior offenses Deligiency (40) One category of juventine deligrency delinquency which deals with the is Orimes Committed by minous which are



tried in juvenile courts and justice system (46) Giminal Behavior Bridge Criminal behavior include crimes dealt by the Oriminal justice system Status offences (4c) The offenses which are only classified as such because one is minor who has committed it e.g. Driving. These are also deall with in juvenile Courts Factors Couring Juvenile Delinquency 5 Juvenile delinguency is a complex phenomenon coused by variety of reasons some of major reasons for Child deligency put faith by Scholar ase : <u>Demographic</u> factors (59) (a) Farily Structure Youth from broken homes, single



parent households or households with Obusive or neglectful corregivers may be more prone to deligency due to lack of superivision and guidance (1) According to Bridge A child may resent the fact that he has to have faster parents, step parents, or guardians and so be marked out from the other children, which will make it difficult for these people to help in the social development (b) Peer influence Adolescents are often influenced by peer groups If they associate. with delinquent peers, they are most likely to engage in similar behaviors (c) Age and Gender Delinquency is more common during 6.2 adolescence and males are statistically more Likely to be involved in Criminal



activities than females Gelingvent beer group Use of Alcohol of drugs by porents Lack of parental Love Presente father or the Demographic factors Loose or causing < TD very strict Mental discipline abnormality at home or Father Gende High ambilions ano porents leading age Unsustainable DRIVE Socio Economic factors (56) (a) Poverty Poverty is said to be the mother of many social ills children borne to poor parents are likely to remain deprived of basic necessities like schooling and adequate opportunities of upbringing



They do not learn the values and are more prone to delinquency (6) Unenployment and Child labor In the regions with high unemployment rates, juveniles are forced into child labor. They face humiliation and abuse, which aggrevates the delingues behavior. V. (c) Illiteracy Illiteracy is another curse. Illeterate parents remain aloof tomords education They can not inculcate moral values among childern, making childern involved in immoral activities (53) Illiterary Child Socio. Euromic Coursing JD Out of school Children Poverty



Environmental factors (50) (a) Community conditions Crime and delinguency rates are highest in deteriorated inner city areas. These communities, invacked by poverty, fear, despair also maintain high Level of criminal victimization (b) Exposure to violence Kids Living in poor neighborhoods are exposed to constant stream of antisocial behavior (c) Substance Abuse Access to drugs, alcohol at young age can lead to delinquent behavior, both in terms of using substances and engaging in illegal activities to Obtain them. (Community) (Neighborhond) Envisions factors JD Substance Abuse Exposure to K Violence



Juvenile Justice System Intermented (33) 6 Juvenile justice system encompasses the laws and institutions which deal with the children accused of Committing crimes. There is a growing tendency across the globe that children committing crimes should not be treated as ordinary criminals rather they should be treated as victims who have not reached maturity There should be separate courts, republicitation detention centers for juveniles Conclusion well composed answer 71 well done 10/20 Juvenile deliguency is a complete issue influenced by a vange of demographic, socio economic, and environmental factors Poverty, family instability and negative peer influence Contribute to Likelihood of youths engaging in illegal or antisocial behavior. Moreover Living in high aire



neighborhood and exposure to violence forther increase the risks. Tackling jurchile delingung requires a multiputed approach that addresses these underlying es, providing young people with net systems, positive role models opportunities for education and Support

