

## Brain Drain: Causes and Consequences

Outline :

1) Introduction :

1.1) General statements:

1.2) Thesis statement: Some of the main reasons why people choose to leave the country of their birth are political instability and strife, lack of opportunities, unfavourable conditions (economic and social), poor living ~~conditions~~ standards, discrimination and ~~other~~ beneficial opportunities present worldwide. The detrimental effects of brain drain are loss of human capital and services, loss of revenue, economic slowdown, loss of ideas, innovation and skills, poverty and conflicts.

2) Main Body:

A: Causes

2.1) Political instability

2.1.1 incompetence of government

2.1.2 uncertain political circumstances

2.1.3 Protests

2.2) lack of opportunities

2.2.1 lack of job opportunities

2.2.2 inability to get loans

2.2.3  
~~15/12/18~~ lack of ~~education~~ industries.

2.3) unfavourable conditions

2.3.1) weak economy / economic crisis

2.3.2) inflation

2.3.3) High tax rates

2.3.4) terrorist violence

2.3.5) low income rate

2.4) Poor living standards

2.4.1) ~~poor~~ poor health conditions

2.4.2) ~~po~~ limited health facilities.

2.5) Discrimination

2.5.1) gender discrimination

2.5.2) religion

## B) Consequences

3) loss of human capital and services

3.1.2) loss of qualified doctors, engineers and other professionals.

3.2) loss of revenue

3.2.1 loss of taxes

3.2.2 ~~High~~ Balance of Payment crisis

3.2.3 GDP gets affected.

3.3) Economic slowdown

3.3.1) High tax rate due to loss of taxes

3.3.2) trade deficit.

3.3.3) relying on imports

3.4) loss of ideas and innovations.

3.4.1) talented youth going out

3.5) Poverty and conflicts

3.5.1) Poverty due to high inflation

3.5.2) less industries and opportunities causing unemployment

3.5.3) Poverty leading to crimes. ©mika

c) Conclusion

## The Essay

Brain drain is the movement of people from one area to another it can be between countries, cities and even organizations. where there is discrepancy in available opportunities. It causes countries to lose a core portion of valuable individuals, the places they leave behind are adversely harmed. Expertise is lost with each emigrant. Brain drain can have drastic and long lasting impacts on developing nations such as Pakistan. According to Bureau of Emigration and Overseas Employment, 862,000 Pakistanis left the country for work in 2023. The trend of brain drain in Pakistan is not new, in recent years it has escalated. Pakistanis have moved to more than 50 countries across the globe. The people of Pakistan, especially the youth, want to live a peaceful and gracious life in their own country but political instability and strife, lack of opportunities, unfavourable economic and social conditions, poor living standards, discrimination and beneficial opportunities present world wide cause them to leave their country. The detrimental effects of brain drain are loss of human capital and services, loss of revenue, economic slowdown, loss of ideas, innovations and skills, poverty and conflicts.