



FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION-2018
FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17
UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

Roll Number

CRIMINOLOGY

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS	PART-I (MCQS)	MAXIMUM MARKS = 20
PART-I(MCQS): MAXIMUM 30 MINUTES	PART-II	MAXIMUM MARKS = 80

NOTE: (i) Part-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book.
(ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II by selecting ONE question from EACH SECTION. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks.
(iii) All the parts (if any) of each Question must be attempted at one place instead of at different places.
(iv) Candidate must write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q. Paper.
(v) No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answer Book must be crossed.
(vi) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.

PART-II
SECTION-I

- Q. No. 2. Define Criminology. Discuss the scope of criminology in Pakistan. (20)
- Q. No. 3. What is the Islamic perspective on crime and punishment? Explain your answer with the help of proper examples. (20)

SECTION-II

- Q. No. 4. What is juvenile delinquency? Explain the nature, extent and causes of juvenile delinquency in Pakistan. Suggest remedial measures for reducing juvenile delinquency in Pakistan. (20)
- Q. No. 5. Trace back the history and development of police organization in Pakistan. (20)

SECTION-III

- Q. No. 6. What is Criminal investigation? Explain the key principles of criminal investigation. (20)
- Q. No. 7. To what extent Interpol has been successful in reducing organized crime at international-level. Discuss (20)

SECTION-IV

- Q. No. 8. Intelligence-led policing has become an effective model of policing in tackling organized crime. Discuss the background and key principles of intelligence-led policing. (20)
- Q. No. 9. Discuss the laws and institutional arrangements for controlling money laundering in Pakistan.

Q: 2

Answer 1- Introduction

"Criminology" word is coined by an Italian Criminologist, Cesare Lombroso."

(Garo Falco)

Criminology deals with crimes.

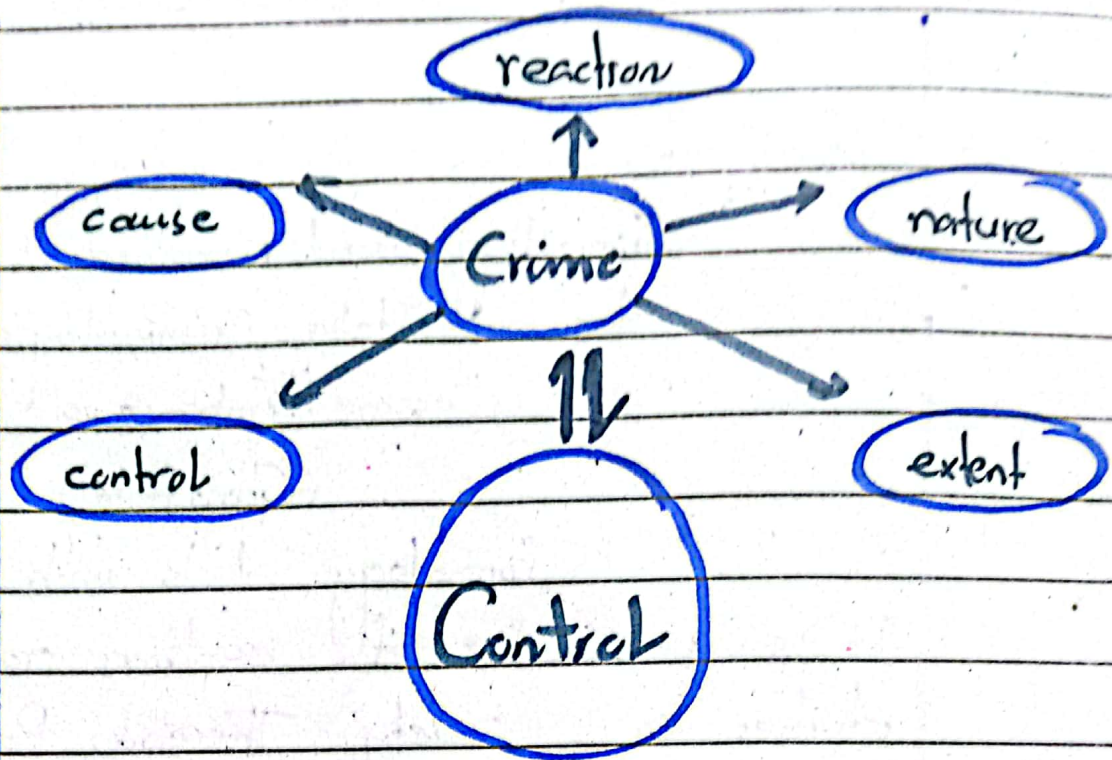
It is a science of curbing criminal activities in society. Thereby, Pakistan gives a huge respect to Criminology in order to reduce criminality.

2- Understanding Criminology: An Overview

"Criminology is all about crimes and their control."

(Edwin Sutherland)

According to the legal definition, Criminology is about nature, extent, cause, control, and reaction of crimes.



Dealings - Criminology

Therefore, Criminology is study of crimes.

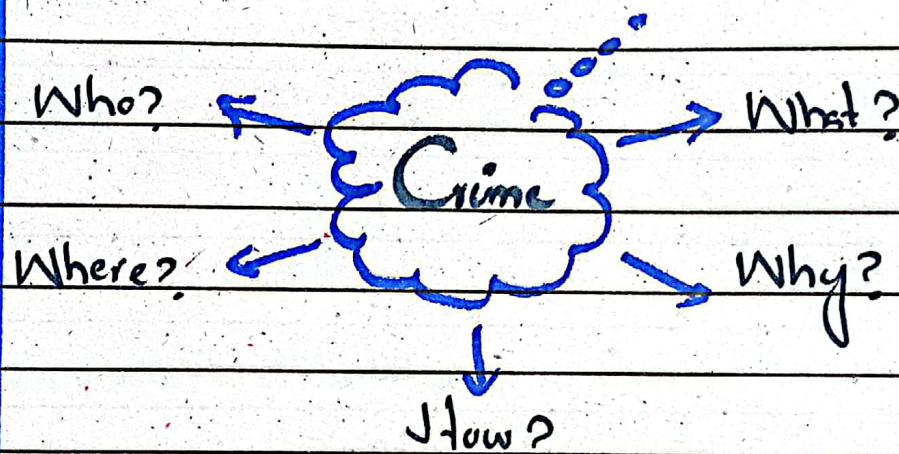
3- Scope of Criminology in Pakistan
 There is a huge scope of Criminology in Pakistan.

g) Criminal statistics and crime prevention

Criminology in Pakistan maintains criminal statistics. This help in crime prevention.

"Criminal statistics raises questions related to 'Who? What? Where? Who? Why? and How?'"

(Susan Wilson - Crime Prevention)

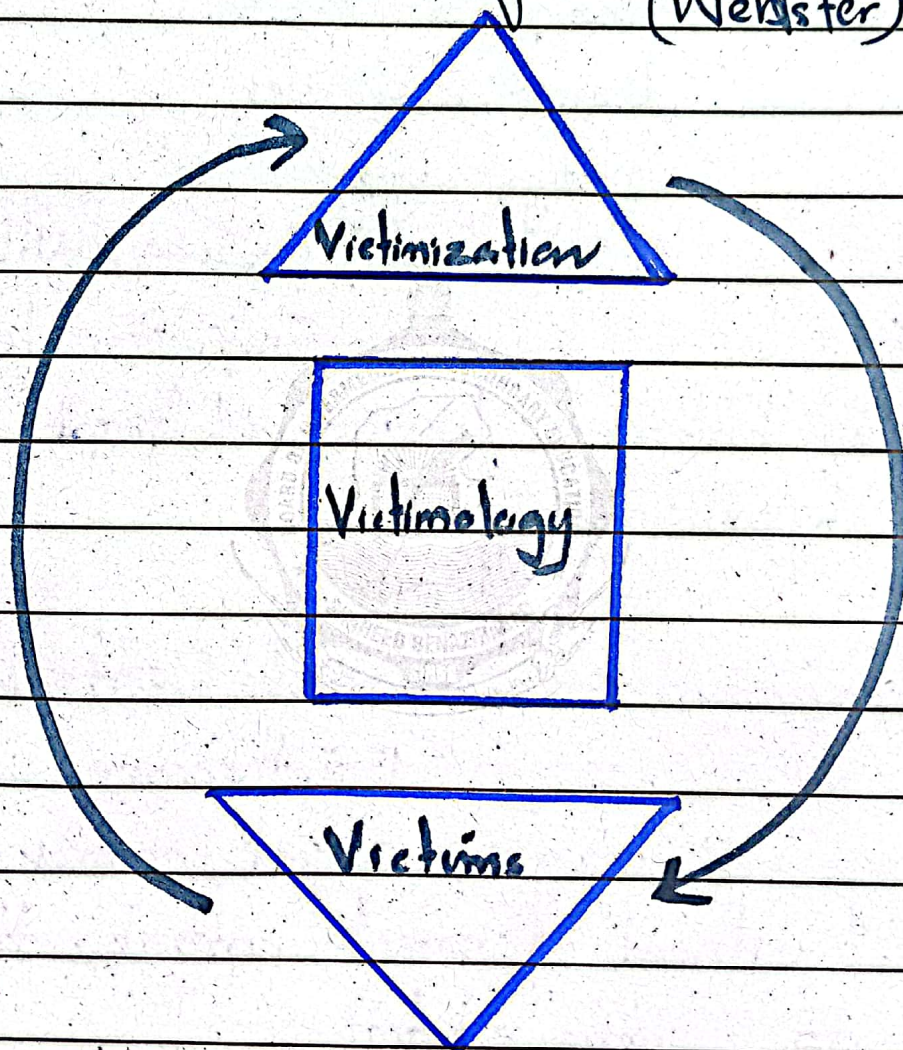


This shows Pakistan has concern with Criminology

b) **Victimology: Victimization and Victims**

Similarly, Criminology also supports victimology. In Pakistan, victimization understanding helps reducing crimes.

"Registration of FIR
and
continuous trial promotes
criminal investigation
supporting Victimology."
(Webster)



Thus, Pakistan support victimology
in the scope of Criminology.

c) Criminology: Crimes and Criminal Behavior

Further, criminology helps understanding crimes and criminal behaviors.

"Crime and criminal behavior shapes typology."

(Susan Wilson - Crime Prevention)

Thus, Pakistan helps different factors of typology.

d) Criminology: Social Control

Furthermore, Criminology encourages social control. In fact, without social control, there is no crime control.

"Pakistan attempts to adopt effective measures to reduce crimes."

(The News, 2020)

This highlights Pakistan's effort towards socialist control.

e) Criminology: Socialist Theory

Moreover, Criminology in Pakistan works under socialist cohesion. Socialist theory encourages role of institutions.

"Reformative institutions have been opened by the government of Pakistan in cities to reform behavior of criminals."

(Touqeer Hussain)

This indicates Pakistan's approach towards institutional role, rather than severe punishment.

f) Criminology: Socialist Bond

Additionally, Pakistan also encourages social bond. In Criminology, social bond gives

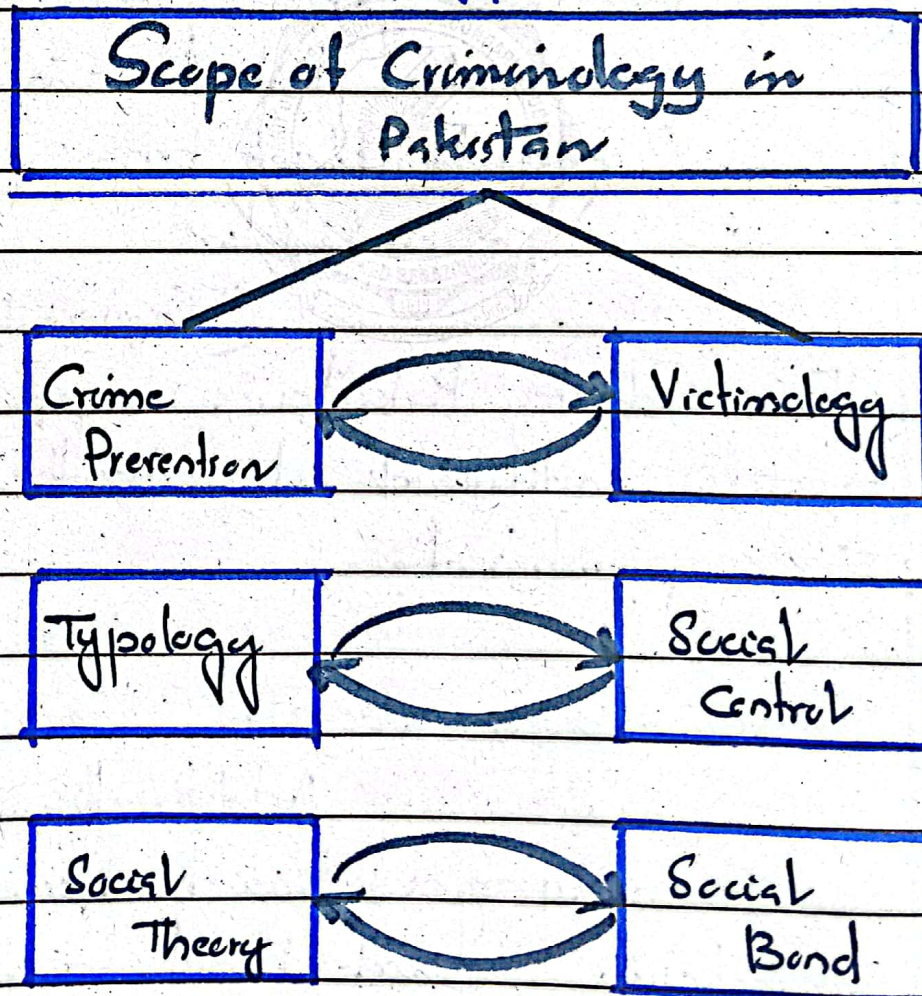


better understanding of crimes.

"Society shapes behavior
and
society helps curbing
criminal
acts."

(Edwin Sutherland)

Thus, Pakistan also approaches social
bond in Criminology.



4-

Conclusion

"Criminology is study
of criminal behavior
and
techniques to reduce
criminality."

(Donald Tress)

Criminology deals with
criminal activities. It has a huge
scope in Pakistan. The above evidence
highlights scope of Criminology in
curbing crimes in Pakistani society.