

# BRAIN DRAIN; CAUSES AND CONSEQUENCES

## BRAIN STORM

### BRAIN DRAIN

#### Causes

#### Consequences

Lack of economic opportunities

- Low wages, Job
- Limited Opportunities
- Unfavorable working conditions

Political Instability

- Conflicts, lack of freedom, corruption

Educational Purposes

- limited access to education
- Research opportunities
- Attractive Scholarships and Program abroad

Social Causes

- Standard of living
- Health care
- Persecution based on genders, religion or sexuality

Economic

- Death of Human Capital
- Loss of revenue
- Increased reliance on foreign expertise
- loss of creativity

Political

- Loss of leaders
- Reduced Political stability and security
- Increase dependence on foreign support

Educational

- Negative impact
- Loss of investment on education
- Reduction in Research

# OUTLINE

## 1) Introduction

1.1 - Hook

1.2 - General Statement

1.3 - Thesis Statement

## 2) Main Body

### A. Causes

2.1. Lack of economic opportunities

2.1.1. Low wages

2.1.2. Limited job opportunities

2.1.3. Unfavorable working conditions  
~~Her~~

2.2. Political Instability

2.2.1. Political conflicts

2.2.2. Lack of freedom

2.2.3. Corruption

2.2.4. Security issues

2.3. Educational Purposes

2.3.1. Limited access to education and training

2.3.2. Limited research opportunities

2.3.3. Poor infrastructure and curriculum

2.3.4. Attractive Scholarships and programs abroad.

## 2.4. Social Causes

2.4.1. Better standards of living  
desire.

2.4.2. Access to health care

2.4.3. Persecution based on gender,  
religion and sexuality

## B. Consequences of Brain Drain.

### 2.1. Economic Consequences

2.1.1. Dearth of human Capital

2.1.2. Loss of revenue

2.1.3. Increased dependence on  
~~and~~ foreign expertise.

2.1.4. Reduced economic growth.

### 2.2. Political Consequences.

2.2.1. Loss of future leaders

2.2.2. Reduced political stability  
~~and~~ and security

2.2.3. Increased reliance and  
foreign support

### 2.3. Educational Consequences

2.3.1. Increased cost for education  
~~and~~ and training

2.3.2. Negative Impact on Research

2.3.3. Damage to education system

2.3.4. Reduced quality of education

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

DAY: \_\_\_\_\_

## 2.4- Social Consequences

2.4.1- Family separation

2.4.2- Loss of Role Models

2.4.3- Cultural impact

2.4.4- Community disruption

## 3) Conclusion

3.1- Thesis restated

3.2- Conclusion Thoughts

# THE ESSAY

Einstein, a renowned physicist and Nobel laureate, was a proud German citizen. However, with the rise of Nazism, Einstein faced growing hostility and threats. In 1933, after Hitler came into power, Einstein immigrated to America after renouncing his German citizenship. He said at that time; "As long as I have any choice in the matter where civil liberty, tolerance and equality of all citizens before the law are the rule" So Germany lost one of its most brilliant minds due to political instability, intolerance and persecution. Einstein's departure deprived Germany of his expertise, research and contributions to science, ultimately weakening the country's intellectual and scientific landscape. Brain drain is migration of skillful people out of a country. Most of countries are facing issues of brain drain. Unfortunately, Pakistan is one of them facing problems in brain drain due to political instability, educational decline, social disruption and lack of economic opportunities. It has drastic impacts on economic growth, politics, health care and education.