

Q: What are the principles and Techniques of interrogation? How far these techniques have potential to clear an accused?

1. Introduction:

Interrogation is a technique of criminal investigation. In this technique, the suspect is questioned and accused of his crime to establish guilt. It involves different techniques. The techniques are methodical and thus

prove effective in detecting the crime and also major pillars of criminal investigation.

2. Principles of Interrogation:

- Interrogation is done by a criminal investigator of the suspect to prove the crime.
- Sometimes, the investigator tactfully uses the techniques to make the accused conformant.
- It is done to prove the guilt of accused.

3. Techniques of Criminal Investigation:

There are three ^{major} techniques of criminal investigation:

1. Reid technique
2. Kinesic technique
3. PEACE technique

1. Reid technique of Investigation:

The Reid technique ^{works on} is the general interview format. It is commonly used when multiple people have committed the same crime.

The core of Reid technique is Reid Tabulation sheet. It has a warning of rights, the

legal jurisdiction on it and 15 numbered questions. The questions are tactfully designed and the spaces are left in front of questions to mask whether the person is truthful or deceitful or does not comply. The int investigator also writes all the answers of the questions.

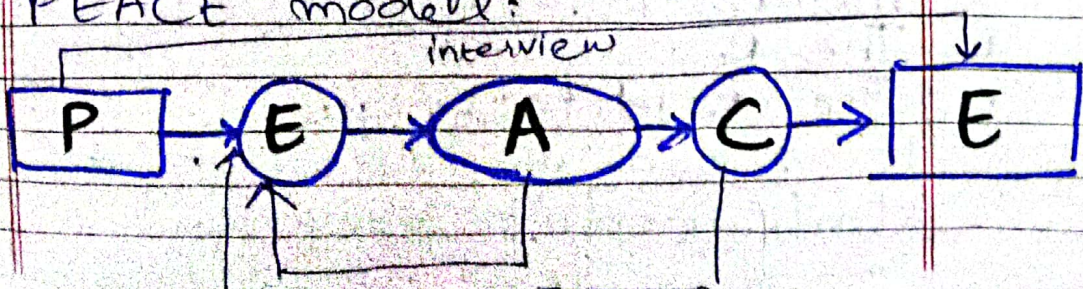
2. Kinesic Technique of Interrogation:

In Kinesic technique, the interviewer's ~~body language~~ ^{responses} are checked through verbal and non-verbal cues or the body language. It also shows whether the addressee's responses comply with his actions and emotions.

It is done to check whether the person investigated has coherence with his words and actions.

3. PEACE technique of Interrogation:

This technique employs the PEACE model:



- 1- P Preparation or planning
- 2- E Engage
- 3- A Account + clarify
- 4- C Closure
- 5- E Evaluate

- o At the first step, the investigator prepares and plans for the interrogation. He already deceitfully plans the questions.
- o At the second stage, the interviewer fully engages the addressee.
- o At the next step, all the details by the subject are accounted and any doubts left are clarified.
- o At the fourth step, the interviewer closes the procedure with every point included.
- o At the last stage, the investigator evaluates and analyses the responses.

In this technique, the addressee has the leverage to fully explain his side of story without any interruption.

The Potential of techniques:

~~1- The R~~

1- The Reid technique:

It is considered a scientific study and of criminal

investigation. It is a methodical and factual process. It is believed to be 80% effective.

2. Kinesic technique:

It is also proved effective in crime detection and interrogation as it deals with not only words but also actions and non-verbal gestures to detect crime. It is a technical way ^{to develop} of accusation.

3. PEACE technique:

The PEACE technique deals with a structured and methodical, step by step process to recognize the offenders.

It involves higher level of investigation via preparation and analysis.

Conclusion:

Interrogation is the most common method of criminal investigation. It helps to establish the guilt of suspect in an accusatory manner. It employs various techniques: The Reids, Kinesic and Pease technique to detect criminals. They prove effective in the detection of crime due to their nature and working principles.