

## Governance Crises in Pakistan:

### Need for reforms and Institutional Building

**Thesis Statement:** Pakistan is grappling with a number of crises. To cope with these crises, various reforms are the need of hour—such as establishing rule of law, reforming public sector, improving civil services, reforming public sector, making judicial proceeding robust, refining electoral process, and others. Similarly, to overcome the aforementioned governance crises, institutional building of various institution is crucial. Such as independence of judiciary, institutional balance, strong anti-corruption institution, and empowerment of ECP are among others.

#### I. Introduction

#### II. Governance crises in Pakistan and its causes : An overview

#### III. Various required reforms to cope with the prevailing crises of governance :

A. Establishing rule of law in true letter and spirit,  
- UK rule of law - a global model

B. Reforming public sector  
- on the pattern of Singaporean 'Reconomics'

- C- Making judicial proceedings robust
  - Indian Lok Adalath (public court) - reducing backlog cases
- D- Refining electoral process
  - Germany's Proportional Representation System
- E- Decentralization of governance mechanism
  - Switzerland's devolution of power and localized governance.
- F- Improving civil services
  - South Korean model of refining Civil Services.

**IV- Different Institutional building with can will help Pakistan overcome the crises of governance :**

- A- Making Judiciary truly independent
  - American Judicial System.
- B- Establishing balance among institutions
  - enforcing separation of power with Check and Balance
  - no intrusion of any institution in the matters of others.
- C- Building strong anti-corruption institutions
  - Hong Kong's ICAC (Independent Commission against corruption)
- D- Empowering Election Commission of Pakistan.
  - like Canadian election Commission
- E- Developing institution of social welfare
  - on the pattern of Denmark extensive welfare system
- F- Creating environment for media's independent operation
  - like BBC of UK

9. Establishing independent regulatory bodies / institutions

## V. Conclusion

### Introduction:

Imagine a country where power often supercedes principles. A country rich in resources and talent, yet crippled by corruption and inefficiency. This is the paradox Pakistan is confronting with. Pakistan is facing serious challenges in governance. To cope with these crises, Pakistan is in dire need of various crucial reforms such as the establishment of rule of law in its true letter and spirit to integrate the disintegrated society. Similarly, reforming public sector, improving judicial proceedings and refining public sector electoral process would recover the trust of disgruntled people over the institutions. Moreover, through decentralization of governance and improvements in civil services, the government can win public hearts by caring for their liberties, voices and choices. Along with the reforming procedures and proceeding, the improvement in structure and framework of institution could also help Pakistan manage the prevailing governance

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crises. Making judiciary independent, establishing balance among institutions and framing a strong anti-corruption framework would result in ~~pot~~ the atmosphere of political stability, trust and harmony. Moreover, by empowering election commission and developing social-welfare institutions the subsequent public distress and frustration can be handle. In the same way, the independent operation of media and regulatory bodies would ensure transparency by exposing the culprits in the system. In fact, Pakistan is grappling with governance crises. ~~These~~ To cope with these crises various reforms are required such as establishing rule of law, reforming public sector, improving civil services, making judicial proceedings robust, refining electoral process, and others. In the same way, to overcome the aforesaid crises, building <sup>multiple</sup> institutional frameworks ~~are~~ also required ranging from judicial independence to establishment of regulatory bodies/institutions.