



**National Officers Academy**

**Mock-4 for CSS-2025**

**August 2024**

**POLITICAL SCIENCE, PAPER-I**

<b>TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS</b>	<b>PART-I (MCQS)</b>	<b>MAXIMUM MARKS = 20</b>
<b>PART-I(MCQS): MAXIMUM 30 MINUTES</b>	<b>PART-II</b>	<b>MAXIMUM MARKS = 80</b>

**NOTE:**

- i. **Part-II** is to be attempted on the separate **Answer Book**.
- ii. Attempt **ONLY FOUR** questions from **PART-II**, by selecting **TWO** questions from **EACH SECTION**. **ALL** questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
- iii. All the parts (if any) of each Question must be attempted at one place instead of at different places.
- iv. Write **Q. No.** in the **Answer Book** in accordance with **Q. No.** in the **Q. Paper**.
- v. No **Page/Space** be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of **Answer Book** must be crossed.

**SUBJECTIVE PART-PART-II**

**SECTION-A**

**Q.No.2** The state or political community, which is the highest of all, and which embraces all the rest, aims at good in a greater degree than any other, and at the highest good. Discuss the functions and responsibility of the state in the light of this statement of Aristotle. (20)

**Q.No.3** Al Mawardi's core ideas of his political philosophy, emphasis on the caliphate, justice, and public welfare continues to influence the discourse on governance and the role of religion in politics. Elaborate (20)

**Q.No.4** Is the philosophy and functioning of the concept of 'Social Contract' by Hobbes, Locke and Rousseau, still relevant in modern times? Argue in favor or against (20)

**Q.No.5** Write short notes on the following: (10 each)

- (a) Class conflict of the Bourgeoisie & Proletariat
- (b) Political Change and Revolution

**SECTION-B**

**Q.No.6** If Liberty, Freedom and Equality are elusive concept in modern day polities? Critically elaborate. (20)

**Q.No.7** Elucidate the Islamic concept of State and Ummah. If Muslim Ummah led by OIC can play any role in development of modern political system? Discuss (20)

**Q.No.8** Countries with strong nationalism but weak democratic values can breed as undemocratic culture in the form of fascism. Discuss the enabling conditions for fascism with reference to states in South Asia. (20)

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*Best of Luck for CSS-2025*

Q: 2

Answer 1. Introduction

"Aristotle is the science  
of every authority."

(Maxey)

Aristotle was a great  
Greek philosopher. According to him,  
the state or political community is the  
highest of all. It embraces all the  
rest and aims at good in a greater  
degree and at the highest good.  
This, undeniably, highlights great  
functions and responsibilities of the  
state.

2. Aristotle's classification of the state

Aristotle's classification  
of the state is as follows:

Number of Rulers	Good Form	Bad Form
1	Monarchy	Tyranny
few	Aristocracy	Oligarchy
many	Polity	Democracy

According to Aristotle,  
state can be ruled by one to  
many rulers.

"State ruled by one  
without personal interest  
is Monarchy."

(Aristotle)

However, with involvement of personal  
interests, it becomes tyranny. Similarly

"State by few rulers  
without personal interest  
is Aristocracy."

(Aristotle)

But, when interests of own developed  
it becomes oligarchy. Likewise,  
polity changed into democracy by  
many rulers. Simply

"Polity is the best  
form of the  
government."

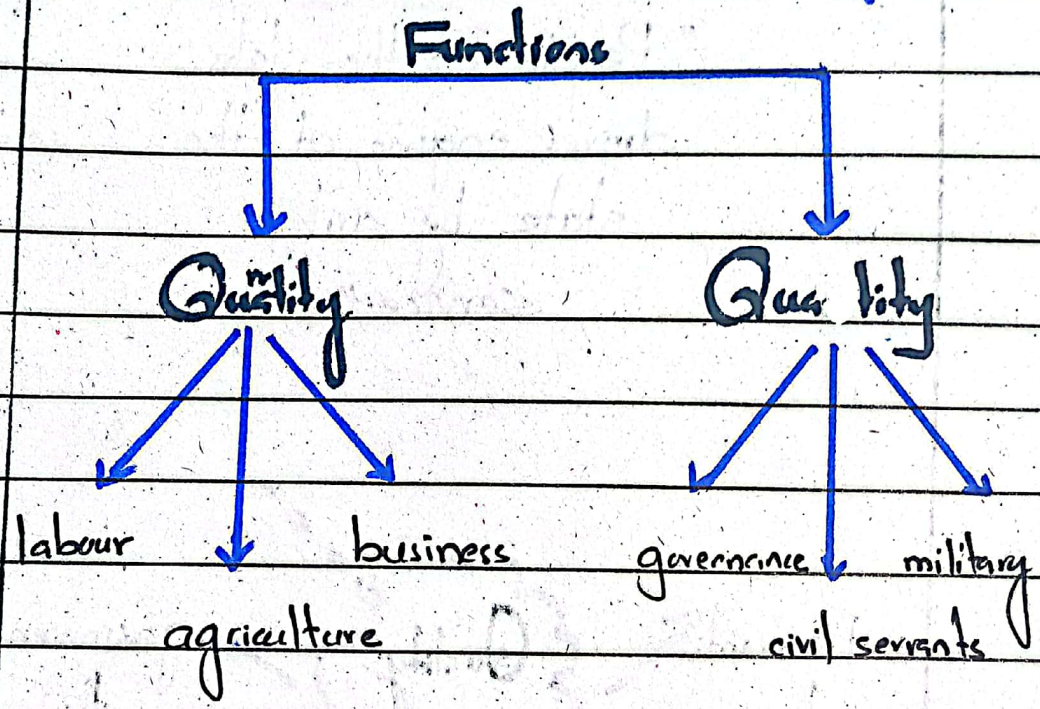
(Aristotle)

This highlights Aristotle's classification

of the state.

### 3- Functions of Political Community or State

Following are functions.



#### a) Functions by Quality of the State

The state divides its functions with quality of people. This aims at good in a greater degree.

"High intellectual persons lead to governance."

(Aristotle)

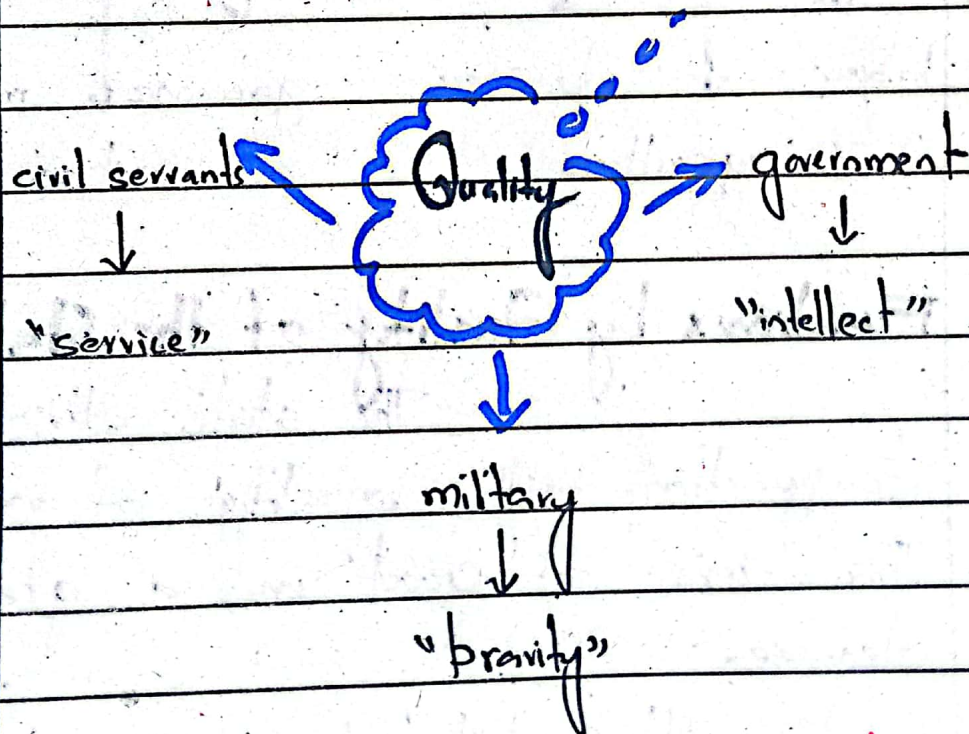
Moreover,

"Bravery is a symbol  
of equality."

(Political Thought from  
Plato to Present, Jelltharman)

Likewise, Aristotle said,

"People of the state  
drives engine of the  
state by civil  
service."



This highlights Aristotle's state aiming  
at good.

b) Functions by Quantity of the state

Secondly, quantity is a core of the state. Without quantity, there is no progress by quality.

"Quantity of the state balance quality of the state."

(Aristotle)

According to Aristotle, every state needs some basic things to survive.

"The State works for labour, for business, and for agricultural needs."

This connects the whole political community.

"Man is a social animal, without social cohesion, he can be good or bad."

(Aristotle)



Therefore, it highlights Aristotle's state with its particular functions.

#### 4- Responsibilities of the state or political community

Following are responsibilities:

##### a) Quality education

The state's responsibility is to provide quality education. In fact, quality education is the foundation of the highest good state.

"An educated nation can shape future of the state."

(Aristotle)

This shows that quality education is the responsibility of the state.

##### b) Possession of property

Further, Aristotle

was against possession of property.

"The state should curb flow of property possession."

(Aristotle)

This aims the greater responsibility of the state.

c) The state with laws

Furthermore, state should work under laws. Uniform laws lead to stable state.

"Stability of state remains under supremacy of laws."

(Aristotle)

This shows that state respects the supreme laws.

d) Geographical coverage

Moreover, the state needs to cover maximum



co-operation with surroundings. A good state enhances its relations with other states.

"There must be geographical enhancement to foster trade."

(-Judd Harman)

Thus, maintaining relations is the highest responsibility of the state.

e) **Equality and uniformity**

Additionally, equality and uniformity is also part of the state. In fact state should encourage equal order.

"Men and women should have equal to law."

(Aristotle)

Thus, the state's responsibility is to encourage equality.

# f) Population control

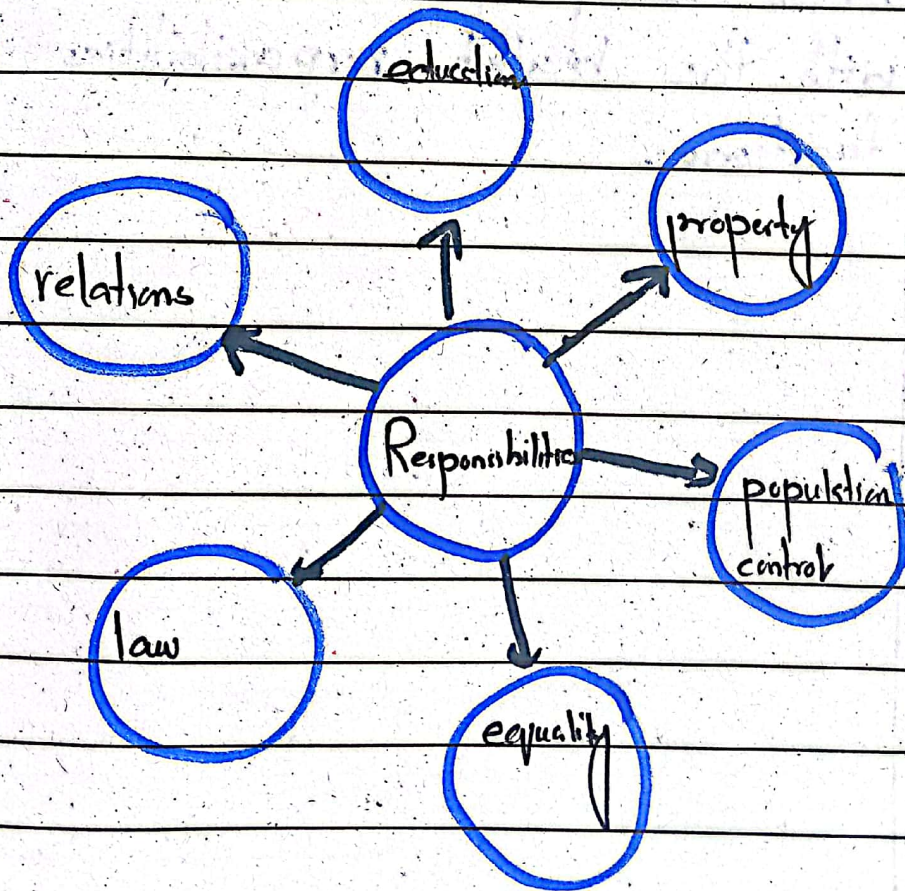
In the same manner, the state should control population.

Limited population maintains economic prosperity.

"Population control is a great responsibility of Political Community."

(Judd Harman)

This highlights good aim of the state.



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## Conclusion

"Political Community maintains socio-economic and political needs."

(Aristotle)

Aristotle was a great Greek philosopher. According to him, the state or political community is the highest. Moreover, it embraces all the rest and the highest good. With this perspective, the state works with the highest responsibilities and functions.