Date -Day MTWTFS Name: Attia Altaf. Batch : 63 Subject : Environmental cience » Q.No.1. Discuss in detail - the Salient features of lokistan en ironmental Protection act 1997 > Historical Background:-Pakistan Environmental Policy is based on Participatory approab to achieving objectives of sustainable development through legally, administratively and technically sound institutions. The Federal Environment Ministry was established in Pakistan in 1975 as follow up a stockholm declaration of 1972. The Ministry was responsible for Promulgation of the environmental Protection, Ordinance of Pakistan in 1983. 9t was the first Composehensive legislation Prepared in the country. The main objective of Ordinance 1983 was to establish institutions te to establish Federal and Provincial Environmental Protection Comes Agencies Land Pakistan Environmental Protection

Day MTWTFS Date -Council (PEPC) In 1992 Pakistan attended the Earth Summit in the state of Brazil and thereafter became party to various international conventions and Protocols. This Political commitment augmented the environmental Process in the country. Same year, Palsistan Prepared a National Conservation Strategy Providing a broad framework for addressing environmental concerns in the country. In Environmental Quality Stadaus designed. The Pakistan Environment & Protection At was enacted on 6th December 1997 repeating the Parison Environmental Protection rangence 1983 The PEPA 1997 Provides the Framework for implementation of NCS establishment of Provincial Sustainable Development funds, Protection and conservation of species, conservation of renewable resources, establishment of Environmental Tribunals and appointment of Enviromental Magistrates, Initial Environmental Examination, and

Date -Day MTWTFS Environmental Impact Assessment. =) Introduction:-The Pakistan Environmental Protection Act 1997 was passed by the Assembly of Pakiston on Septers 1997, and by the Senate of Pak on November 7 1997 The Act received the assent of the President of Part on December 3 97. e repealed the Pakistan Environmental otection ordinance 1983. This is an act to Provide to the rotection, Conservation, republitation and improvement of the environmental, the Prevention and cost of Pollution for and promotion of sustainable development. St provides folicy legal and institutional Pranavork for: of National Conserva 1. Implementation Strategy 2. Establishment rovincial Sui ringbla development fund 3. Protection and conservation of species 4. Conservation of renewable resources 5 Establishment of environmental tribunals and magistrates.

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6. Initial environmental examination and ETA. -> Pakistan Environmental Protection Council:-The apex body was first constituted in 1984 under section 3 of the Pakistan Environmental Protection adinance, 1983, with President of Pakistan as its chairman. In 1994, an amendment was made in the ordinance to Provide for the Prime Minister or # his nominee to be the head of the council. The council was reconstituted after enactment of the new lawie Pakistan Environmental Protection Act 1997. It is headed by the trime Minister of Pakistan. The council is represented by trate and industry, leading MGOS, educational intuitions, expert's journalists and concerned ministries => Establishment of Pakistan Environmental Protection Agency Under Section 5: In 1993, the Pakistan Environmental Protection Agency was established under section 60 of the Pakiston Environmental Protection or disance, 1983. The Agency started with meager

Day MTWTFS Daibe Staff and resources However, a number of actions were taken which included notification of NEQS in 1993 for municipal and liquid industrial effluents and industrial gaseous emissions, motor vehicle exhaust, and noise. The functions and responsibilities of the Agency enhanced and it was strengthened technically and logistically to meet the environmental challenges Pak-EPA also Provides technical Support to the Ministry of Environment. Functions of Pak-EPA under Section 6(2): The Federal Agency may. Understake inquiries of investigation into environmental issues, either of its own accord or upon complaint of any Person or organization ? Powers of Federal Agency under Section 7. The Federal Agency may. Summon and enforce the attendance of any person and require him to. Supply any information or decomentneed for the conduct of any.

Day MTWTFS Date enquiry or investigation jobs any environmental issues; => enter and inspect- and under the authority of a search warrant issued by the environmental magistrate, search at any responsible time any land, building, Premises, Vehicle, vessel, or other place where or in which, there are responsible ground to believe that an offence under this act has been or being committed => travincial Environmental Protection Agencies In all four Provinces, E-nuiconnental Protection agencies were created under the Provision of Pakistan Environmental Protection Act 1997. The Federal Government has delegated its powery to the Provincial governments and they have further delegated powers to the Provincial Environmental Protection Agencies. = Initial Environmental Examination and Environmental Impact Assessment under <u>Section</u> 12: Environmental Assessment is a Process

to examine the environment risky

Date -Day MTWTFS and benefits associated with the developmental Projects. The TEE and EIA Rocess has begun in the country in an organized manner. Section 12 explains that no proponent of a Project shall commence construction or openation unless he has filed with the federal agency as isitial environmental Examination or where the Project is litely to cause an adverse environmental effect, an Environmental Impact assessment and has obtained from Federal Agency Approval. An IEE/ELA Regulations 2000 has been notified under this section 2) Prohibition of Import of Hazardous Waste Under Section 13:-The Pakistan Environmental Protection Act 1997 requires that no person may import hazardous substances of which chemical activity is toxic, explosive flam able, Corrosive, radioactive, cause directly or Combination with over matters, go adverse environmental effect. => Regulation of Motor vehicle under Section 15:-Operation of a mater Vehicle from

Day MTWTFS Date \_\_\_\_\_ Which geseous emission or noise exceeds the NEQS, or other standards established by Palk-EPA where an bient conditions So require, have been prohibited. To ensure compliance with the NEQS the Pak-EPA has been empowered to direct that Polluhian control devices by installed in motor vehicles or fuels specified by Pak-EPA be used in them or specified maintenance or testing be carried out on them. 2 Establishment of Environmental Tribunals under section 20:-The Government is empowered to Constitute Environmental Tribunals to hear Cases relating to Pakistan Environmental Protection Act, 1997 The Federal Government has established four Environmental Tribunal one in each Province -> Formulation of Environmental Rules: Section 31 and 33 of this Act Provide. the powers for drafting and notification of any environmental act/law. Some of the environmental rules directed and notified include. 1 NEQS Rules 22001

Date Day MTWTFS 2. Environmental Sample Rules, 2001 3. Pollution charge for Endustry Rolles, 2000 4. Hospital Waster Management Rules, 2005-S. PEPA Regulations, 2000 > Delegation of Powers -Kowers Pertaining to environmental governance Can be delegated from federal gavernment to (Browincial governments and local governments under section 26 of Act 2. Establishment of Environmental Tribunals:-To ensure, the conformity with environmental rules in Pakistan. Section 20 OF PEPA 1997 directs to form environmental tribunals => Overview of Pakistan Environment Protection Agency (Pak-EPA):\_ Pak-EPA was established under section 5 of this Act. Earlier, in 1993, Similar was formed under section 6(d) of PEPO, 1983. The functions of Pak-EPA are mentioned in Section 6(2) of this Act-Pak-EPA can undertake any type of inquiry et investigation into environmental issues. Pak-EPA can summon anybody and can enter and inspect any Premises, building, and Kehicle through harronts issued by

Day MTWTFS Date -Magistrate as per provision of section 7 of this Act. EPA can be established in all Provinces. > IEE/ECA:-This Act enables the institutional mechinery to conduct Initial Environment Examination and Environment Impact Assessment of any Project under Powers Provided in Section 12 The Purposes of IEE/EIA Provided in this act are. 1. To examine the environmental ricks and benefits associated with development Projects a Process is used and is GlodEA 2. No Proponent of the Project shall Commence construction or operation without TEE. Prohibition of Emport of Hazardous => Waste = Section 13 of the Act Prohibits the import of hazardous Substances. This act defines such as substance as a Substance which is toxic, explosive, inflammable, Corrosive, radioactive, etc. Regulation of Motor vehicles:-Section 15 of this Act is focused

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on the regulation of use of motor vehicles II- directs the care of vehicle if gaseous emission or noise exceds the limits provided in NEQS or other standerds -> Penalhies of Non-conformance:-Section 17(5) of this Act Provides the Power to environmental magistrates to impose following Penalties in case of vide in and non-conformatice with the Provision of this act: 1. Imperisonment up to 2 years Fector 2 closure of the of the factory: 3 confriscation chicles, material machinery Substances You were supposed to add objectives, key features, amendments, strengths and weaknesses and impacts Since it says discuss, so we discuss and not elaborate You have got potential Good luck!