1. Write a précis of the following and suggest a suitable title: (20)

Clearly, the empirical study of the biochemistry of aggressive and violent behavior in humans has just begun. 'The most well-replicated relationship appears to be the inverse association between indicators of central serotonergic function und aggressive/violent behavior, or perhaps more specifically, impulsive aggressive/violent behavior. This general finding is supported by a large animal literature showing that experimental increases in 5-HT function result in decreases in aggression, while decrease in 5-HT function increases aggression. A positive relationship between testosterone and aggression/ violence is also suggested by a large number of studies. The magnitude of this relationship appears to be small, and it may be due, at least in part, to increases in restos-cerone following commission of aggressive or violent behavior. The inverse association between platelet MAO activity and aggressive/violent behavior is also intriguing; however, its significance remains questionable. It is important to note again that the large majority of studies on the biochemistry of aggression and violence in humans are correlational in nature; the direction of the brain-behavior, relationship cannot be specified from these studies.

A neglected area of research is the biochemistry of prosocial, affiliative behavior in humans, presumably these relationships would be the inverse of those found for aggressive and violent (i.e., antisocial) behavior (e.g., the serotonin reuptake inhibitor paroxetine increasing affiliative behavior in healthy volunteers). Higher order relationships are certainly possible, however. Greater emphasis also needs to be placed on experimental studies in humans in which neurotransmitter or hormonal functioning is altered and the effects on behavior observed. Such studies will help to elucidate the biochemical mechanisms contributing to human aggression and violence.

Investigators are only beginning to map out possible neurotransmitter/neurotransmitter and neurotransmitter/hormone interactions in the regulation of human aggressive and violent behavior. Serotonin/norepinephrine and serotonin/testosterone interactions have been hypothesized; however, experiments designed to test these relationships in humans have only just begun. One of the difficulties in this field is the lack of easily measurable peripheral indicators of central neurotransmitter function. Hormonal responses to neurotransmitter agonist challenges represent one such indicator; whole blood serotonin may yet prove to be another. Future investigation of adrenal/gonadal hormonal interactions promise to provide a greater understanding of the relationship between hormones, stress, and aggressive

Interactions between biochemistry and the environment will also need to be a focus of future investigation. A biochemical system may be tuned in such a fashion that it provides a template for the occurrence of aggression or violent behavior given the occurrence of certain environ mental stimuli, for example, individuals with low serotonin may exhibit aggressive behavior specifically when provoked. Studies designed to demonstrate persons by environment interactions will help to illuminate the multitude of interactions that likely occur in the expression of aggressive and violent behavior in humans. An array of newer techniques has the potential to further enhance our understanding of human aggressive, violent, and prosocial behavior. / vis imaging of brain neurotransmitter synthesis and receptor function will clarify

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the neurochemical systems regulating prosocial and aggressive behavior. Groups of well-defined individuals selected for specific behavioral characteristics (e.g. physical aggression, impulsivity) should be studied in order to advance our knowledge of the biochemistry of the components of clinical disorders (e.g., conduct disorder). Only through such fine-grained analyses will the biochemical underpinnings of

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8. Translate the following into English while keeping in view figurative/idiomatic

دہشت گردی کی بہت سی تعریفیں ہیں لیکن اسے عام طور پر سیاسی طور پر منظم غیر ریاستی اداکاروں/عناصر کی طرف سے امالک کو تباہ کرنے، لوگوں کو زخمی کرنے، پر غمال بنانے اور /یا شہریوں کو فتل کرنے اور اس ملک دیکھنے والے وسیع تر ساسعین کو ڈرانے اور متاثر كرنے كے ارادے سے كيے جانے والے سياسى تشدد كے طور پر ديكها جاتا ہے۔ بدف أبادى اور اس کی حکومت کے ردعمل دونوں میں سیاسی، مذہبی یا نظریاتی تبدیلی: نیز گروپ کے اپنے ہمدر دوں کے در میان حمایت حاصل کرنے کے لیے تبشت گر دی بہت زیادہ بڑے پیمائے پر ذرائع ابلاغ پر انحصار کرتی ہے تاکہ متاثرین کی نسبتاً کم تعداد پر کنے جانے والے حملوں کے نفسیاتی ائر کو زیادہ سے زیادہ اثر لینے والے سامعین کو خوفناک تصویریں فراہم کر سکیں۔ اس بات پر کافی تناز عہ ہے کہ کس کو دہشت گرد قرار دیا جانے، خاص طور ایو آئیسے حالات میں جہاں غیر ریاستی عناصر یعنی ازادی پسند (باغی یا گوریلا جنگجر) کو بیپی مقبوضہ علاقوں میں جانز بغاوتوں کی قیادت کے طور پر دیکھا جا سکتا ہے لیکن اس کے باوجود کوں دہشت گردوں کی طرح کے بته کندے استعمال کرتا ہے، دیکھنا چاہیے۔جیسے کہ بادی النظر میں ، عام شبریوں کو دھال کے طور پر استعمال کرنا اور اندھا دھند شہری اور فوجی ابداف کو نشانہ بنانا۔

Translation

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