·w	Political - Science 1_ 1_ bt	
a.	Discuss Montesquieus Theory of Seperation	<b>ID</b>
	of Powers. Why is he considered	
	of Powers. Why is he considered Asistotle of the 18 century?	
	the second of th	*
	Introduction	э Уч — Энн <sub>1</sub> 166
	the second of th	
	Montesquien was a famous 18th century	
	philospher and a judge. He presented	
	a master piece theory know as	
	Theory of Separation of powers." He presented	
	this theory in his book The Spirit of the laws	
	He defined the roles of different	
	institutions of a state and established	
	a trichotomy of power between them.	
	With such modern emphasis an rule of	
	how and development of political arena	
D .	hence called the pistofle of 18 "century.	
	The answer theret will pertain	
	and how a separation of power will	
		1 .1 Tu
	Se maistained by the persuit of rule of law.	

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	What is Montesquieus Theory of Separation of Power?	S
	The Theory of Separation of power defines the role of each institution Montesquien	
	Executive branch, by jolatine branch and judiciony branch. On top he defines a	
	concept of cheek and bolences which in corder to maintain the power within a state.	
<b>4</b> )	Menterquien's theory of seperation defining the role of legislative broad.	
	Montesquieu orgues the role of legislations  Branch as a low maker. The poloticions	
	through debates and bill procedure presenting a low for anneture. The purpose	
	afalgislatur on to represent the society while fouring on low making to prevent	
	to Dring justice, other institutes must be seperated from each other. At mentioned	

	in the book Political Thought", Monkequien	
	defines the mixture of legislature with	
	executive leading to tyranny. Therefore,	
	he defines the concept of separation of	
	power.	
4)	Theory of Separation delining the	
-	Theory of Separation defining the role of Executive branch.	
	Told of Checus. Startes.	
	The theory of separation defines executives	
	role as a low enforcer and administrator.	
	The head of the state Pine Minister or the	F
	President, are all part of executive	
	Granch. If there is no liberty among	
	the institutions than the executive world	
	enforce those laws only made by thenselves.	
	The role of executive without any	
	liberty is seen in licabalosships In this	
	form of government, the administrator	
	and the low maker are me signeme	
	being resulting to no liberty and tyronny.	

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9	Theory of Separation of power defining role of Judiciony in a state.	
	defining role of Judiciony in a state.	
	As faid by William Blackston "The role	
	As faid by William Blackston "The role and interpret of the judiciary to to implement how and	
	not make it ". Montesquen defines the	
	role of judiciary in his book spirit	
	of laws the grate of judicing	
	as a low interpretor and a justice gives.	
	He orgues the power of judicing and	
	defines the use of constitution of a state	
	in order to protect the citizens of that	
	State. He also defines the agument	
	that if the judiciary controls the	
	executive one the læjslature, there would	
	be no liberty and judicial oppression	
	will take place.	
d)	The concept of Check and Rolance	
	The concept of Check and Rolance between all three branches of state	
	Montesquier lune the them it consider	
	Montesquier luys the theory of tepleration of power and along with this he establish	

a concept of cheeks and balonces of	
institutions on each other. He defines how	
without checks and bolonces either one	
of the instations will become to poweful	
and will challege the state. Therefore, a	
system of checks and baknes is must	
in order to bring justice. For example,	
United States of America stricky follows	
this concept. The Bresident being the supreme	
culturity in USA also faces the Is and	
balances during the mid-term elections	
Ly in Us House of Representatives Therefore,	
Us President con move vishts of war	
by the executive of any moment	
during war fore. Indicion on the other hand	
also has a power, this is known as	
 the judicial review or suo Moto action.	
If whener, the judiciary seems to believe	12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12
that either legislature or the executive	
 are not fairly acting on their behalf,	7
the judiciary con take legal action	
tetter to amul either to amul a	
law or to stay a delision of executive.	

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	Criticism to Monteguieu's theory	
	Criticism to Montesquien's theory of separation of power.	
	Montesquieu's theory does four on a	
	check and balance, but this form	
	will change the slupe of trickstory of	
	power. If either one of the branch	
	interesees in another chuty, this will	
	climinate the purpose of this Heavy.	
	Soverjuty of each institute will be composited	
=>	Why is Montesquier considered Aristotle of the 18th Century?	
	Aristotle of the 18th century?	
<u>a</u> )	The concept of Check and Rolance.	
	He defines this concept in order to tackle the cossue of institutional oppnession and tyronogy leading to overall dictataship	
	the cosur of institutional oppnession	
	and tyronog leading to overall dictataship	
	[10] [10] [10] [10] [10] [10] [10] [10]	
<u>b)</u>	Montesquiers extrain on Role of low	
	Both montesquien and Aristotle were	

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distr	verig rule of low. Rule	of low
그 이 이 사람들은 아이들은 얼마나 되었다면 하다는 그들은 사람들이 되었다면 하는데 하는데 되었다면 하다면 하다면 하다면 하다면 하는데	the key element is a s.	2 : [MAN : 10 : 10 N : 4 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10
	Il be foroved The fre Kis	
4 : 이렇게 되었습니다. 그렇게 하면 보면 하면 보고 있습니다. 그런 사람들은 보다 보고 있습니다. 그런 보다	ogy notes Montesquine	그림은 이 사람들은 이번 경기들이 불명하고 있는데, 그는데, 이번을 되는 그렇게 나를 했다고 하는데, 모양이는데, 이번 때
[1] A CHARLES TO THE CONTROL OF THE	Toble of 18" century.	그러면 이번에 가지 않는데 얼마를 살아보니 있는데, 이번 사람들이 되었다면 되었다면 하는데 그렇게 되었다면 되었다. 그를 다 하는데 그렇게 되었다면 되었다는데 그를 다 하는데 그렇게 되었다면 되었다. 그를 다 그렇게 되었다면 그렇게 되었다면 그를 다 되었다면 그렇게
요하다면 Herman 이 이 에서 (100 이번 Herman) 하나 보세 등 이 이번 시간 하나 되고 있습니다. [17]	s the second part of the ar	에는 보고 이 가능하는 얼마에 가장 되어 내려. 역사사장 제품이었어? 가는 없다며 🖊 기름으로 다고 모든 이 없다
	aultiple-subbeadings upde	그렇게 크리 그 얼굴이 없는 얼마나는 나를 하는데 하는데 그는 아니는 아니는 그렇게 그렇게 그렇게 다 들어 가는 그 그렇게 되어 그 그 그렇다.
patter	n	
The	theory of deparation is a	giff
	riety by the early wer	
	yshers. This conceypt of the	
	lower is now mostly foll	
	er western and pastern	
	ideology along with the	이 내가 그리고 있는 사람이 그렇게 살아가는 그래요 아니라면 하다 그 그리고 아니네네트를 하고 그녀면서 하나요.
	s and balances has the	중 교통 그는 그 전 그 전경적으로 한다고 있다면 가장하는 수 있는 그 그 그 그 그리고 있다는 그를 내려왔다는 그 것을 하고 있다.
Telephore (Control of the Control of	rath of justice to citiz	뭐이 그렇게 살이 다시다. 안 지역 계속되었어야 되는 이번 그래 밤이 하다고 하다.
	tate. Along with such Sin	그 걸을 내용 가는 이번 경우가 되었다. 이 경우에 돈을 하는 것은 이 없는데 되었다면 하고 하다.
af 1	Montesquier and Aristotle	e while
	using Rule of law and	그렇게 마셨다면 다른 마음이 없는 그 사람이 되었다면 하다면 살아보니 바쁘다 그 없다.
	ces. proves Monfeoquien	그의 현존 다양은 역 하나 이 사람들이 살아왔다. 그 나를 먹는 때 나를 받는다.
	re Aristotle of the 18"	