Name: Attia Altaf. Batch: 63 Subject: Environmental Science. A Q.NO. 2. Eutrophication is a phenomena Caused by the abnormal growth of algae in a water body? What are the reasons of algal bloom and how Can this phenomenon be controlled? 1 Introduction :-The term "eutrophic means well-nourished: thus, "eutrophication refers to natural on artificial addition of nutrients to bobes of water and to the effects of the added nutrients. when the effects are undesirable, eutrophication may be considered a form of pollution. Nixon (1995) defined it as an increase in the rate of supply of organic matter in an ecosystem. It is the process by which a body of water a Godcise your introduction of nutrients, especially phosphates and nitrales. These typically promote excessive growth of algae. As the algae die and decompose, high levels of organic matter

and the decomposing organisms deplete the water of avoilable oxygen, causing the death of other organisms, such as Fish. Similarities, including subsequent negative environmental effects such as anoxia, and severe reduction in water quality, and other animal populations may occur. 23 Eutrophication is a phenomena Caused by the abnormal growth of algae in a water body:-21 => what is Eutrophication:-Eutrophication is a complex environmental Phenomenon charaderized by the abnormal growth of algae in a water body, leading to detrimental effects on aquatic ecosystems. This process occurs when excess nutrients, primarily nitregen and phospherus, accumulate in water bodies. 2.2 . Causes of abnormal Algae Growth:-The abnormal growth of algal is triggered by homan activities that release excessive notrients into water bodies. other species may

experience an increase in population that negatively affects other species in the direct ecosystem. In Simpler terms it is the bloom of Phytoplankton in a water body. It is often the result of anthropogenic Pollution with nutrients, particulary the release of sewage effluent and agricultural run-off carrying fertilizons into natural waters. ge also occures naturally in situations where nutrients accomplate, or where they flow into systems on an ephemeral basis. Eutrophications generally promotes excessive plant growth and decay, favours Simple algae and plankton over other more complicated plants, and cause a Severe. reduction in water quality. Agricultural Kunoff, Sewer and wastewater, discharge industrial effluents, and atmosphere deposition. These nutrients fuel the growth of algal, disrupting the natural balance of aquatic ecosystems,

2.3 Role of Nutrients in Algae Crowth:-Nutrients such as nitrogen and phosphorus are essential for algae growth. However, in excess, they stimulate rapid growth, 1) Increased Phytoplankton biomass. in Enhanced Photosynthesis. in Rapid cell division. 25, Effects of Abnormal Algae Growth: 3.1 Consequences of Algal Blooms:-The abnormal growth of algae has farreached consequences. U Depletion of Dissolved Duplen:-Algae consumption of oxygen leads to hypoxia in <u>Reduced</u> Water Transparency. Algal blooms decrease water clarity. (in Alteration of Aquatic Food Commis:-Changes in algale populations impact aquatic species in Production of Toxins: - Certain algae Produce toxins harmful to humans and wildlife. 3.2 5 Impact on Aquatic Life:-Albournal algae growth narms aquatic life in Various Ways: Eish Kills: Reduced Oxygen levels

lead to fish mortality. in Changes in Species Composition:-Altered food chains impact sensitive species in Loss of Biodiversity Eutrophication contributes to ecosystem degradation. 3.3 Human Health Risks:-Exposure to toxic algae blooms poses health risks to humans, including: on Respiratory Issues:-Inhaling toxins from algae blooms. is Skin Irritation:-Contact with toxic algae. (1) Gastrointestinal Problems :-Ingesting contaminated water or sectood, Anthropogenic a "man-made" Natural Eutrophication. eutrophication. Oligotrophy. olig otes phy. - Ye Thousands of years. =>> mesotrophy. Urban Runoff Industrial Discharge Decades Festilizers and Pesticides, Erosion and Sectionent atton. Hundreds and Hypereutra Eutrophy and Hypereutes BEutrophy and Hypereutro Process of Eutophication)

4 Classification of Aquatic System:a) oligotrophic: Pour nutrient status and Poor Productivity. (2) Mesotropic: Moderate nutrient status and moderate productivity. (3) Eutrophic: Rich not lent status and rich Productivity. 4.1 > Process: Due to addition of notrients, Olizotrophic Aquatic system converts into mesotrophic Aquatic system and mesotrophic Aquitic system converts into Euleoteopic Aquatic System. Mater loses its aesthetic and economic Value. Organic depris and Sill- Settles at the bottom Margins of aquatic body turn into a marsh with a small shallow pond at the centre 5 Liebig's Low of Minimum: Growth of plant primarly depends upon availability of controlling nutrients. According to Liebig, continuation of growth depends. upon availability of minimum quantity of anyone of the controlling nutrients and the corresponding nutrients are called limiting nutrients. Eutrophication can be Controlled by controlling the concentration

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