

Wednesday

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23/10/2024

Dated:

Environmental Science

Short Note

(10 marks)

d. Write down a short note on the following:

Solid waste management:

The term Solid waste management mainly refers to the complete process of collecting, treating and disposing of solid wastes.

In the waste management process, the wastes are collected from different sources and are disposed of. This process includes collection, transportation, treatment, analysis and disposal of waste. It aims to reduce the negative impact of waste on the environment and health.

"The greatest threat to our planet is the belief that someone else will save it" (Robert Swan)

Components of Solid Waste Management:

1. Waste Generation:

This refers to the production of waste material from households, industries and commercial entities.

Understanding the types and volume of waste generated is the first step in effective management.

"The waste of plenty is the resource of scarcity"

(Thomas Love Peacock)

Dated:

(2)

2. Waste Collection:

The process of gathering and transporting waste from its points of origin to a location where it can be processed or disposed of. Effective collection systems are crucial for maintaining hygiene and preventing littering.

"The world is changed by your example, not by your opinion" (Paulo Coelho)

3. Waste Handling and Separation:

This involves sorting waste materials at the source or collection points. Proper segregation (e.g. organic, recyclable and hazardous waste) facilitates recycling and reduces the volume of waste sent to landfills.

4. Waste Storage:

Temporary storage of waste in bins or containers before it is collected and transported. Safe and hygienic storage prevents the spread of diseases and environmental contamination.

"Industries often store hazardous waste temporarily before treatment or disposal."

Strict regulation in countries like

US and the EU mandate the use of sealed containers to prevent leaks and

spills, reducing environmental risks"

(EPA, 2022)

Dated:

(3)

5. Waste Transportation:

The movement of waste from collection points to treatment facilities, recycling centers, or disposal sites. Effective transportation systems ensure efficient handling of waste materials.

"A journey of sustainability begins with the safe transport of waste."

6. Waste Processing and Treatment:

This includes recycling, composting, incineration and other methods to reduce the volume and toxicity of waste. Treatment can convert waste into usable products, energy and safe disposal materials.

7. Waste Disposal:

The final step, which involves disposing of residual waste in landfills or other designated sites. Proper disposal is critical to minimize environmental impacts, such as soil and water contamination.

"There is no such thing as 'away'. When we throw anything away, it must go somewhere."
(Annie Leonard)

These components work together to create an efficient and sustainable solid waste management system.

