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## Energy Crisis in Pakistan: Causes and consequences.

### Outline

#### 1. Introduction:

1.1: Pakistan has been grappling with a severe energy crisis for several years.

1.2: Thesis Statement

#### 2 Causes of Energy crisis in Pakistan

2.1: Expensive agreements with Independent power producers (IPPs).

2.2: Faulty and outdated transmission lines

2.3: Excessive reliance on non-renewable energy resources

2.4: Lack of ~~policy~~ political will and ineffective policy making.

2.5: Excessive electricity thefting specially in underprivileged areas.

2.6: Unpaid or partially paid electricity bills by govt institutions.

2.7: Privileged free electricity service for government officials.

### 3 Consequences of Energy Crisis in Pakistan.

3.1: Costly agreements with IPP's causing higher electricity tariffs burden on consumers.

3.2: Faulty transmission lines disrupts power supply.

3.3: Over-reliance on non-renewable sources impacting environmental degradation and dependency on imported fuels.

3.4: Lack of political will and ineffective policies causing corruption and mismanagement.

3.5: Electricity theft causing a massive revenue loss.

3.6: Unpaid or partially paid government bills leads to an undue burden on ordinary citizens.

3.7: It primarily increasing the circular debt burden on government.

4. Conclusion.