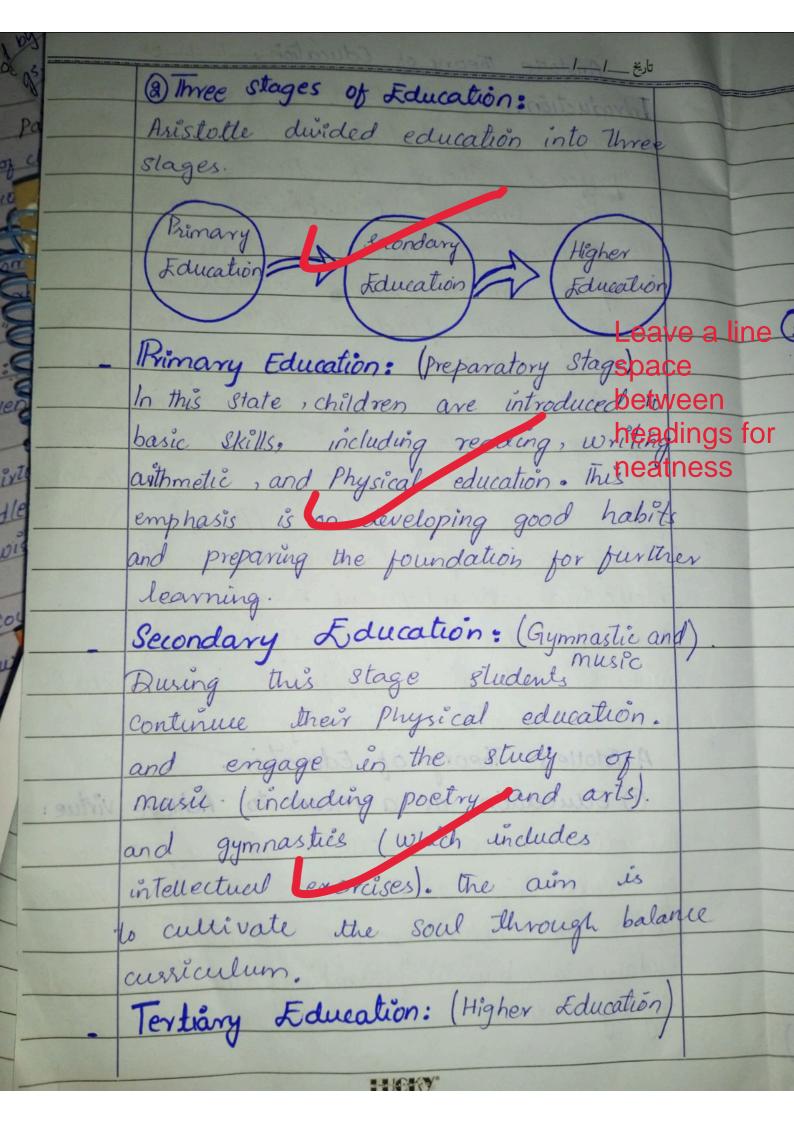
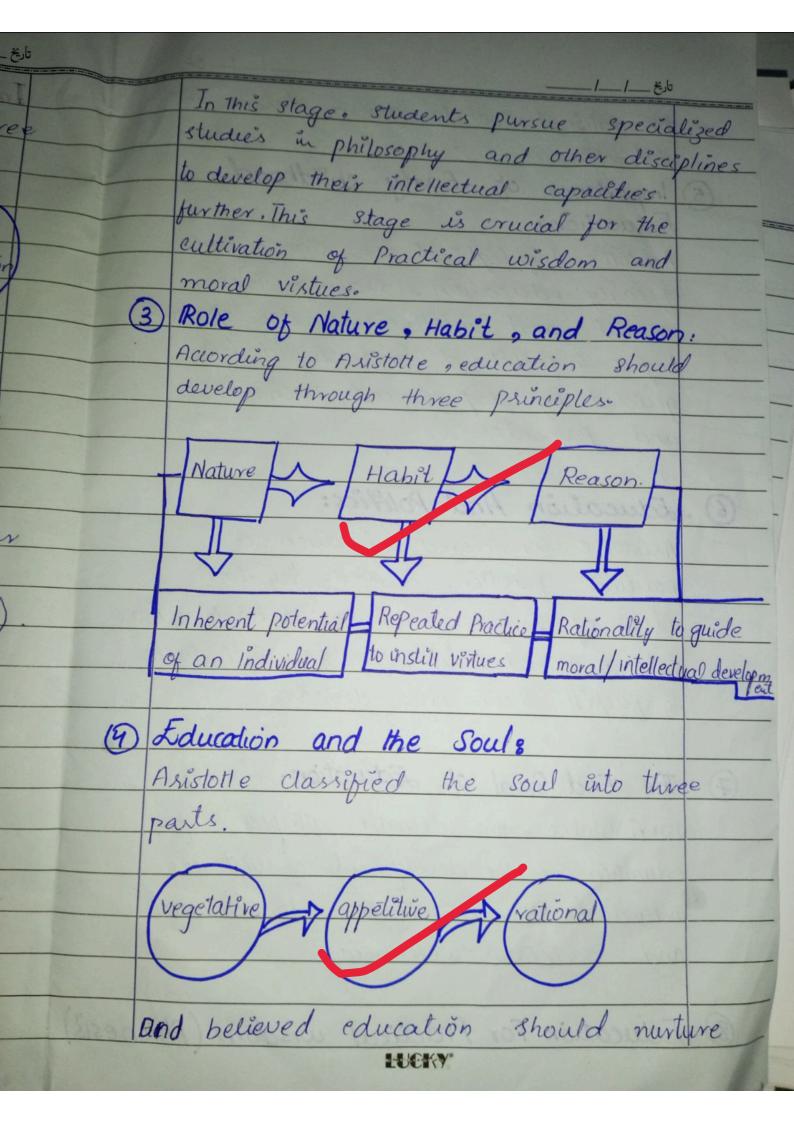
these are just notes, and cannot BCE), the Greek belawarded marks student of plate offered a projound theory of education rooted in his broader philosophical framework. He believed education was essential for developing moral virtues, intellectual reasoning, and practical skills necessary for living virtues and pulfilling of lifefor Asistotle, education is not merely acquering knowledge but about shaping individuals to contribute to the well-being of the state. His holistic approach encompasses physical, moral, and intellectual development, emphasizing the importance of aligning education with the natural development of individuals and the needs of society. Asistotle's Theory of Education: 1) Education as a means to Achieve virtue: Aristotle viewed education as a process of cultivating moral and intellectual virtues, which are necessary for achieving endaimonia (human flourishing). He emphasized aligning education with ethical values.





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	the rational soul to govern desire and
	instincts.
_(	5) Importance of Early childhood
	Aducation:
	Asistotte highlighted the significance
	Jearly education, statung that
	moral and intellectual development
	begins in childhood and should be
24	guided by experienced teachers
	and parents.
(1)	A-1888 A LANGE A SOUTH
6	Education And Politics:
	Assistotle considered education a
-	political function. A well-educated
40 S 107	citizenry is essented for a harmonious
6469	state , as excation molds individuals
1	to fulfill their civic duties.
	P Kilverticin and the Scuts
7	The End Goal of Education:
	For Aristotle, the ultimate purpose of
	education is the development of virtuous
2	cauration is no state to become
	individual who contributes to personal
	and societal well-being.
0	Education For Practical wisdom (Phrone

	カット 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1
	Practical western phronesses, or
	practical wisdom which allows individuals to make ethical decisions in daily life.
	Education should provide the skills to
	act wisely in real world situations.
	deithre productivity
9	Liberal And Proclical Education:
	Assistotte distinguished between liberal
	education, aimed at intellectual and
	moral growth and pactical education,
	pocusing on vocational and technical
- PERSON	SIcills. He avocated for a balance
	between the two. Use specific and self
	explanatory headings
(0)	Role of Teachers:
	Teachers Play a critical role in
	Aristotle's theory, arthey guide
	students in moral reasoning and
	Students in moral reasoning and intellectual inquiry through exemplary
	conduct and effecture methods.
	conduct and of
	Die I Fauntin
	Physical Education:
	Aristotte stressed the importance of
	physical education for maintaining
1	health and civic responsibilities.

تاریخ \_\_\_ا\_\_\_ا intellectual growth. Discuss the critica analysis part in detail Conclusion: Aristotle's theory of education reflects his belief in the interconnection of ettucs, polítics, Philosophy. He regarded education as an essential tool for cultivating virtuous, rational and well-rounded come individuals capable of contributing to personal and societal harmony. His emphasis on holistie development-physical, moral, and intellectual - remains influential in modern educational practices. Axistotle's insights remind us that true education transcends mere unowledge agaisition raining instead to shape character reason , and the ability to act ethically in Society.