PRÉCIS

Central Superior Services Examination (CSS) 1995

Passage.

When you see a cockroach or a bed-bug your first reaction is one of disgust and that is immediately, followed by a desire to exterminate the offensive creature. Later, in the garden, you see a butterfly or a dragonfly, and you are filled with admiration at its beauty and grace. Man's feelings towards insects are ambivalent. He realizes that some of them for example, -flies and cockroaches arc threats to health. Mosquitoes and tsetse flies have in the past sapped the vitality of entire tribes or nations. Other insects are destructive and cause enormous losses. Such arc locusts, which can wipe out whole areas of crops in minutes; and termites, whose often insidious ravages, unless checked at an early stage, can end in the destructing of entire rows -of houses. Yet men's ways of living may undergo radical changes if certain species of insects were to become extinct. Bees, for example, pollinate the flowers of many plants which are food sources.' In the past, honey was the only sweetening agent known to man in some remote parts of the world. Ants, although they bite and contaminate man's food are useful scavengers which consume waste material that would otherwise pollute the environment. Entomologists who have studied insect fossils believe them to have inhabited the earth for nearly 400 million years. Insects live in large numbers almost everywhere in the world, from the hottest deserts and the deepest caves to the peaks of-high Mountains and even the snows of the polar caps. Some insect communities are complex in organizations, prompting men to believe that they possess an ordered intelligence. But such organized behaviour is clearly not due to-developed brains. If we have to compare them to humans, bee and ant groups behave like extreme totalitarian societies. Each bee or ant seems to have a determined role to play instinctively and does so without deviation. The word "instinct" is often applied to insect behaviour. But some insect behaviour appears so clear that one tends to think that some sort of intelligence is at work. For example, the worker bee, upon relating to the hive after having found a new source of nectar, communicates his discovery by a kind of dance which tells other bees the direction and distance away of the nectar.



Final Draft

Comment Man's feelings Towards Insects
rewrite this part its grammatically The author explores that Some
insects make humans scary to eliminate
their existance. Contrarily, some insects inspire the
sights of men According to the authors men have
différent feelings for numerous insects. Humans
know that some insects pose threat to
their health. Many others can harm the
existance of humans? The author
ascribes that insects live in different seasons
across the globe. Some insects l'ue sin
groups while other live separately The
abriter describes that insects have
different poles insects perform different
activities within groups According to the
writer that injects have different behavious.
This makes the appearance of insects behavior (Total words of)
pretis 102

Mastering Précis for PMS, CSS



Remarks by Examiner

nain précis	Yes	N
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Main aspect(s) of an idea is/are covered		
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Cohesion/rhythm/orgnization needs improvement		on F
Spelling(s) mistakes are found		
Need for improvement in grammar		
Is length per Requirement?		
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Title matches with précis/main idea		
Language of title is weak/incorrect		
Length of title as per standard		
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