

- Name: Rahmat
- Batch: 59 NOR 15B
- Task: Outline + Introduction

Human rights are the first casualty in any conflict.

Outline:

1. Introduction:

Thesis statement: Undoubtedly, human rights are the first targets in conflicts. Wars around the globe have been resulting in mass killings of civilians, displacing individuals and promoting rape as a weapon of war. Conflicts are harming the freedom, dignity and basic rights of humans.

2. How human rights are the first casualty in conflicts:

2.1 mass killings of civilians

A case in point: **Palestine vs. Israel war**

2.2 massive displacement during wars

"The Ethnic Cleansing of Palestinians" **Ilan Pape**

2.3 Rape is being used as a weapon of war

"International Review of **Red Cross**"

2.4 Force definition of civilians

Israel Defence Force vs. Gazians 2024

2.5 war crime against natives

Dahiya Doctrine

2.6 Starvation is being used as a strategy

"A Question of Palestine" **Edwin Said**

2.7 Destruction of education system

A case in point: **Syrian Civil war**

2.8 Suppression of freedom of speech

Bob Woodward "War"

2.9 Destruction of health care

A case in point: **Gaza**

2.10 Economic destruction during wars
R case in point: Farmers of Ukraine

2.11 Digital propaganda against the victims
International Crisis Group Report (ICGR)

3. Recommendations to prevent the destruction of human rights in wars:

3.1 Flow of humanitarian aids must be ensured

3.2 Reducing attacks on civilian infrastructure
Article 8 (a), (b), 1, 2 of ICC

3.3 Role of international community is needful to involve in conflicts

3.4 International peace keeping organizations must ban the use of starvation as a weapon in wars

4. Conclusion

The Essay

Marwan Bashra, an author of "Palestine-Israel: A Peace or Apartheid" explored the story of a Palestinian woman. Haseena was a young girl at the time of Nakba 1948 (massive displacement of Palestinians). The Israeli forces forcefully displaced her family from one of the villages of Ramallah. Haseena's family left the garden of olives along with home. Haseena's family stayed in a refugee camp of Gaza. She experienced the raids of Israeli troops till 2006. Her family was forgotten by the Israeli Air Force. Consequently, she lost parents and brother. It was a horrible era of war during 1999-2005. Haseena suffered defecation, starvation, oppression and suppression from the Israelis. Finally, she committed suicide in 2006 due to the horrible consequences of war. Undoubtedly, there are billions of suppressed individuals like Haseena in war zones. Wars are like storms which spoil the existence of everything on the earth. Human rights are the first casualty in conflicts. Conflicts have been resulting in massive casualties, displacements, rape against civilians and defecations. Humans during wars also face war crime of attackers, starvation, destruction of health and education systems. Economic violence and propagandas are also the notorious features in conflicts. Humans' rights can be protected in wars through the involvement of international community and peace keeping organizations. Thus, human rights are the first casualty in wars.

Name: Rahmat Khan
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Task: Outline

Why is achieving good governance is so difficult in Pakistan?

Outline:

1. Introduction:

Thesis statement: Pakistan is one of the underdeveloped nations with internal errors. These errors include lack of administrative expertise, national disintegration, illiteracy, weak accountability, male domination and terrorism. Consequently, these factors are making difficulties to achieve good governance in Pakistan.

2. Reasons for setback of good governance in Pakistan:

2.1 Lack of expertise in administration

A case in point: Police Department of Pakistan

2.2 National disintegration is an hurdle for good governance

"Pakistan: A Hard Country" Anatol Lieven

2.3 Illiteracy among the masses

Global Gender Gap Report 2024

2.4 Proper accountability of individuals

Human Development Index Report 2023-24

2.5 Domination of males on high positions

"My Feudal Lord" Tehmina Durrani

2.6 Terrorism is an hurdle for good governance

"IPRI Journal" Causes and Recommendation to Terrorism"

2.7 Sectarianism is posing threats to good governance in Pakistan

A case in point: Panchmar Chapter 2024

2.8 weak judicial system of the provinces

Reuters News Agency Report

2.9 Strong local cultural domination

"A Brief History of Pakistan" William James

2.10 Multiculturalism nature of Pakistan

2.11 Misunderstanding of religion in Pakistan

A case in point: Variant views on laws

3. Steps to achieve good governance in Pakistan:

3.1 Promoting education among the masses

3.2 Reformation in Judiciary

3.3 Strict accountability against the criminals

3.4 Elimination of corruption

4. Conclusion