NOTE: (i) Part-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book. MAXIMUM MARKS = 20PART-H (ii) Attempt ALL questions from PART-II. MAXIMUM MARKS = 80 (hi) All the parts (if any) of each Question must be attempted at one place instead of at different places. (iv) Write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q.Paper. (v) No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answer Book must be crossed. (vi) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the question will not be considered. PART-II Q. 2. Write a précis of the following and suggest a suitable title: The fear of human beings when faced with the mysteries of life and their weakness by comparison with the vastness of nature created in them a need to communicate with the divine, with the superior powers which they believed regulated the universe and determined their own fates. Knowledge of wishes of the gods was always a sure guide for human behavior. In ancient Greece, the precise nature of these wishes was 'decoded' by the art of spiritualist declared their dracles by interpreting flashes of lightening, rolls of thunder or the flights of certain birds of prey (omens); alternatively, they might observe the direction in which the first of th made, examine the entrails of animals which had just been sacrificed, or base judgments on the sacrificial beast's willingness to approach the altar. The interpretation of dreams was popular too, and so was palmistry. The most notable soothsayers of ancient Greece were Tiresias, Calchas, Helenus, Amphiaraus and Cassandra. > fortune-telling evident, reweat However, there were abundant instances in which the gods did not manifest themselves to the faithful in the forms , bit of signs but spoke directly to an intermediate who for a short time was overcome by a 'divine mania' and que transcended his own human essence. Here the prophet- or more usually the prophetess- entered a state of ecstasy beyond borne great religious in which he or she delivered the message from the gods to the suppliants. petitionalppellant pusu

These practices for foreseeing the future were the basis on which the ancient Greek oracles operated. Each oracle was located within a properly-organized sanctuary and was directly associated with one or other of the gods.

Apollo was the archetypal soothsayer-for the-Greeks, the-god-who-was-responsible-for-conveying to mortals-thedecisions pronounced by Zeus. The most important of all the oracles, that at the Delphi, delivered the messages with the intervention of Apollo, while the oldest that of Dodona, functioned with the assistance of Zeus.

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