



2.

KINZA-OB 60

Outline

Introduction:-

- a. Definition of Hybrid warfare ✓
- b. Supporting statements ✓
- c. Thesis :- At present increased use of artificial intelligence, deep fake, false and manipulated information and a lot more such factors indicate that social media is being used as a tool of hybrid warfare. ✓

Main Body

1. Cyber Crimes

a. Cyber Attacks ✓

b. Hacking ✓

c. Manipulation of information ✓

make proper phrases

2. Publicity and Propaganda ✓

a. Widespreading false information ✓

b. Fifth generation warfare ✓

c. Social image of nation-state at risk ✓

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3.

3. Misuse of Social media

- a. Fake accounts
- b. Social media influencers: opinion builder
- c. Deep fake videos

4. Consequences of Misuse

- a. Insurgency
- b. Sectarianism
- c. Influence public opinion (Trump victory)

5. Social media: A booster of violence

- a. Create social unrest
- b. Promotion of Terrorism
- c. Fake viral videos creating chaos

6. Examples: Social media used as a tool

- a. Russia - Ukraine war
- b. Saudi-Iran proxy war
- c. Hindu-Muslim conflicts

Conclusion

- a. Final statements
- b. Remedies to counter social media threat
- c. Example of Singapore.

Do not add examples/case studies in concluding paragraph
Make proper phrases so that outline become self-explanatory

NO

YES

4.

**IS PAKISTAN
READY FOR Digital
REVOLUTION?**

- Literacy rate
- Infrastructure underdevelopments
- Lack of Awareness
- Slow progress of IT sector
- Misuse of social media
- Ignorance of gov.
- Unorganized Youth
- Brain drain
- Lack of opportunities for IT experts

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- Increased n.o of internet users
- Mobile Phone supply
- Online earning involvement
- Online learning in Schools
- Government initiatives
- Technical & vocational training
- Digitalization of businesses
- Young Population 65% → more likely to adopt digital technology
- Coding, AI & other digital courses
- Cybersecurity
- Digital Payment systems
- E-government services
- Encouragement of startups

Outline

Introduction

- a. Hook ✓
- b. Supporting lines ✓
- c. Thesis: Although Pakistan is facing challenges like low digital literacy; infrastructure gaps, government negligence and security concerns, it has a potential of digitalization by increasing involvement in technical training, e-learning and e-earning platforms, encouragement of startups at many more. Unless, these problems are addressed Pakistan will ~~not~~ ^{neither} become prosperous nor ~~become~~ respectable.

Main Body

No, Pakistan is not ready →

- 1. Government's Negligence ✓
 - a. Lack of infrastructure development ✓
 - b. Lack of opportunities ✓
 - c. Problems in vocational sectors ✓

2. Digital literacy

- a. Low literacy rate
- b. Lack of Awareness
- c. Misuse of social media

3. Major Factors

- a. Brain Drain
- b. Unorganized Youth
- c. Slow progress in IT sector

Yes; Pakistan is ready

1. Use of internet

- a. Increased internet users
- b. Increased demand of mobile phones
- c. Increased demand of smooth internet

2. Involvement in Digitalization

- a. E-Learning structures
- b. E-Commerce
- c. Online platforms like YouTube, Instagram

3. Government initiatives

- a. Programs like Digital Pakistan
- b. Technical & vocational training
- c. E-government services

7.

4. Major Factors

- a. Young Population i.e more adaptable to digital technology
- b. Degrees of coding, AI, IT and cyber security.
- c. Encouragement of startups

Conclusion

- a. Summary
- b. Remedies to overcome hurdles.

The End