( While a comprehensive note on Hajing and its Spiritual, moral and Social inpacts. Introduction: Hajj is an annual pilgrimage to Makkah and a mondalory religious duty gor Muslims that must be carried out at least once in a lige time by all me Muslims who are propully med jonnicely Capable of endertaking the journey and are able to Support their gamely during their absence. The state of being physically and jinomically capable of Performing Haji & called " Petita'ah", and a wistin who quigills this endition is called a mustati. The pilgrinage is a 5 day activity that occurs from the 8th to 10th of Dal-al-Hagrah, the last month of the Islami calendar. Diguest meanings of the Azeave; space before every In Arabic, the word the wholeadingusolve to some magnificent dely, or to aim. While enceptually Hajj represents a transformation experience, where me leaves behind worldly attechments and seeks spiritual redemption and purefuration. Helorical background of thaif: The historical background of Hajj dates back to the pre- Islami era when the Kaba was a sacred site gas pagos Arabs who performed a pilgomage to it annually. Hagrat Borahim (As) built the Kanha with his son Hagat Ismael. In 148 628 Ct, Prophet Muham (PBUH) Jormalized the Hajj rituals and cleaned the Kanbor of pages idols during his me gled mly Polyrimage. As Allah in Quan monting the Background of Karba And when I brahim and Ismail re-created the poundations ( Al- Bagarah - 127) % the house

Conditions for Hajj to be Obligatory:
Hajj is obligatory on every Muslim mand and com aggord to emdertake the purpose to Mohkah. as Allah says in Quran, Pilgringe, there to is a duly men owe to Albeh, - Those who can apport However, the danger to life or the danger of war in the Holy land or around it or in mes our courling may everyt one from the pilgrimage the Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) and his companions could not perform pilgruings for hany years after migration to Madinah as the was a grave danger to their lives. Hajj and its diquent kinds: a- Hajj al-Harad: Hajj al- strad is a simple Hajj. A pilgrim of performing Hajj alone He does not combine of with Umah. The person who perform Hajj al-Ifrad is called Mugnid!

6- Hajj al-Quan: entering into the state of Thron with the Niyah Gram is an Anabie word which mans to combine two things. A pilgrim who persones this kind of Hajj, combines Hajj and Unrah, that he assumes Irham wills the Niggah to accomplesh both of them. The person who performs this kind of this is coalled firen. The residents of Mathah and hills are not allowed to preson this heid of Hay and of they do so there will be service of a speige hand that will be obligating on them.

c Hajj al- lamattu: Pomatte means to enjoy or to take advantage of a gacility. A pilgrims who perform this kind of the performs Unrah and then on the 8" of Dhul Hajj with the intentions of Hajj he performs Hajj. The person who performs this kierd of Hajj is called Mutamtli formidh of Hajj. a. To assume thram, that is to perform Nijyah (intention) to perform Hajj and to recite lalbigut. 5- Wagey at Arapat. To stay at Arapat, even & itbe for a moment, from after Zawal of my Hajj till the dawn of the 10th Dhul Hajj c. Taway al- Zigarah, It may be performed anytime from the morning of the 10" Diffel Hajj till the Simset of the 12" Ohal Ha Wajibat of Hays. a- Wugy at Mugalijah: Mis & quijan, at the appointed time during the halt at Muedaligal. 6- Vacy: Traversing sever times beliefs Sages and Manusch a Ramy al. Jamarat: Storing the Devil, where pilgions Imois pekbles at three pollars representing Salan d. Nahr: The sacrific of minal figure front they goat or sheep) to commemorate the willingness of Prophet Porahim to sacrifice his son Ismail e- Halg: Shaving or culling of hair, menumication of worldly altachments and a gresh start. +. laway al-Wada: the parewell laway, the Circumambulation of the Kanta before depailing Makket making the end of the Hajo profringe.

Impacts of Hijj on Human lije: 1. Spiritual impacts of Hajo on human lige, a. A serve of Unity with other Muslims, The Hajj pilgrinage is a time who shustins from all over the world some together to payorm a series of retuals. This shared experience create a sense The Guran says, "Pushially proclaim Hajj you all people so that they come to you from every corner of world. Surah - Al Hayj -28) b. Forgiveness from all past sins, Hajj yew a chance for spinitual cleansing and Angiveness of past sins, allowing Muslims to start a new. The Prophet men said in a Hadilli, Moever produin Hajj; and does not commit only observity or transgression will return as he was on the day his mother gave bight to him! Bakhari c. Deep connection with Alah: Hajj strengthens one relationship with Allah, increasing failt and devotion a / Iral impacts of Hajj: 1 - Hajj embadies commitment to superior morality. The pilgrim is asked to not to do anything which would deplect him from the path of his act of worship. He must not talk poolishly or say anything on well. Rather he is collect upon to bear the harm of those who sin The pilgrimage is the well known month, and whoever is minded to perform the pilgrimage thereis, there is no lewdress nor abuse nor angry conversation on

on the pilginage." (Surah Bongarah - 197 5. Hajj teaches selfless deducation to duty, Hajj passidentes combines both the physicial and perionial dispiculties of performing a relegious obligation with 16 empenditure of money. This serves to combat Man's love of young and his inclination do seek comfort. If he rakes up his mind to perfor Hajf and sacrifice his money and conjust, he how protected himsely from avariew. c. Hajj resolves the worship - work conflict. The pilgrimage combines worship and the bobs blessings of this world is various forms. "They may willness things that are of brenigit to them". (al Hojj - 48) s. Social inpacts of Hajj. a. Hajj and bootherhood belivees Domah, Hajj Shows the world that Muslin Omnah is one Ummah and their relegion is the one rilegion. Muslims realize this when they see a huge number of people under me roof, who are not brought together by anything worldly but the desers to pulgill the command of their religion. They get together in one place despite their solers language's nationality, race or any difference. 6. Efforts for mainlaining peace: Islam has made it empulsary that during the months gived for they and Conrach every export should be made to maintain peace. Islam and Muslims had made sure to keep the Cely an enample 7) peace till dooms day.

