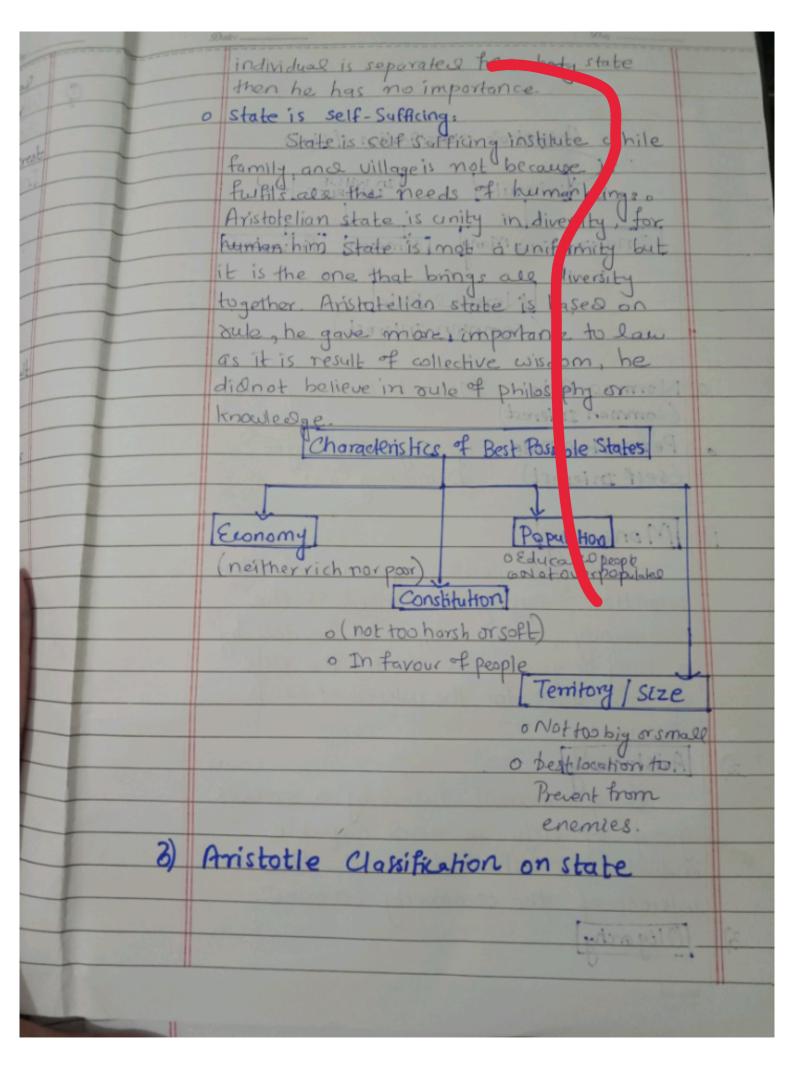
What is Aristotelian classification of state?

## Introduction

The ideas of Aristotle have significantly influenced western philosophy, politics and ethics. He studied over 158 constitutions of various city states by sending ins Students to prepare the sase studies of Various constitutors. One of the numerous frelds was the development of classification of states based on the number of rulers and the nature of their power- He believed that state same into existence for the Satisfaction of pasic meeds of people and it continued for the good life of people He regarded state as nature organization which is the result of growth and evolution-According to Firstotle's classification of States, the only legitimate government all structures are monorchy, anstocracy and he believes à single rider soulonot attain virtue. Like the istocracy, which only selects few morally upright and intelligent people sula join, he rejectedit-Furthermore, Tinstotle recognized that tyronny, oli garchy and democracy were three additional comptions and rejected

them. According to Aristotle, the ideap form of government is a polity or o Stat constitutional system, in which the majority rules while keeping the interest of entire community in mind-social Not asked Features of Aristotle State: Features of Anistotle state are as follow: State is Natural Entity: Unlike Plato's Ideal state, Aristotle's state was not shuctures or manufactures - It is a esult of gradual evolution. According to reals of individuals, family come into ling, families ded to the formation of villages and villages turned into the state. o State is prior to humanbeings :-Aristotle believes that stare is prior to family and human beings, as a Whole is prior to the ports of body a According to hom, It is the desting of to live in the state. Chronologically man is prior to mano State is association of associations. The associations are not as large as the state. The state has general and common purposes and has larger concerns as compare to other associations. He regarded state as an organism and individual as its body Ports - When



Aristotle classified states based on the number of rulers and the purpose Anistotle's classification of state Ywhorule One -> Few > Many [common] [Perverted] Nomal Rule (common In est) O Normal Rule Jonarch - Aristocracy - Polity ( common Interest) · Perverted Rule Tyranny - Oligarchy -(self Interest) Democracy D Monarchy! Economy! A single-person government that prioritizes serving the mas of the community and is typically headed by a king or queen- For him, the rule of one and for the interest of all is 2) Aristocracy group of virtuous and a pable individuals, who nule with the interest of the coordity in mind. Digarchy

	Day:
	when the small group of nilers become  selfish and rule in their own interest  selfish and rule in their of community, it
	rother than the market
	is oligarchy.
4)	A government ruled by the agonty
	of the citizens, when the relation-
	- Ship hat was the ruler and
	slave
5)	Tyranny James on to make and
	when the monorch becomes selfish and rules in his own interest rather
	than the interest of the community.
6)	When the majority becomes selfish
	rather than the interest of community
- 11	
	The legitimate forms of state Corresponding forms  B Comption
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	MONARCHY 121 9 TYRANN
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classification of state

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no distinction totuces master and slave.	Ale
If things continue in this manner, it	Ne.
would not be the best politice term-	P
o Back form of Government	
Aristotle répede a Oligarchy, tyranny	
and domocracy because they all have	
a master-slave relationship as their	
fundamental basis of or power This	OA
indicates that there is a dominance	
and emploitation relationship between	a
the mile and the abject. There is	\
distinction between master and signe.	
If things continue in this manuer,	
It would be the back political system-	
Anstotle theory of Justice	
Tinstocre tree	
Airstotte uses the "Gotgen Mean"	
MINISTUCIE was the the	
theory to mediate between the two	
entremes as a result of consciontict	
According to this theory, virtue lies	
halfway between two extremes. So,	
11 /10 /10 /10 /10 /10 /10 /10 /10 /10 /	A Comment

he was interested in studying the middle position. He admired a system in which there is neither an excessively rich nor poor population. As a result, the middle class is a class that is neither excessively wealthy nor impoverished. This class was devoit of feelings of envy or contemptnce Best Practices Vistuous Regime Class Middlec No contemptuous Neitherisch noz Poor or Envy feeling Parapol of Equality Irrelevant Justice o Application in the Modern world Aristotle Clasification of states offer an insightful framework for comprehending Various governmental structures in the contemporary world. For instance: Saudi Arabia North and South Korpa, UK and other countries continue to practice monorchy The same is true of the aristocracy which is practiced a ser a constitutional monarchy in ny ober of countries the soile. Similarly, democracy enists in Pakistan, India, USA etc. In addition China and Russia both have oligarchies. This show system of classifying states applies in

the contemporary world. Critical Analysis The way in which Aristotle categorized states in his well-known work "politics" has received a lot of criticism over the years. Aristotle's classification of the state is frequently regard as does not consider many 4 the various historical formis of gromment including totalitorianism, communism and fascismi. It is ratio said to be orgin and two-dimon or a because it only recognizes demaray and oligarchy as two main types of Government . It is conticized for being braseos. It was only in favor of the Greek polis and might not be Discuss this applicable to other societies part in detail Conclusi Tos mup, Aristotle proposed the idea lived constitution to avoid unpred tability and establish a logy-lasting System of governance in the Greek city-state He developed a middle class by utilizing his theory of Golden mean which was completely virtuous. Thus, in his views the tate is necessary for a good life. 66 The People are as good as the people, even though they might be individually worse Judges Notes than those who have special knowledge ?