

CSS-2004

We look before and after, wrote Shelley, and pine for what is not. It is said that this is what distinguishes us from the animals and that they, unlike us, live always for and in the movement and have neither hopes nor regrets! Whether it is so at not I do not know yet it is undoubtedly one of our distinguishing mental attributes: we are actually conscious of our life in time and not merely of our life at the moment of experiencing it. And as a result we find many grounds for melancholy and foreboding Some of us prostrate ourselves on the road way in Trafalgar Square or in front of the American Embassy because we are fearful that our lives, or more disinterestedly those of our descendants will be cut short by nuclear war. If only as" squirrels or butterflies are supposed to do, we could let the future look after itself and be content to enjoy the pleasures of the morning breakfast, the brisk walk to the office through autumnal mist or winter fog, the mid-day sunshine that sometimes floods through windows, tne warm, peaceful winter evenings by the fireside at home. Yet all occasions for contentment are so often spoiled for us, to a greater or lesser degree by our individual temperaments, by this strange human capacity for foreboding and regret - regret for things which we cannot undo and foreboding for things which may never happen at all. Indeed were it not for the fact that over breaking through our human obsessions with the tragedy of time, so enabling us to enjoy at any rate some fleeting moments untroubled by vain yearning or apprehension, our life would not be intolerable at all. As it is, we contrive, everyone of us, to spoil it to a remarkable degree.

Questions

1. What is the difference between our life and the life of an animal? (3)

ans. There is kuge difference between the lives of humans and animals. Humans look bapfore and after the situations. This makes humans different from animals. Also, animals are unlike humans, they have neither hopes not regrets.

Thus, these differences make humans and animals profoundly different.

2. What is the result of human anxiety? (3)

Human's are conscious of their lives at moment experiencing the existence happenings around them. As a nesult, the human's find many grounds that bush them info 21 anxiety.

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3. How does the writer compare man to the butterflies and squirrels? (3) Ans: The writer compares men to the butterfiles or squirels in the following words: men are interested in future, enjoy the pleasure of the morning breakfast, the walk to the office. Also, men enjoy fogy winter, the mid-day sun shine, peaceful winter evenings in home and warm rooms of winter. 4. How does anxiety about future disturb our daily life? (3) Apriety which is the provision enormous contentment about future whenever, a person regrets and lacks capacity to undo something Consequently, suffers from anxiety which leads to spoil every daily activity 5. How can we make our life tolerable? (3) Ans Humans were not for the fact to spoil the happing ness for the tragedy of time. so, enabling themselve to enjoy at any rate, apprehension and fleeting moments can make the lives of to levable

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Comprehension Workbook



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