Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow. Use your (5x4 = 20)

Own language.

Human Beings feel afraid of death just as children feel afraid of darkness; and just as children's fear of darkness is increased by the stories which they have heard about ghosts children's fear of death is increased by the stories which they have heard about they have heard about the agony of the dying man. If a human being regards death as a kind of punishment about the agony of the dying man. If a human being regards death as a kind of punishment about the sins he has committed and if he looks upon death as a means of making an entry into for the sins he has committed and if he looks upon death as a law of nature and then feels afraid of it, his attitude is one of being looks upon death as a law of nature and then feels afraid of it, his attitude is one of cowardice. However, even in religious meditation about death there is something a mixture of cowardice. However, even in religious meditation about death there is something a mixture of cowardice. However, even in religious meditation about death there is something a mixture of cowardice. However, even in religious meditation about death there is something a mixture of cowardice. However, even in religious meditation about death there is something a mixture of experience which they underwent by inflicting physical tortures upon themselves as a form of experience which they underwent by inflicting physical tortures upon themselves as a form of self-purification. Such books may lead one to think that, if the pain of even a finger being squeezed or pressed is unbearable, the pains of death must be indescribably agonizing. Such books thus increase a Man's fear of death.

Seneca, a Roman Philosopher, expressed the view that the circumstances and ceremonies of death frighten people more than death itself would do. A dying man is heard uttering groans; his body is seen undergoing convulsions; his face appears to be absolutely bloodless and pale; at his death his friends begin to weep and his relations put on mourning clothes; various rituals are performed. All these facts make death appear more horrible than it otherwise.

Questions:

- 1. What is the difference between human beings' fear of death and children's fear of darkness?
- 2. What is a religious and sacred view of death?
- 3. What are the painful experiences described by the Monks in their books?
- 4. What are the views of Seneca about death?
- 5. What are the facts that make death appear more horrible than it would be otherwise?



Comprehension OfA (i) What is the difference between humanbeing? fear of death and children's fear of darkness? Answer The difference between human fear of death and children's fear of darkness is that the former is scared of the extreme Sufferings of a dying man, and the Latter is afraid of stories of ghosts and thieves. Or what is a religious and sacred view of death? The religious and scared view of death is that humans are going to enter the new world, and they are accountable for the sins they committee. 93) What are the painful experiences described by the monks in their books? Monks have written books in which they have described the painful experience which they underwent by inflicting physical tortures upon themselves as a form of self-purification-(P4) What are the views of Seneca about death?

his opinion that formalities and ceremonies of death make people more afraid than (s) What are the facts that make death appear more horrible than it would be otherwise? The mountal sounds and expressions of pain, bloodless and pale face, convulsions of the body at the time of death, and grief of closeco ones make death more homible than it would otherwise.