

## Paragraph: Iqbal's books.

Dr. Muhammad Iqbal was a great philosopher and poet. Iqbal was his own kind of poet of his era, who dedicated the purpose of poetry for change and indulged the youth with vision and Khudi. Iqbal writes has written a lot of books, but three of them are renowned work. Such as Bal-e-Jabril, Zarb-e-Kaleen, and Armaghhan-e-Hijaz. In Bal-e-Jabril, Iqbal talked about the unique and undisussable concept of Khudi. Iqbal called Khudi is an urge for changed. He reconstructed the mind of youth mind by introducing a new dimension to at life. Concept of Khudi became popular in that era and it play the role of fuel for the youth to participate and perform their part in for separate land. In Zarb-e-Kaleen, Iqbal discussed the strike of Mosses. He explained how Mosses stood fast against the falsy people, who called them prophet. This book also revealed that when someone desire for something by heart and struggle, at the end they ~~met~~ meet their ~~their~~ goals. The story of Mosses added the idea of miracle to the history books that miracles are only possible when ones start feel believe in its inner self. In Armaghhan-e-Hijaz, Iqbal discussed about Hijaz. He wrote about his wish to ever visit Hijaz. However, it could not possible due to his illness. And he described his wish in his book. There are many other books of Iqbal, but these three books were very renowned and popular, which change the youth toward revolution.

dear student basics are very weak sentences dont convey a clear complete meaning  
need alot of improvement in expression issue of coherence in the sentences too  
not satisfactory