

Write a note On "Right implies duty"

1) Introduction

The principle of "Right implies duty" serves as a cornerstone in ethical, legal and social philosophy. It focuses on the relationship between individual rights and corresponding responsibilities within the society.

2) Explanation of the term

It is the fundamental principle in ethics, laws and social philosophy that focus on the relationship between rights and responsibilities within a society. This principle suggests that with every entitlement or right individuals possess, there comes a corresponding duty or obligation.

to uphold. Its implications could be discussed in various contexts.

a) Ethics and Morality

In moral philosophy, this principle emphasizes that individuals have moral obligations to respect the right of others while exercising their own freedom. Just like

John Locke in his "**Second Treatise of Government**", discuss that individuals have a duty to respect the rights of others in exchange for the protection of their own rights by government.

b) Legal Framework:

Within the legal systems, rights are often accompanied by legal duties and responsibilities. For instance, the right to

Property ownership implies a duty to respect the property rights of the others. **Jean Rousseau**, in his theory, 'the **'Social Contract'** explores the concept of social contract duties individuals have towards the collective will of the society.

3) Democratic Citizenship

In Democratic societies, citizens have rights such as the right to vote, freedom of expression and the right to assembly. Scholars such as **Martha Nussbaum**, **Thomas Pogge** have examined the ethical implications of rights in the democratic state for the citizen.

4) Balancing Rights & Duties

This principle underscores the need to balance individual rights with the collective welfare and rights of others. This balance often requires individuals to consider the consequences of their actions on others and to act in ways that promote justice, fairness and the common good.

Immanuel Kant, in his work,

"Groundwork of Metaphysics of Morals",

This concept revolves around the concept of duty and rights.

5) Scholars Point of view

Professor Laski says that **"Rights are those conditions of social life without which no men can seek**

to be himself at his Best". It is generally said that

If third party is god, it's divine right

If third party is Public, it's moral right

If third party is a State, it's legal right

Right is one's person's capacity of obliging other to do or not to do something, by means not of his own strength but by the strength of third party. [Hibbert]

6) Conclusion

The Principle of "Right implies duty" serves as a guiding principle for developing a harmonious society.

Upholding this principle requires a commitment of balancing individual and their freedom with collective

well-being and respecting the rights of others. As the society strive to build inclusive and equitable communities.