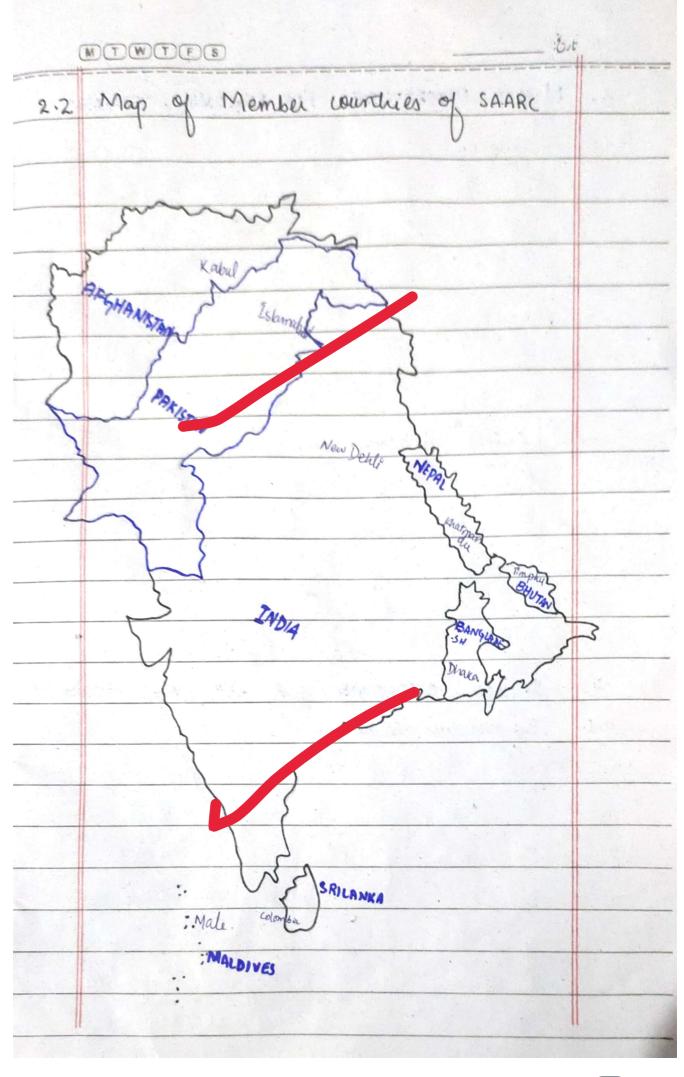
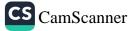
	ORGANIZATIONS:
	QUESTION NO # 01
	The people of south Asia had suffered because
	of missed opportunities for regional development,
	connectivity, and cooperation. Evaluate the
	performance of SAARC in the light of
	this statement.
1-	INTRODUCTION:
	"Organisations don't exists on their own;
	they consists of Participants and their success
	or failure is determined by the extent
	to which the foods of these participants
	coincide, to what ext a they are ready
	to yield, and how They build interactions
	with each others."
	~ ALEXEI KUPRIYANOV
	The South Asian region, home to a
	significant portion of the global population
	has being been characterized by missed
	apportunities for regronal development,
	connectivity, and cooperation. The South
	Asian Association for Regional Cooperation
	(SAARC), established in 1985 with the

	@TWTDT	
	aim of promoting economic frouth"	
	and social progress among its member	
	countries, has played a entral ride	
	in fostering regional in boration. However,	
	the performance share in addressing	
	the region development, enhancing connecting	1,
	and promoting cooperation has been	
	Subjected to scruting. SAARC : faced in and	
	serves of challenges including political	
	tensions, Infrastructure deficit, Bilateral	
	Essues, Trust Deficit and resource allocations	
	etc. Moreover, there challengs can be	
	addressed by ensuing political will,	
	institutional reforms, infrastructural reforms,	
	regional collaboration on common challenges	
	European Union Introduction is lengthy	Shorte
	Overview Of a bythank:	· Orionto
2-		
	The South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation (SAARC) was established with	
	the signing of SAARC Charter in	
	Dhaka on December 8, 1985.	
	P.T.O	

	The second secon
Established in	Dhaka (Bungladesh), Dec. 8, 1958
Member wurthies	8 Coundries - India, Banglade
	Pakistan, Bhutan, Nepal,
	Srilana, Maldives, and
	Afghanistan.
Observer states	9 observer states - Australia,
	European Union, Iran, Japa
	Mauritius, South Korea, USA
4	Ohina, and Myanmar.
Head Quaters	Khat mandu, Nepal
Launch of SAARC	2017
Satellite for	
South Asia	
Specialized bodi	South Asian University (SAU)-Ind
	South Asian Regional Standards
	Organization (SARSO) - Dhaka
	SAARC Development Fund (SDF)-Bru
	SAARC Arbitration Council (SARCO)-Porter
1st Secretary	Abdul At in (Bangladesh)
General	
Current Secretary	golom Sauvai (Bangladesh)_
General	Took office on March 4, 200

п	MTWTE	s) とた	
	Last Member	Afghanistan (April 2007)	
	to Join	the Contract of the American	
	Last SAARC	19th SAARC Junmit in Pakisters	
	Summit		
	7.6		
2.1	Structure	of SAARC.	
		Description to the last	
		council of Heads	
		of state or gove	
	Sycaria V		
		uncil of Minister	
		The second secon	
		Standing committe	
		Programmi ng	
		committe	
		70.4 \$ -0 - 44	
		Technical symmittees	
		Diction committees	
	3	protrim committees	





3-	MISSED OPPORTUNITIES FOR REGIONAL DEVELOPMEN	a
	Challenges. Use elaborate and self	
3-1-	SAARC has faced challenges in promoting	
	intra - refional trade and ecomic cooperation	
	among member states. The lack of	
	progress in har soing the region?	
	economic potential and natural resources	1
	has hindered overall development.	1
3.2-	Limited Achievements. Add	
	Despite being in exsistenteferences	exam
	three decades SAARC has no againstathe	se
	to significantly boost signing developments	
	or address key socio-economic issues	
	affecting ne region's population.	
4-	MISSED OPPORTUNITES FOR REGIONAL CONNECTO	vrsy
4.1-	Infrastructure deficit:	
	SAARC has struggled to enhance physical	
	connectivity within the region due to	
		1
	Inadequate infrastructure and transportation	The second second
	Inadequate infrastructure and transportation networks, shis has impeded the movement	

ea	ave a line space between adings for neatness
T	
.2-	Missed Opportunities.
-	The organization has not effectively
	capitalized on opportunities to improve
	connectivity through joint en sastructure
	projects initiative, limiting the
	resion's potential for economic cooperation.
5-	MISSED OPPORTUNITIES FOR REGIONAL COOPERATION
- 1	Political Tension:
	Persistent Political tensions and defferences
	among member states, particularly India
	and Pakistan have undermined cooperation
	. Within SAARC.
	er The political differences had deep
	regative impact on the political
- 2	will to realize the economic
	cooperation and integration"
4	~ Jehangir Asval Bazi
	Bilecteral issues have often overshadowed
	the organization's objective of fosteuré
	Collaboration and mutual understanding.
-2	Missed opportunities: As headings Mere is lack of trust and prioritizing.
	Mere is lack of trust and prioritizing
	national interest over the regional

	MTWTFS	t - # =
	cooperation among the member states	
	has hampered effort to address	
	challenges such as poverty, disasters,	
	and climate change collectively. This	
	resulted in missed opportunities for	
	joint action and gronal salidarity.	
	Excessiv s woralism among	
	members is one of the	
	major obstacles in SAARC's	
	slow progress "	
6-	Add more argun	nents
	WAY FORWARD:	1 1 1 1 1
387.1	triis part	
6-/-	Political Dialouque and Conflicts Resolution:	
387.1	Political Dialouque and Conflicts Resolution: Priorities political dialouge and conflict	
387.1	Political Dialouque and Conflicts Resolution: Prioritize political dialouge and conflict resolution mechanism to alles bilateral	
387.1	Political Dialouque and Conflicts Resolution: Prioritize political dialouge and conflict Resolution mechanism to alles bilateral tensions and historial disputes among	
6.7-	Political Dialouque and Conflicts Resolution: Prioritize political dialouge and conflict resolution mechanism to alles bilateral tensions and historial disputes among member states.	
387.1	Political Dialouque and Conflicts Resolution: Prioritize political dialouge and conflict Resolution mechanism to alles bilateral tensions and historia disputes among member states. Enhanced connectivity and Infrastructure	
6.7-	Political Dialougue and Conflicts Resolution: Provider political dialouge and conflict Resolution mechanism to alles bilateral Kersians and historia disputes among member states. Enhanced connectivity and Infrastructure Development.	
6.7-	Political Dialouque and Conflicts Resolution: Provide political dialouge and conflict Resolution mechanism to alles bilateral tensions and historia disputes among member states. Enhanced connectivity and Infrastructure Development. Pows on enhancing physical and digitial	
6.7-	Political Dialougue and Conflicts Resolution: Provider political dialouge and conflict Resolution mechanism to alles bilateral Kersians and historia disputes among member states. Enhanced connectivity and Infrastructure Development.	

-	TWTF(S)
5-3-	Promotion of trade and Economic Cooperation:
	Strengthens entra - regional trade by
	reducing trade barrer, hermonizing
	regulation, a promoting unomic
	cooperation among member states
6.4	People - to - people Exchanges and cutual
	diplomacy:
	Promote people to - people exchanges,
	Wilhual diplomacy, and educational programs
	to foster mutual un ustoning, tolerance,
	and social clasion among diverse
	community of South Asia.
6.5	focus on Common Charlenges and
	Sustainable Development.
	Addressing common challenges such as
	poverty alleviation, disaster managment,
	climate change mitigation and public
	headly initiative through collaboration
	efforts and shared resources Emplement
	sustainable development gals, environmental
	conservation neasers and resilience -
	building strategies to ensure the well-
	being and prosperty of region's population.

Add references against these arguments CS CamScanner

MTWTF3			
7-	CONCLUSION		
	In conclusion, the evaluation of		
	SAARC's performance in promoting		
	regional development, connectivity		
W.	and cooperation in South Asia		
	unders cores the challe ges and		
	missed opportunit that have		
	hendered the wasterness engunization		
	effeitiveness over years. SAARC has		
	Struggled to overcome political tensions,		
	limited achievement in boosting intra-		
	he ional trade and inadequete		
	hectivity within region.		
	Hwever, It is imperitive for		
	SAARC to prepritize politica dialogue,		
	conflict repolution, cople - to - people		
	exchanger, enhanced connectivity		
	and sustainable development initiales		
	80, that it can containbute meaning		
	-fully to the well being of		
	The people of South Asia.		
	110		