

Does foreign aid help to achieve economic stability?

## 1- Introduction:

### Thesis Statement:

Foreign aid does not help to achieve economic stability because it fosters economic dependency, encourages corruption, distorts local markets and ~~lack~~ <sup>results in</sup> transparency measures. These factors hinder aid from contributing to sustainable development and long-term economic stability in the region.

## 2- A brief insight into the importance to foreign aid:

## 3. Foreign aid does not help to achieve economic stability:

(a)- Foreign aid leads to ~~wards~~ dependency (Reliance on US aid, Report by Zaidi, 2005)

(b)- Inefficient delivery to public due to mismanagement of resources.

(High level of corruption, Transparency International Pakistan).

(c)- Erosion of public trust because of pervasive corruption.

(2005 Earthquake aid mismanagement in Pakistan)

(d)- Accumulation of unsustainable debt because of excessive foreign aid.

(John Perkins, "Confessions of an Economic Hit Man").

(e)- Foreign aid does not help due to political



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instability and inconsistent economic policies.  
(Incomplete projects of CPEC).

#### 4. Does foreign aid really help to achieve economic stability?

(a) - Foreign aid can reduce dependency by fostering economic growth and self-sufficiency.

(Rwanda's Post-Genocide Reconstruction)

(b) - Effective management and capacity building initiatives of foreign aid can empower nations.

(Bangladesh's Microfinance Initiatives)

(c) - Transparency in the use of foreign aid ~~can~~ strengthen public trust.

(The International Aid Transparency Initiative)

(Norway's Aid Transparency Measures).

(d) - Debt management measures ~~can~~ curb unsustainable debt accumulation.

(Pakistan's Structural Adjustment Program (SAPs))

(Ghana's Economic Recovery Program)

(e) - Foreign aid can enhance political stability and policy consistency by supporting governance reforms.

(Paul Collier, "The Bottom Billion: Why the Poorest Countries are Failing and What can be Done about it")

#### 5. Surely, Economic growth does not achieve with the help of foreign aid.

(a) - Strengthening domestic capacity building will promote economic autonomy and reduce dependency.

(b) - Bureaucratic efficiency regarding



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foreign aid can improve the public service delivery.

(c) - Implementing anti-corruption policies in aid management can rebuild public trust.

(d) - Strick economic reforms and tax transparency ~~can~~ cater the issue of debt accumulation.

(e) - Collaborative efforts to address governance issues and policy coherence are crucial.

or

~~Empowering Election Commission for ensuring democratic practices within political parties.~~

## Introductory Paragraph:

"Give a man a fish, and you feed him for a day. Teach a man to fish, and you feed him for a lifetime." In the

light of this quotation, ~~we can say~~ that foreign aid can only contribute in/to short-term relief and it may not contribute effectively to long-term economic stability.

In addition, it fosters economic dependency, encourages corruption, distort local markets and lack transparency measures. This

combination of factors hinder aid from contributing to sustainable development and long-term economic stability in the region. Thus, it ~~does~~ not help to

achieve economic <sup>harmony</sup> ~~stability~~. Ironically, in many developing countries, foreign aid ~~does not utilize~~ in a fruitful way

due to mismanagement of resources and poor public service delivery. As a result, this creates disparities among masses.



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Furthermore, political instability and corruption are the leading factors towards the erosion of public trust regarding the institutions' deliverance capabilities.

However, there is a belief among masses that foreign aid helps in achieving economic stability. Many believe that foreign aid helps to reduce dependency by fostering self sufficiency. In their view, aid not only empowers nation but also enhances political stability by supporting governance reforms.

Notwithstanding this effectiveness of foreign aid, it is wise to say that economic stability had better achieve through strengthening domestic capacity building instead of reliance on aid. By implementing anti-corruption policies, strick economic reforms and collaborative efforts to address governance issues can be categorized as a positive tools to achieve economic stability instead of reliance on foreign dole outs.



250  
words.

Work on sentence structure