Higher Education in Pakistan: Ills and Remedia

Brain storm Higher Education 1 -updated curriculum with pradical TRemedies prowledge old methodology scholarships, affordable outdated syllabus oLow cost Affordable Fee is high · Expensive less use Technology Faculty Hacklof skills

- · least Professional Deve 10 pment
- · poor infrastructure

· Modern Teaching and learning tools

- · Hiring of staff
- Refresher Coursels attempt it at the end of pages

improving infrastructure

outline

1. Introduction:

1.1. HOOK. General Statements

1.3. The sis statement: There are several IIIs related to

outdated curriculum, poor infrastructure, high Fee, Lack of efficient human resource antroducing modern cumculum, improving infrastructure, offering affordance educations and efficient human resource are Immediate remedies

hiring

Pakistan A. IIIS of Higher Education in

2.1. outdated curriculum

centered, not student centered old syllabus 2.1.1

Teacher 2.1.2

unsuitable For pradical purpose/ Industry academia link Lacking Analytical suils 2.1.3

2.1.4

2.2 poor Infrastructure do not have purpose built
do not have purpose built 2.2.1. Lacking purpose Built campuses 2.2.2. Lacking modern Labordories & Research Facilities 2.2.2. Lacking modern Labordories & Research Facilities
2.2.3. Hygiene Issues
a a subsputive Education
2.3.1. High Fees 2.3.2. Expensive Transport / conveyance 1880es 2.3.2. Expensive Transport / conveyance 1880es 2.3.3. Limited Scholarship opportunities 2.3.3. Limited Scholarship opportunities 2.3.4. No student Loans 2.3.4. A student Loans 2.4.1. Appointment of visiting Faculty 2.4.1. Appointment of visiting Faculty 2.4.1. Absence of Teachers Training Programme 2.4.2. Absence of Teachers Training Programme
I response
B) Remedies for the 1ths in All (Inc. 2.1 Introducing modern curriculum gear 2.1 Revising syllabus Every year Revising syllabus experts Revising syllabus experts
2.1.2. Engaging life suits based with based with link
1.1.4. Estate
2.2.1. Building Purpose Buil campuses 2.2.1. Building Purpose Buil campuses 2.2.1. Broxiding modern Laboratories and Research Facilities 2.2.1. Droxiding modern Issues
2023 Solving Hardable Education
2.3 providing support programs 2.3.1. Student support

Announcing more scholarchips for students ramived a message 2.3.2. 2.3.3. Providing med discount travel cards 2.3.4. Promoting online education. Hiring efficient Human Resources 2-4 2.4.1 Appointment of permanent Faculty instead of visiting 2.4.2. Promotion of Teachers Training programs 2.4.3. No multitasking For Faculty 2.4.4. checks on the performance of permanent Faculty. 3. Conclusion: 3.1. Thesis restated summary of Ideas presented 3.2. concluding Thoughts

The ESS 44 u tried to pull the reader word war, endergets entangled ived a message him bomb Greyman Universities, he churchill immediately offered accepted his offer and said if England was destroyed and cambrige and Oxfor universities were spared then English culture would also survive. This is the importance of higher education. Even after defeat, Grermany restored its position on the victory stand only because of her universities. un fortunitely, pakistan is Facing problems in higher education due to outdated curriculum, improving of Francisco offering offertable education and lack of efficient poor infrastructures expensive education and lack of efficient impacts; human resource. These ills have drastic impacts; Immediate remedies are introducing modern curriculum, improving infrastructure, offering affordable education, and hiring efficient human resource unless the issue of higher education are addressed properly, pakistan can Deither become prosperous nor respectable. First come the syllabus of most most syllabus of most syllabus syllabus of most syllabus of most syllabus of most syllabus and outdated for instance, In computer science department different programing languages like condett and oop (object oriented programming) are taught, which are really not that efficient. These Languages are irrelevant after the lot of disruptions himppening in AI, & machine learning and Leep learning. Similarly, the study of medical science is skillsonly of science is skills and use of outdated analytical tools like old BP apparedus paristan. Morever, the education provided at suitable For industrial use

by most of the universities because their expertise for installation and handling of mobile towers was upto the mark. & similarly, computer science graduates are unable to manage and update country's important websites and applications Therefore, chinese we Foreign experts are imported to Fix the envilpment and manage websites. moreover, our education system is teacher centered not student centered. The teacher taxes the leading vole in class and students have to listen to his instructions. In the same way, our eurriculum lacks analytical skills,
it is like theory without Practise that's why students are unable to solve real life problems. There are no Projects, skills and logical tasks to perform. A computer science student cram syntax of programming languages without implementation during Lab hours, /on computer. Fine and strantiate your paragraphs with proper and substantiative lines ween in du stry and academia in our universities. For example, a student of Mass communication is unable to find any placement or exposure in media industry. Therefore, outdated corriculum has executed a hig hordle in the effectiveness of Aigher education in Pakistan. The second ill of higher education in pakistan is poor infrastructure. Most of the universities lack purpose built campuses. There is almost no facility for disabled students. There are no' elevators or ramps for such Students in the universities. Even in this modern era universities like FAST, NUST and Quaid-2-AZOM lack such facilities. Similarly there are limited labs and Laboratories. There are more students to occommodate in limited space. For instance, in computer lab hundreds of Students practice on few computers. similarly, in medical schools one dead body is surrounded by few dodors who come first. Rest have to wait or

adjust. Even the students of literature do not have the opportunity to borrow books from the Liberary because there are only one or two copies available on the same subject. In this water immature way of writings who have no Proper access to labs and liberaries cannot conduct research property. Apart from purpose buil campuses and modern labs, the universities have mustly unhygiente environment. Their cafeteris and washrooms always create troubles for Gludents. Cafeterias are in open air. The food provided by cafeterias is not nutritious because it contain large amounts of oils an fat, along with an endless selection of sugary desserts. According to a study 60%. of students avoid school washrooms because restroom is unclean, sinks and other appliances are not operating Property and soap or paper towel dispensers are empty. Therefore, lack of proper infrastructure creates hurdles in aims of higher education. The third ill inflicting the higher education in pakistan is the opposition of affordability. In past juniversities mere supposed by the government. Any person from any class could go for any education on ments otherwise on self-finance. However in present times when government is already under the burden of Fiscal deficit, it is impossible for it to support the public colleges or universities Now almost all public sector universities charge from Rs 70,000 to over 100,000 per semester; in some cases, more than this amount, depending on subjects. For Instances Quaid-i-Azam university per semester fee for computer scrence Bachelor's degree was 40,000 in 2019 and now It is 73,200 in 2024. unfortunately valixe developed

countries pakistani students have to bear the burden of of high Fees. unfortunately, unlike developed countries, Pakistani students have very limited access to student support programs. For example, HEC announces stipend for students pursuing higher education every year, but the available scholarships are just a fraction of the majority studying in universities. Nor do the banks offer any student loans to the needy. Moreverer, there are almost no travel discounts for majority of the students. Except for few cities, students from rural areas have to bear the brunt of massive transportation costs, Lastry, online education which reduces transportation expenses is no more promoted by the universities except for some natural calamity or pandemics. The corona pandemics was a blessing in disquise so far as online mode of learning was concerned. However its benefits were not extended after the Pandamic was over. Physical classes, thus, cost the Pockets of Pakistans students and hampers their smooth learning process. All these reasons make education expensive for the common residents of pakistan. Finnally there is lack of efficient human resource not only in higher educational institutes in partition but also in Higher Education Commission (HEC). On one hand, universities are still interested to hire more and more visiting Faculty to cut their expenses. They are paid
minimum wages for each lecture and their duration
of teaching cannot be claimed as experience anywhere
for instance visiting Faculty is paid 8.800 per lecture

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The paid 8.800 per lecture which is too little and then dov. tax for non-files is also deducted from this amount. Moreover, more than a

gear passed and they are not paid their salaxies. Utimately affecting students as well as expality of education. competing a man therefore this is the worst discrimination against educated youth. Additionally, Absence of Teachers Training programs. Although teachers salartes have improved a lot the training wings of the respective education departments remain severely underfunded. Those department do not offer training programs due to lack of funds. Teacher training and support is an area. that is not functioning well in paxistan. There to not seem to be enough resources in the system, and there is a lack of pour incentives for the provision of training and support. Morever, universities are short of staff. Teachers have to perform other academic and management tasks during service since the salaries are so meager, mid level workers often leave for better opportunities. This disturbs smooth working of university, and hogatively affacts its efficiency The factually is overburdened. Similarly, Irresponsible attitude of permanent faculty is a major issue. civil service act protect permanent faculty members. These are the reasons for low ranking of pakistan aniversities in world university Ranking. For instance As poor of 2022, total 6 universities were ranked in top 2000 by Qs world university Ranking: NEUST # 334 Quald-2-Azam university #378, PEAS #398), LUMS #651, university of punjab * 801701 and UET, Labore #801 In 2023, the number increased only by 1, with the addition of university of Pishawar #801.

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