MAXIMUM MARKS = 20ME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS PART-I (MCQS) MAXIMUM MARKS = 80ART-I(MCQS): **MAXIMUM 30 MINUTES** PART-II OTE: (i) Part-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book. Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks. (ii) (iii) All the parts (if any) of each Question must be attempted at one place instead of at different places. (iv) Write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q.Paper. No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answer Book must be crossed. Extra attempt of any question or any part of the question will not be considered. (vi) PART-II Discuss the role of regional and nationalist political parties in Pakistani politics. How No. 2. (20)far these parties are necessary for the political system? Discuss the Federal Structure of 1973 Constitution of Pakistan after 18th Amendment. No. 3. (20)Why criticism on 18th Amendment started recently?

No. 5. Every state designs its foreign policy on its National interests rejecting feelings and emotions. Why did Pakistan prefer emotions, feelings and Ideology in its foreign policy? Also analyze its impact.

Evaluate the factional politics of early years(1947-58) and its impact on the democratic

No. 4.

process of Pakistan.

No. 6. What is the volume of grants, aid and loans in Pakistan's economy in the last ten years to stimulate the growth? Discuss. (20)

No. 7. Why did Pakistan join Western Defense Pacts? What cost it had to pay for that? (20) Explain.

No. 8. Discuss the issues and mistrust in US-Pakistan relations after the withdrawal of the US —(20) troops from Afghanistan.

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(20)

7) Rationale Behind war Pakistan was left to Choose between 2 Choices, whether to align With the US or USS B. Eventually Liagat Alis Khan's decision to rebuff USSR advances and accept an invitation from the Truman administration led to Pakistan joining the US-Block he Historical Context Pakistan Came into being on the 14th of August 1947, in a Financial Crunch. Indias un willingness to provide Pakiston its fair Share of resources and the Kashmir War of 1947-1948 but a Severe Strain on the Nascent State's

ability to Survive Further excarbating the Situation was the 1 million + refugees that Streamed into the Nation Post Partition. Indian agression, and disregard to the Sorreignty of Princley Princly States also Saw invasions of Junagach, and Hyderabad in 1948 Under Operation Marco Polo. Pakistan Saw Indian agression as an expirstential threat, which further reinforced as a result of Afghan refusal to recognize Paristan Over Afghan irredentism. Thus Pakistan the facing Severe Security Challenges needed a reliable Partner to face the two-pronged threat.

B) Pakistan's Cultural Affinity With the West Pakistan was under the yoke of the British empire for more than a Century. Many of its leaders Such as Quaid e Azam and Liagat Ali Were educated in British Universities. Aligarh and its intellectuals were educated along British Standards. Our generals, and experienced Pakistani Origin Officers Such as Ayuh Khan and Vahya Khan Served in the British army and in World war 2. Thus, Pakistan had much more in Common Culturally with the West. C) Presence of Western Powers the region n 1947-48 the British and We Stern Powers had Out Sized

influence. th IRAQ IRAN PAKISTAN EGYPT KS.A YEME? AFRICA The British Were Still in Control of important Water Ways, had holdings like the UAE, and influence in the entire Mode East. Further Events in I can with the Coup against Mohammaz Mossadin Furthered Western hege mony in the region. Thus Pakistan's Security and Muslim Cultural interests were better Served by aligning with The West

D) Pakistan's economic Needs Penfit Given the economic Crises Post Partiton, Pakistan required a Strong economic partner. The U.S Was the undoubted economic Super power of the time, and had just Started the Marshall Plan in Europe. The US therefore Could provide a Valuable trade and aid partner in the Way the USSR Could not on Sequences of Joining the US Block A) Unreliable Support in 1965-1971 Despite the provision of US Weapons Such as Sherman Tanks the U.S was not willing to play a larger

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India and Pakistan, Which
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to engage any futther. Andrew  Small, inchis Book The China  - Pakistan axis detired
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Paristans aid, Wanting themselves
to remain outside the Conflict.
The user of a conflict.
The USSR played a Much larger
role, eventually bringing both  Sides to Negotiations e.g. Tashkent.
Sides to negotiations e.g. Tashkent
J. P. SIMON.
B) (1.5 Using the cold of
Disal. + Charlet elationship
B) U.S using the relationship Purely to Check the USSR
U.S ensured Pakistan's Douticipation
U.S ensured Paristan's Participation in CEAJO and SEATO as a
112 - O De la de de la marchia
Way of Protecting the Middle East from USSR expansionism
East from USSR expansionism

Hower Pariston Wanted the U.S to play a greater cold in its interests with regard to India. The U.S. was unwilling in this regard. c) No Action on Kashmir Issue\_\_\_ One Significant reason behind Choosing the West as a partner was the influence it exerted in Bretton Wood Institutions Sucr as the UN, WB Law IMF. While Paristan benifited from the World Bank negotiated Indus Water treaty. the U.S and U.N failed to get India to respect the U.N resolutions for a Plebiscite in the disputed territory

To,000 lives as a result of the

25+6

Improve the references and the

