

PAKISTAN Energy Crisis is due to lack of political will and strategy.

Start with the introduction of the

answer
 Ans: Politics is the main domain around which the future of a country merely depends. Almost every aspect of a country's progress depends upon the political stability and strategies

Unfortunately despite of other challenges faced by Pakistan lack of political will and strategy is one of them. By the time of Independence Pakistan faced many political crisis ranging from the early death of its founding father Quaide Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah to military martial laws

Attempt by giving headings and subheadings

Challenges Pakistan is facing multiple challenges due to its political environment "Energy Crisis" is one of them. It is due to lack of future planning, short term strategies, corruption, political influence in energy sector, ~~business matters~~ and lack of inter province harmony.

Add and highlight

references/examples against your arguments

In terms of lack of strategies Pakistan is seen at the top of the list. As Pakistan since many years produces electricity from hydrocarbons i.e. oil, gas and coal.

Pakistan electricity units being installed in previous years are mostly dependant on oil. Most of which is imported. In 2003 about 588000 barrels of oil were used per day in Pakistan out of which just 83000 barrels ~~are~~ ^{were} locally produced and remaining 505000 ~~are~~ ^{were} imported.

About 18000 MW installations of electricity are totally dependant upon oil. 7000 MW installations are dependant on Gas and 6500 ^{MW} are dependant on coal. Pakistan consumes 35% of its locally produced gas, rest of it is imported. So here the question arises that why there was no long term planning by the leaders of this nation and who allowed these installations??

The answer lies in the fact that none of the political leaders made a long term strategy in Pakistan could no longer import expensive hydrocarbons so they had to plan for long term hydropower projects.

Second politicians in the past made short term strategies to overcome the ongoing energy crisis in Pakistan. According to a survey from 2000 to 2016 short fall in Pakistan was 5000 to 8000 MW.

Unfortunately consecutive political and democratic governments, in order to secure their term, introduced Independent power producers. Most of them are owned by politicians.

In 1994 IPP were introduced in Pakistan Energy Sector. Most of the IPPs produce electricity by oil, gas and coal. Rest of IPPs were introduced in 2002, 2011 and 2014.

"These IPP owners ~~stuffed~~ made "Capacity Payment agreements" with the leaders of the nation.

Minimum demands of specific mega watts were agreed in these agreements that had to be purchased by the government whether the government could pay for it or not. This led to a rising circular debt that is 2.8 trillion PKR as of now.

~~These~~ These IPPs include both national and foreign power producers. These IPPs were ~~agreed~~ are paid in dollars not in rupees.

As dollar price is increasing with every passing day, Pakistan has to pay extra amount of money for same number of MW that burdened much less in previous years. Unfortunately if these agreements were made with positive political will then

local power producer could be payed
in rupees.

The third most important factor
is Corruption. most of the EPP owners
are politicians or their relatives. ~~usually~~

According to constitution of Pakistan
no politician can run his or her own
business during ~~the~~ ^{his} term. most of the
politicians in power take their EPPs
and agreements signed by them because
after all these captive payments end
in politician's own pockets.

Add source against your
references

~~About 33%~~ About 33%
of Pakistan's total energy units are
lost due to outdated transmission lines
and distribution. most of the transmission
lines were outdated well before 2000
and 2010. The question is why governing
politicians ~~never~~ ^{never} thought of ^{changing} these
lines.

About 17% of energy
units are lost due to distribution
defects. that include electricity theft

free units to several gov and
wage employees, no billing mechanism
in tribal areas. All this can
be prevented by proper political
strategies. ~~All this~~

~~Business mafias unfortunately
are very strong in Pakistan. These mafias
are restricting country's shift
towards renewable energy resources.
Top of the list is the automotive
industry that is not shifting to~~

Inter province harmony is
the core policy that has to
be maintained by political strategies.
Unfortunately Pakistan has also suffered
a lot in this domain as well. And this
elevated Pakistan's Energy Crisis as
well. (Kala BAHU DANA) is one
of major highlights in this regard.

Pakistan is one of the
few countries of the world that
own such a crucial geographical

location on earth, owing sky high mountains, windy coastal areas, four seasons including monsoon, coal rich soil

But due to lack of political will and strategies Pakistan could not ^{timely} shift to renewable energy resources. Coastal area of Pakistan can

minimize energy crisis if there are properly developed. But it needs

political will and strategy.

Add more arguments. A 20 marks answer should have around 15 subheadings and be on 8-9 pages

In short Pakistan People of Pakistan can overcome this problem by bringing capable political leaders in front so that these faces can bring change in current scenario of Pakistan, including energy crisis.

Improve the structure, references, paper presentation and the headings part