

ANA NOMAN

Roll Number #125

TEST

Topic: The dream of the development of Pakistan

Outline:

1. Introduction

2. An overview of development in Pakistan

- (i) defining development
- (ii) Currently developing projects in Pakistan
- (iii) previously accomplished multi-sectoral development in Pakistan

3. Challenges and Factors making development of Pakistan a dream

A. Political Challenges & Factors

Development of Pakistan is a dream as;

- (i) self-centered interests of major political leaderships focusing power hold
- (ii) political parties' blame games keeping development last priority
- (iii) corruption withholding financial requisites for development
- (iv) non-speedy progressing of underdeveloping projects
- (v) weakness in maintaining proficient national and foreign policies

B. Social Challenges & Factor

Development of Pakistan is a dream as;

- (i) educational sector unfocusing skill-building trainings

- (ii) technology department lacking research and creative innovations
- (iii) health and medicine line missing awareness and healthful management
- (iv) infrastructure building and re-construction ignoring
- (v) talented women providing unequal opportunities than men

C. Economic Challenges & Factors

- Development of Pakistan is a dream, ^{as}
- (i) Inflation and unemployment increasing unstable rates
 - (ii) external debts and loans ascending
 - (iii) unproductive using of natural and artificial resources
 - (iv) ^{industrial} inefficient developing of state-made products
 - (v) unequal distribution of wealth sharing
 - (vi) Improper administration of wealth-circulating systems (i.e, zakat)

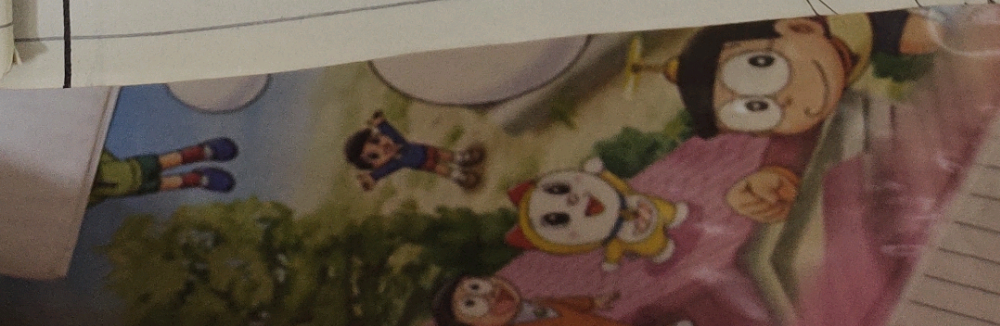
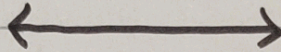
4. Recommendations to turn Pakistan's dream of development into reality

- (i) focusing development as first priority
- (ii) implementing rule of law to eliminate corruption
- (iii) Solving fundamental hurdles coming in way of speedy development
- (iv) productively working national and international policies
- (v) Individual skill-building and technology ^{opportunities} excelling
- (vi) maintaining public health and infrastructure
- (vii) educating women equally to men
- (viii) disinflation and employment growing

Rough

- (ix) Controlling loan ^{-paying} mechanisms and using resources
- (x) Promoting industrialization and state-made goods
- (xi) distributing wealth among needy from wealthy class by implementing zakat systems.

5. Conclusion



Introduction Paragraph:

The national poet of Pakistan, Allama Muhammad Iqbal, saw a dream of an independent Muslim country which came into reality for every other man dreamt for this goal played his role. Similarly, the development of Pakistan is a dream of every Pakistani. Being a developing country, Pakistan has successfully accomplished many development projects and many are still under the achievement process. But the dream of Pakistan's development remains a dream because of numerous challenges coming in the way. They may include; self-priority of governing leadership, their corrupt activities with zero accountability and weak foreign policies. Moreover, the reasons why Pakistan is still a dream do not end only on political aspects. The economic factors have a vital significance as well. Inflation, unemployment, external loans, inefficient industries, and resources are a few of the factors. Addition to this, Pakistan faces social challenges, i.e., starting from unfocused educational sector, uncreative tech-innovations, ignored infrastructure to denying women

equal rights and overall health-field
mismanagement. But every cloud has a
silver lining. This dream can be achieved
by taking all the possibilities of
development into action. Some of the
remedies are to improve governance
interests and international policies, educating
women and men with advance skills, disinflation,
employments, and balancing wealth. Thus, covering
the hurdles coming in the way of
development of Pakistan would fulfill the
dream by turning it into an achieved
reality.

- 230 Words

