

Rural-Urban Divide in Pakistan and its Consequences

Outline

(1) Introduction

Thesis Statement: Pakistan is suffering from rural-urban divide due to economic, political, and infrastructural disparities. This divide poses existential threat to human development, economic sustainability, and national prosperity. There is a dire need to bridge this gap by paying due attention to both areas. (42 words)

(2) How Rural-Urban divide is a challenge to Pakistan's demography

(3) Causes of Rural-Urban divide in Pakistan

- (a) Incapable local governance system especially in rural areas
- (b) Discrimination in resources and budget allocation
- (c) Disparities in economic and employment opportunities
- (d) Stark contrast in social values and traditions
- (e) Lack of transportation and communication infrastructure in rural areas.

(4) Consequences faced by Pakistan due to Rural-Urban divide

- (a) Rapid urbanization leads to urban sprawl and population mismanagement
- (b) Rural-urban divide results in political instability
- (c) Rural-urban divide a threat to national integrity
- (d) Poor economic growth due to lack of connection

Date

between rural resources and urban market

(e) Lack of consensus on important national issues due to difference in interests

(f) Reluctance from rural areas to adopt modern solutions of problems

(g) Agriculture sector's inability to leverage its resources due to technological backwardness

(5) Bridging the Rural-urban gap in Pakistan

(a) Capacity building of rural local governance system to ensure public service delivery

(b) Just allocation of resources and budget between cities and rural areas

(c) Encouraging entrepreneurship in rural areas to combat economic issues

(d) Inducing sense of unity through effective religious and political leadership

(e) Enhancing connection between rural and urban areas by improving infrastructure

(6) Conclusion