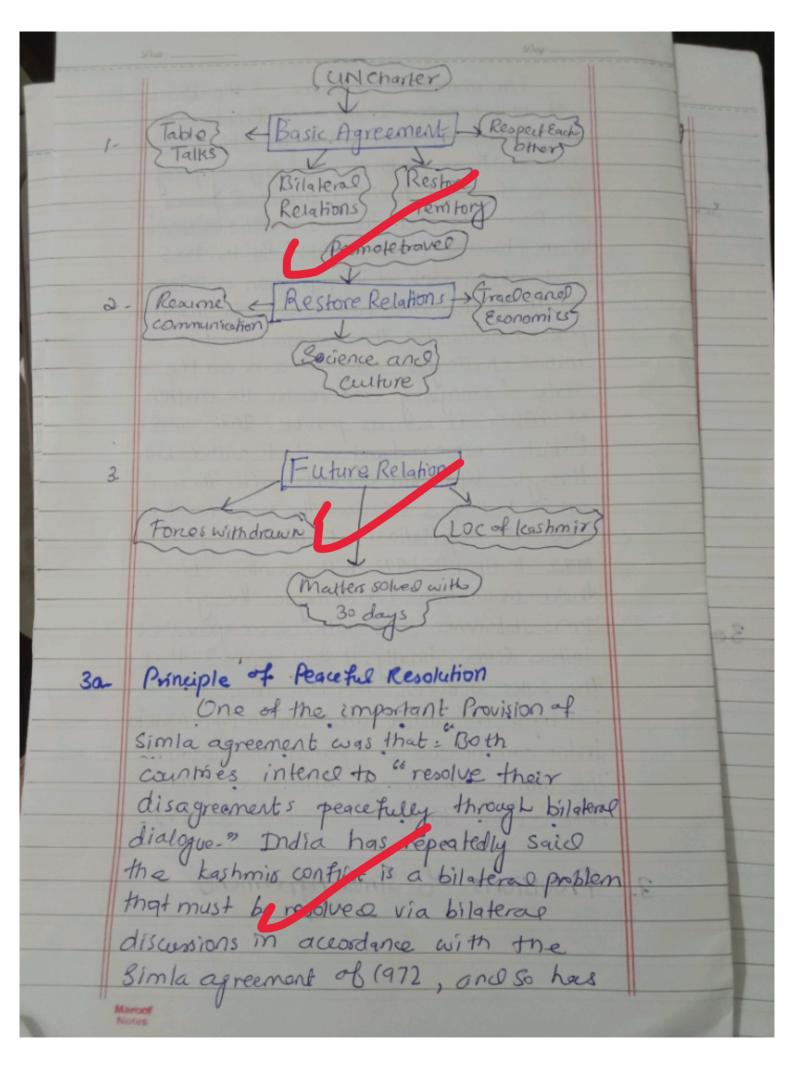
Q. What are the major provisions of simila Agreement (1972) between Pakistan and India? Howir was helpful for establishment of durable peace in the region? 1- Introduction Several Provisions, despite multiple Problems, have been signed between Pakistan and Inclia on 2nd July 1972 known as the Simla Agreement. However, the major Bovisions in the agreement are mainly the somement of differences through bilateral agreements and the imposition of a ban on the unilateral alteration of the line of control in Jammy and kashmir It is an evident fact that it has not only compensation for the war of 1971 but also promotes diplomatic lations between the concerned & les & large Entento Adding more to it, the agreement has helped the nations in the establishment of peace through the maintanance of communications, along with the pohibition of the propaganda was against one another, and withdrawl of forces from otherstalls. Thus the Simla accord holds great importance in the establishment of peace in both axinhies 2. Historical Backgrounce

The immediate outcome of the war of 1971 between India and Pakistan was the change of Government in Pakistan and Zulfigar. Ali Bhutton the majority purty leader of west Pakist assumed power on December 1971 The war of 1971 resultedin dismemberment of Fast Pakistan Pakistan hace lost almost sy-1- of its population and 93,000 of 11s soldiers and civilians were in Indian possession. Therefore, the new government's initial challenges were to come out the State of emergency and resolve the matter of POW's as soon or possible. India and Pakistan were indirect contact with eachotha through diplomatic channels after the war and both has realized the need to enter into the negotiations. From January 12, 1972 to April 30 1972 both Dunhies showed their inclination for talogue through press statements and talks were opened at initial level . Finally, it was agreed that the talks between Pakistoni President Zulfigar Ali Bhulto and Indian Prime Minister Indra Gandhi would open on June 28,1972 The Simla agreement conference was heles from June 28 to July 2, 1972

3. Provisions of Simla Agreement



that of United Nations. 36. Respect for Temporial Dilegity and Soveraignty: The ceastive line of 17 December 1971 was changed into the line of control (LOC) between Dalia and Pakiston, and it was agreed that 66 Neither party should seek to alterit unile erally , regardless of mutual digutes and legal interpretations? So, according to the agreement, both agreed to respect the line of control between . Jamme and . Icashmir - Maintaining the inviolability of the Line of control in Jammu and leashmir is essential to achieving lasting pear between India and Pakistan and is a ondition that must met before peace can be achieved 30-3c. Abiding by the Principles of an Charler: The principles and purposes of the United Nations Charter were affirmed as guiding principle in their bilateral relations. In accordano with the Charles of the United Nations, they sees refrain from the threat or use of forces against territorial integrity or political independence of Eachothers and the basic issues and courses of confirst which have bedevilled the relations between the two countries for

the last 25 years shall be resolved by peaceful meanssol Restoration of relations between two countries In order to progressively restore and normalize the relations between the two countries step of step, it was agreed that Sys shall be taken to resume communications, postal, telegraphic, 3. sea, land including border posts, travel facilities for nationals of the other wunties and exchange in the fields of sience and citize will be promoted In this connation, delegations from the two countries will meet from time to time to work out necessary details-30-3e Future Prospects discussed in the Agreement Both Governments agreed that their heads will meat again at a mutually convenient time in the future and that in the meanwhile, the representatives of two sides will meet to discuss arrangements for the establishment of durable peace and normalization of relations, including questions of prisoners of wor and Einilian internees, a final settlement of Jamme and kashmis and resumption of diplomatic relations. 65 The withdrawl shall commence upon entry into forces of this agreement

and shall be completed within period of 30days thereafter. Outcome of Simla Agreement on peace andstability The simila Agreement was critically important for the establishment of durable pour and stability in the states of Pakiston and India. The agreement ensured the Stoppar the propagancla war against eachother as propaganola is a major cause of instability both socially and politically. And the withdrawn of forces from the couptures areas is another step towards to establishment of peace in the region, for the maintenance of peace and simility of a nation is only possible in the absence of foreigners-Thus, the simla agreement is helpfur for the maintenance of peace in both Pakislan and India. Discuss the second part of the 5. Condusianswer separately in detail In a nutshell, The Simla Agreement of 1972, signed between Pakiston and India, aimed to establish principles of muhios relations and to sottle disputes to owing the Indo-Pationi wor of 1971. While it did contribute to a temporary relation in hostilities and set the framework for resolving conflicts through

(Table	Short answer	
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	Simila rigreement as assignificant	
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