	Disurs-Me Significance of renewable energy resources
	for Palaistan
	Visit in the California California California
	NTRO DUCTIONS
	- 1 - Pakistan since the late and early 90's
4	has been facing an energy crisis. This crisis is exacerbated
$\parallel$	by the area-gravity population and aities untus. Today
$\parallel$	more people time in cities than they did is the qui.
$\ $	Similarly, a rise in wealt / per-capita mome lead
$\ $	to many people shifting from the wilages to the
$\parallel$	cities with the styl from rural areas to whore centras
$\parallel$	the cities resources got strained and most of all the
1	supply network of another utilities got strained.
1	Elichicity supply was already low and now become
	parts experience 10- 12 hrs of ontages-while ringes
	experience 12 - 16 hrs. Pakistan has alot of potential
	of derticity generation though renewable sources.
4	of derticity generation though renewable sources. Fill 1998, Paliston's major share of electricity was
4	bely modiced by the energy today close to 30%
4	B being produced by hydel energy (world Bank)
4	Tartisque cas in the sext-regions for hyper
+	generation, solar energy production, and and other sources of energy production.
$\parallel$	other sources of energy production.
+	n
1	KENEWABLE VS. NON-RENEWABLE
1	
t	Energy Sources Energy Sources  These are the sources - these are those sources
	of energy that can which are demited
	be used again and in nature and once
I	again without the Jear used cannot be

	of 84 being depleted replenished.
->	Prominent Examples -> toménent Examples au
	are Wind, hydel, tidal, Oil, Coal, Natural Gas
	Rober involver etc. and etc.
	0 $0$ $0$
	SIGNIFICANCE OF KENEWABLE ENERGY
	SIGNIFICANCE OF RENEWABLE ENERGY Sources FOR PAKISTAN
	Sources FOR FAKISTAN
•	
	Corrent Energy Scenarios
	Pakistan's current generation according to
	The Economic Survey is gluen belows
aller and the second	110 - 10 - 110 - 110
	herma 48.57 4.
-	18.65 %
	Renewable/others 4.66%
	Wied Color Rosesse
	and others)
	Total Generation 41,517 MW
	Total Generation 41,517 MW
	(Economic Survey)
	(Economic Survey) of Pahistan
	7013-24
	However, all of this is not providing any benefit to
	downstream consumer. Due to Constraints in the frame nission
	and distribution system, pileferage in the network
	and so on.
The second	

## TYPES OF RENEWABLE ENERY SOURCES CURRENTLY OPERATIONAL AND UNSER Hyde I Energy: Pakistan has alst of hydre energy I Polistan suits hydre two biggest operational dams in Palistan are Mangle and tarbela ouch with a capacity of such a 2000Mis. Moreover small scale non-of-the rue projects are being constructed in the upper north un arreas of the country. The most prominent of whech are entisted below Suki-kinari Hydro Power Project CHPP 4 90 MW Kaulot HPP ~ 770 MW Kohala HPP n 110 mas Diamer-Basha HPP n 450 m and other small dame Pakistan is at the best solar angle for solar energy production. with an average \$300 days outen year sunny and these conditions make st perfect for edu energy production. Prominent projects are the 1000MW Quaide Azam Solar Pate, Bhawal purped another 2000mo Solar Bookerusy projects have been approved by the government. Moreover, according of the National Solar Brusy Policy, The government aims to generate 10,000mm of solar energy. of solar panels have till least may-24).

	MODEL YEAR STANDARD BURNEY WAS A STANDARD OF THE STANDARD OF T
	Not asked, so no need to discuss
	this part in detail
e)	
C)	Wind Energys
	Nature has blessed lateran with
	Sufficient material resource. One of which is a wind
(Peyer such	corridors and using that coordor to har ess energy.
	Palistan has corrently developed 1 wild comidor-
-	Thimper wind comidor Projects are being on on public-
	private and completely populate barris. The menemum
	amount of (production) a stryle projectic 50-100Mio.
	The total production of the wind conidor is above
	2000MW awarding the Economic Survey. Some princent
	projects are
<u>a</u> )	UEP wend power project -150 MW
b)	Metro /Master wind Aroject - Somo
<u> </u>	MASDA werd Project - Some
	0
	SIGNIFICANCE OF RENEWABLE ENERGY
	L O
	FOR PAKISTANO
	- A
	English to the second of the s
a)	Economie/Manufary Releif From Buying
	Economie/Monetary Releif From Buying Imported fossil Fuels
	Apart from those running on local fossil fuels, Palistan
	imported Residual Fuel Oil (RFO) that was ned to non
	Jossil Buels plant. Moreover, coal Falso imported torum
	power plants. These in out or a burden on the national
	exchequeu.
6)	Energy Independency and Security
	Through renewables energy project, Palistan can gravestee
	Through renewables energy project, Palistan can graventee its energy security and independence with respect to
-	
	30 7

Add and highlight  references/examples against  enthese dair yum enter in ukraine kan shown	
That dependence of a concey on another for energy	
can lead to severe problems, if relations tim sour.	
an the st severe progerita, if velocions and seems	
D) Miligating Climate Change and Environmental	?
Impact o	
Achistan is considered the oth most at-rick country	
of commate change. By lowering our causon footprint, we	
can ensure that the effects of mate change are	
managed and mitigated or creases these projects with	
tead to decarbonization of the country's energy supply and	
will add to the carbon credit kept with the IMF/wk.	
d) Job Creation &	
In a country where unemployment is in double difits.	
These projects provide an opportraity for people so	
get employed. On anyone of mere projects, thousands	
are employed and any Their bread and butter	
through them.	
e) Prospects of Energy Tradet	
The minimum de	scription
As the matel of the CASA-1000 projulia de autorio no	chould
with its neighbours tougy deficient counties sike	SHOUIU
6) Economic Benefits through greater capacity	
	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
Greater Topacity means the total out of electricity of all	
et be at lown. Renewables have a whealty & sew	
operations cost-because their fuel is free (wind, solar, hydre)	
whereas, conventional tels have higher numing costs dos	
the works of the Juston to be Jactored in the	
calulation/faity rate.	
	2.4

<b>g</b> )	Political Significance and mileage
	Infrastructure projects are source of particul milege
No. 274	and capolal in the country. They are major reason why
	governments wish to start any wish them in their
	terms. These projects somme significant milege and
	cepilal to the governments.
<u>h)</u>	Societies and this uptift more possible?
	Through better and localized sources of energy; par-fling
	commanities can ensure their a gy suppry. Roof to ps
	Solar panels and mini- hypopower projects can help
-	a community proces Many communities have
	adopted de-centalized energy system and are upuryton
	Add more arguments in this part
	CHALLENGES / WAY FORWARD FOR PAKISTAN
	WHILE ADOPTING RENEWABLE
	ENERGY
41	The control of the co
<u>a</u> )	Lack of Financing on the Government's
	These projects orgaine massive amounts of financing.
	Unfortunally, the governments of the day do or possess
	Such financing. Even the Chinese has stried away
	from Janariy as the political termoil body has impacted
	providing the country's perception.
A PARTY AND A	

Improve the structure, references, paper presentation and the relevance part Supply Constraints hampa indusion projects Palistan has a peak consumption close to 31000 Mw that to reached on thingle day transmission and dishibution ocheap and indigenous if it cannot be supplied throughout the country. Power Theft and Pilperage cause huge So This is a chronic issue on it has play electricity network some people have used alternatives meter as use literally without payry for it. By day so, it can druge losses to the governments. d) Regulatory Francusorks and Market Norm are and better dividends for the youerments. In conclusion, Palistan has alot of re waste electricity. Currently add above toposome in the para of mas energy security/independence made curio gains from electricity it sells and enable growth of the a continous supply of nd meapensive electricity.