



EXAMINATION 1972

Up to a point the Second German War resembled the first. Each began with a German bid for power which almost succeeded in spite of the opposition of France and Great Britain. In each the United States came to the rescue after year of neutrality. Each ended with a German defeat. But the differences were easier to see than the resemblances. The powers were differently grouped: Italy and Japan were on the German side, Russia was neutral until the Germans attacked across what had been, to begin with, Poland and Baltic States. The second war lasted even longer than the other. It pressed harder on the civilian population. After a period of restraint, perhaps, intended to conciliate American opinion, both sides dropped bombs from the air, without respect for the nature of the targets, wherever the officers concerned expected to cause the greatest effect. In Great Britain 60,000 civilians were killed. Though the Island was not invaded, the population was more directly involved than it was in any former war. Children and others were evacuated from towns into the country. Food supplies ran so short that, at the worst, even potatoes were rationed. Of all the states opposed to Germany, Great Britain was the only one which fought throughout the war. The resources of the nation were concentrated in the war effort more completely than those of any other nation on either side. Labour for women as well as men, became compulsory. Nevertheless, once the war reached its full severity in the west, eight months after it was declared, there was less disunion between classes and interests than in any other five years within living memory. Fighting spread all over the world. The Pacific was as vital a theatre as Europe. Scientists, especially Physicists, made revolutionary discoveries during the war, not only in the fields of weapons and defence against them, but in supply, transport, and control in action. Strange to say the fight services suffered fewer casualties than in 1914-18: 300,000 of the armed forces and 35,000 of the navy were killed. There was nothing like the trench warfare of former war, though there was almost every other sort of warfare, from mechanized war of movement in the North African desert to hand to hand jungle fighting in Burma. Both sides experimented and built up stocks for gas warfare and biological warfare, but neither side used them. (George Clark)

title is too long

Title: Distinctions Between the First And Second German

Day: _____

Date: _____

Way

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this sentence is not in complete meaning

There were partial similarities between the second and first German war due to the German's year for power, the US intervention, and ending of the wars with the German defeat.

But the conspicuousness of distinctions related to power distributions were evident. The lengthy duration and civilians' involvement in the war underscored the distinctness. Due to the consistent involvement of the UK throughout the war, it was severely affected. Death of food supplies, and resource consumption was amplified. The class conflict was significantly diminished. The battling disseminated in the world. Discoveries in ammunition, transportation, and control fields were rampant. There were few fatalities. Every tactic from physical to mechanized fighting was displayed. Both sides had repositories of biological and gas warfare stocks but never utilized them.

dear student main idea is picked but there is alot of difficult vocab used in the precis
precis is supposed to be in simple words not in difficult vocab
replace all the circled words with simple ones

Total words: 371

Precis : 125

basic sentence structure needs improvement
opening sentence is not satisfactory
need improvement
6/20