

Final Draft

Objectives of an efficient Organization. (Title with Marker)

Wants of people should define objectives of an organization. ~~Such as~~ Industrial Organizations, City Commissions and Highway Commissions conduct surveys for determination of appropriate projects. Organizations are formed for utility and their success depends upon the appropriateness of their tasks. Their acts bring some purposeful physical changes in environment. Utility through distribution helps cooperative system to endure. Before industrial revolution, there existed small-simple single owner managed enterprises with single decision maker. Industrial revolution gave rise to hierarchical organizations with defined work. These defined works contribute to the efficiency of organization. Efficiency is defined here as overall contribution and result ratio. Management divides work and in end it is expected that one may get more than he contributes.

79

words 108

Do not repeat the list. Just give its gist.

PRÉCIS**Central Superior Services Examination (CSS) 1982****Passage.**

Objectives pursued by, organizations should be directed to the satisfaction of demands resulting from the wants of mankind. Therefore, the determination of appropriate objectives for organized activity must be preceded by an effort to determine precisely what their wants are. Industrial organizations conduct market studies to learn what consumer goods should be produced. City Commissions make surveys to ascertain what civic projects would be of most benefit. Highway Commissions conduct traffic counts to learn what constructive programmes should be undertaken. Organizations come into being as a means for creating and exchanging utility. Their success is dependent upon the appropriateness of the series of acts contributed to the system. The majority of these acts is purposeful, that is, they are directed to the accomplishment of some objective. These acts are physical in nature and find purposeful employment in the alteration of the physical environment. As a result utility is created, which, through the process of distribution, makes it possible for the cooperative system to endure. Before the Industrial Revolution most cooperative activity was accomplished in small owner-managed enterprises, usually with a single decision maker and simple organizational objectives. Increased technology and the growth of industrial organizations made necessary the establishment of a hierarchy of objectives. This, in turn, required a division of the management, function until today a hierarchy of decision maker exists in most organizations. The effective pursuit of appropriate objectives contributes directly the organizational efficiency. As used here efficiency is a measure of the want satisfying power of the cooperative system as a whole. Thus efficiency is the summation of utilities received from the organisation divided by the utilities given to the organisation, as subjectively evaluated by each contributor. The function of the management process is the delineation of organizational objectives and the coordination of activity towards the accomplishment of these objectives. The system of coordinated activities must be maintained so that each contributor, including the manager, gains more than he contributes.